#### **REPUBLIC OF KENYA**

**GOVERNMENT OF MAKUENI COUNTY** 





## **COUNTY TREASURY**

#### COUNTY BUDGET REVIEW AND OUTLOOK PAPER (CBROP) - 2022

Theme

"Enhancing efficiency for economic growth and community resilience"

**SEPTEMBER 2022** 

## FOREWORD

The Makueni County Budget Review and Outlook Paper (CBROP) is prepared in accordance with section 118 of the Public Finance Management Act, 2012. The CBROP, reviews FY 2021/22 budget performance and provides the development outlook for FY 2023/24. It also highlights the recent economic and financial projections that will guide the development of budget proposals for the FY 2023/24 fiscal year and the medium term.

The *FY 2023/24 Medium-Term Expenditure Framework* will be guided by the development philosophy of *Wauni wa Kwika Nesa na Ulungalu*" – the desire to do good with integrity. With a rallying call for "**Our people, our Priority**". The development theme for the Financial Year will be '*Enhancing efficiency for economic growth and community resilience*' and will be guided by the following principles; infrastructure development for rural and urban areas to improve access to roads, water and sanitation; strengthening cooperatives as vehicle for rural transformation; improving access to universal health coverage; automation of government services; youth empowerment and innovation; strengthening public finance management and public sector transformation for performance oriented results and decentralized government services.

The FY 2023/24 budget is projected to increase from Kshs 9,832,783,562.00 in FY 2022/23 to Kshs 9,889,411,181.62 representing a 1 per cent growth. The budget will be funded from four main sources namely; equitable share (83%), Conditional Allocations (3%), loans and Grants (5%) and Own Source revenue at (9%). The Recurrent expenditure is projected to be Kshs 6,792,046,086.87 (69%) whereas the Development Expenditure is projected to be Kshs 3,097,365,094.75 representing 31% of the total County Budget.

The FY 2023/24 will be the first budget to implement the third generation CIDP 2023-2027. Over the medium term, the Government will focus its development strategy to funding high-impact projects that are outcome-oriented both at the Headquarters and ward. The County will also enhance its resource mobilization strategies to fund the prioritized development goals and priorities. The Government is committed towards enhancing its service delivery mechanisms, to ensure services offered are responsive to the needs of the citizenry.

I call upon all sectors to adhere to the sector ceilings, and the deadlines provided in the budget circular to facilitate the finalization and appropriation for the FY 2023/24 Budget.

#### MARY KIMANZI EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBER–FINANCE AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC PLANNING, AND HEAD OF COUNTY TREASURY

### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The 2022 County Budget Review and Outlook Paper, highlights key interventions and outputs to be implemented in the FY 2023/24 and the medium term. These interventions will guide the preparation of FY 2023/24 Budget.

The compilation of the CBROP, 2022 was a coordinated effort of all sectors who provided valuable and credible departmental information for the preparation of the paper. We value their contributions to this noble course that is an essential step in the preparation of the County Fiscal Strategy Paper CFSP 2023 and subsequently the FY 2023/24 budget. Exceptional gratitude goes to the Executive Office of the Governor and Deputy Governor, the County Secretary, the County Executive Committee Members, Chief Officers, County Directors and other county entities who offered their support during the preparation of this document.

I thank the Directorate of Budget and Expenditure and Directorate of Socio Economic Planning for overseeing and ensuring timely consolidation and submission of the CBROP. Their immeasurable effort and commitment contributed to the fruitful conclusion of the CBROP, 2022.

Finally, I am indebted to express my sincere gratitude to the Sector Working Groups (SWGs) and technical officers for their invaluable contribution and input to the document. We will continuously strengthen the Sectors as key drivers towards enhancing cross sector linkages and enhancing a one government approach in development.

Going forward, all sector chairs are asked to coordinate their respective sectors to refine their programs and subsequently prepare the Sector Working Group reports that will facilitate the preparation of the 2023 County Fiscal Strategy Paper which will set the budget ceilings for FY 2023/24.

#### ELIUD MUNYAO CHIEF OFFICER SOCIO-ECONOMIC PLANNING BUDGETING AND REVENUE

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## ABBREVIATIONS AND ACRONYMS

AIA	Appropriation In Aid
ANC	Antenatal Care
CBROP	County Budget Review and Outlook Paper
CFSP	County Fiscal Strategy Paper
CHUs	Community Health Units
C-LIMS	County Lands Information Management Systems
CTTI	County Technical Training Institutes
DTF	Decentralized Treatment Facility
EA	Environmental Assessment
ECDE	Early Childhood Development Education
EDAMS	Electronic Development Application Management System
EIA	Environmental Impact Assessment
FIF	Facility Improvement Fees
FMD	Foot and Mouth Disease
GCP	Gross County Product
GDP	Gross Domestic Product
GOMC	Government of Makueni County
На	Hectares
ICT	Information, Communication Technology
IDA	International Development Association
IEC	Information, Education and Communication
IFAS	Iron Folic Acid Supplementation
KeNHA	Kenya National Highways Authority
KeRRA	Kenya Rural Roads Authority
KURA	Kenya Urban Roads Authority
KUSP	Kenya Urban Support Program
LPG	Liquefied Petroleum Gas
MARUWAB	Makueni Rural Water Board
MSME	Medium and Small Scale Enterprises
MT	Metric Tonnes
MTEF	Medium Term Expenditure Framework
NARIGP	National Agricultural and Rural Inclusive Growth Project
NCDs	Non-Communicable Diseases
NHIF	National Health Insurance Fund
NLC	National Lands Commission
O&M	Operations and Maintenance
ODF	Open Defecation Free
OSR	Own Source Revenue
PPP	Private Public Partnerships
SDGs	Sustainable Development Goals
UHC	Universal Healthcare
VAT	Value Added Tax
WRA	Women of Reproductive Age

### **CHAPTER ONE:INTRODUCTION**

#### 1.1 Background

- 1. The Budget Review and Outlook Paper (BROP) is prepared according to the provisions of Section 118 of the Public Finance Management Act (PFMA), 2012. The provisions state that:
  - a. A County Treasury shall
    - i. Prepare a County Budget Review and Outlook Paper in respect of the County for each financial year; and
    - ii. Submit the paper to the County Executive Committee by 30<sup>th</sup> September of that year.
  - b. In preparing its County Budget Review and Outlook Paper, the County Treasury shall specify
    - i. The details of the actual fiscal performance in the previous year, compared with the budget appropriation for that year;
    - ii. The updated economic and financial forecasts with sufficient information, to show changes from the forecasts in the most recent County Fiscal Strategy Paper;
    - iii. Information on— Any changes in the forecasts compared with the County Fiscal Strategy Paper; or how actual financial performance for the previous financial year may have affected compliance with the fiscal responsibility principles, or the financial objectives in the County Fiscal Strategy Paper for that financial year; and
    - iv. Reasons for any deviation from the financial objectives in the County Fiscal Strategy Paper, as well as proposals that address the deviation and the time estimated for doing so.
  - c. The County Executive Committee shall consider the County Budget Review and Outlook Paper, to approve it, with or without amendments, within fourteen days after its submission.
  - d. Not later than seven days after the County Budget Review and Outlook Paper is approved by the County Executive Committee, the County Treasury shall
    - i. Arrange for the Paper to be laid before the County Assembly; and
    - ii. As soon as practicable after having done so, publish and publicize the Paper.

#### 1.2 The Objective of 2022 CBROP

- 2. The 2022 County Budget Review and Outlook Paper (CBROP) provides a review of fiscal performance for the FY 2021/22 and how this performance impacts on the financial objectives and fiscal responsibility principles set out in the 2021 County Fiscal Strategy Paper (CFSP). The CBROP further provides;
  - a. Details of the actual fiscal performance of the previous year, in comparison to the budget appropriation for that year;
  - b. Updated economic and financial forecasts;
  - c. Information on any changes in the forecasts compared with that years' County Fiscal Strategy Paper;
  - d. Reasons for any deviation from the financial objectives in the County Fiscal Strategy Paper;
  - e. Broad development outlook for FY 2023/24 and;
  - f. Indicative sector ceilings for FY 2023/24.

## CHAPTER TWO: REVIEW OF FISCAL PERFORMANCE IN 2021/22 FINANCIAL YEAR

This chapter presents an analysis of policy changes in the 2021 CFSP and FY 2021/22 budget and its implications in the county development. It also reviews fiscal and sectoral performance for the FY 2021/22.

## 2.1 Analysis of 2021 CFSP against the FY 2021/22 Budget and the Implication in the County

3. The FY 2021/22 Printed Budget estimates recorded a 3 percent positive deviation from the ceilings set in the 2021 CFSP. This was occasioned by changes in projected revenues which implied a corresponding increase in the expected outputs for the Financial Year. Over the medium term, the Government has enhanced its forecasting of revenues and expenditures to minimize deviations between the CFSP and the Budget. Table 1 summarizes comparison of key indicators of the CFSP 2021 and the FY 2021/22 printed budget estimates.

Table 1 : CFSP 2021	Projections and FY	2021/2022 Budget Estimates

Expenditure Item	2021 CFSP	2021/22 Printed	Variance
	Projections	Estimates	
Revenues			
Equitable share	8,132,783,562.00	8,132,783,562.00	0.00
Own Source Revenue	575,000,000.00	867,500,000.00	-292,500,000.00
Conditional allocations	153,297,872.00	153,297,872.00	0.00
Loans and grants	600,213,719.00	610,213,719.00	-10,000,000.00
Total Budget	9,461,295,153.00	9,763,795,153.00	-302,500,000.00
Expenditures			
Recurrent Total	6,572,440,779.34	6,744,801,648.04	-172,360,868.70
Operations and Maintenance	2,032,383,979.91	2,387,524,563.04	-355,140,583.13
Personnel Emoluments	4,540,056,799.43	4,357,277,085.00	182,779,714.43
Development Budget	2,888,854,373.66	3,018,993,504.96	-130,139,131.30
Total	9,461,295,153.00	9,763,795,153.00	-302,500,000.00
Percentage share of personnel emoluments	48%	45%	-60%
Percentage share of Operations and Maintenance	21%	24%	117%
Percentage share of own source revenue	6%	9%	97%
Percentage share of recurrent to budget	69%	69%	57%
Percentage share of Development Budget	31%	31%	43%

- 4. The equitable share projection in the FY 2021/22 printed estimates was equivalent to the amount provided for in the CFSP. Own Source Revenue (OSR) was revised upwards to Kshs 867,500,000.00 from Ksh 575,000,000.00 projected in the CFSP 2021. The increase was occasioned by realignment of the projected revenues from the main revenue streams based on performance up to third quarter of FY 2020/21.
- 5. The projected conditional allocations were constant at Kshs 153,297,872.00 whereas allocations for loans and grants increased by Kshs 10,000,000.00. The increase was attributed by the extra allocation for Nutritional International grant.

- 6. The proportion of projected staff emoluments in the CFSP reduced from 48 percent to 45 percent in the printed budget estimates after rationalizing the proposed pending gratuities for staff.
- 7. In the year, the County has enhanced its fiscal responsibility principles as outlined in PFM Act section 107. The Government has ensured the budget is balanced and the recurrent expenditure does not exceed the county government total revenue. Additionally, the County has ensured 31 percent has been allocated towards development expenditure against the target of 30%. The County has no debt but is however grappling with high wage bill of 45 percent against the 35 percent set in the PFM. The Government is committed towards addressing the high wage bill by restricting new employments and increasing the county resource basket.

#### 2.2 CFSP sectoral ceilings Compared with the Printed Budget Estimates 2021/22

8. The printed budget estimates for FY 2021/22, had an overall variance of positive 3 percent from the Ceilings set in the CFSP. The largest variance was recorded in the Agriculture and Rural Development sector at (46%). The allocation for the sector increased from the Kshs 726,253,255.61 set in the CFSP to Kshs 1,060,320,153.92. This was attributed by the introduction of the IDA (World Bank) credit National Agricultural and Rural Inclusive Growth Project (NARIGP) loans and grants initially budgeted under the PAIR sector. The Energy, Infrastructure and ICT recorded the least variance of 3 percent as detailed in figure 1.

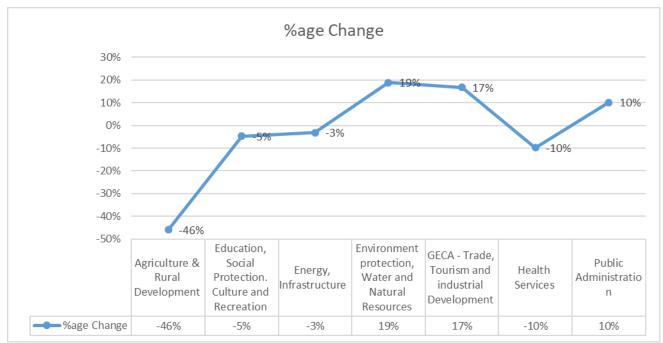


Figure 1: Sectoral analysis of variance between CFSP Ceilings and Budget estimates *Source: The County Treasury* 

9. Other sectors recorded variances as a result of increase in the projected revenues for the year 2021/22 and effecting the final prioritized community level development projects as prioritized in the ward levels as detailed in Table 2 below.

Sector	CFSP Ceiling	Printed Budget	Variance	%age
		Estimates		Change
Agriculture & Rural Development	726,253,255.61	1,060,320,153.92	(334,066,898.31)	-46%
Education, Social Protection. Culture and Recreation	766,636,315.43	802,518,743.08	(35,882,427.65)	-5%
Energy, Infrastructure	716,024,474.99	738,609,917.52	(22,585,442.53)	-3%
Environment protection, Water and Natural Resources	709,707,032.24	575,624,782.24	134,082,250.00	19%
GECA - Trade, Tourism and industrial Development	102,858,471.40	85,616,093.69	17,242,377.71	17%
Health Services	3,578,470,485.48	3,928,146,960.55	(349,676,475.07)	-10%
Public Administration	2,861,345,117.87	2,572,958,502.02	288,386,615.85	10%
Total	9,461,295,153.02	9,763,795,153.00	-302,499,999.98	

Table 2: CFSP Ceilings and Printed Budget Estimates

Source: The County Treasury

10. The County will continuously enhance its revenue projection models and restructuring the participatory budgeting process to ensure the budget is prepared as per the ceilings and objectives set in the CFSP.

#### 2.3 Financial Year 2021/22 Fiscal Performance

#### 2.3.1 Deviations from the Original and Revised Budget Estimates

11. The County Government had an original budget of Kshs 9,763,795,153.00 which was revised upwards to Kshs 11,544,836,717.43 representing an 18 percent increase. The increase was as a result of the introduction of FY 2020/21 reallocation funds and alignment of projected own source revenues and loans and grants. The budget was comprised of recurrent budget Kshs 7,269,884,132.55 (63%) and development budget of Kshs 4,274,952,584.88 (37%). Table 3, presents the deviations from printed estimates and revised estimates.

Expenditure Item	2021/22 Printed Estimates	2021/22 Revised Budget Estimates 2	Variance	
Revenues				
Equitable share	8,132,783,562.00	8,132,783,562.00	0.00	
Own Source Revenue	867,500,000.00	1,091,306,710.00	-223,806,710.00	
Conditional allocations	153,297,872.00	153,297,872.00	0.00	
Loans and grants	610,213,719.00	665,775,322.00	-55,561,603.00	
FY 2020/21 Reallocation Funds		1,501,673,251.43	-1,501,673,251.43	
Total Budget	9,763,795,153.00	11,544,836,717.43	-1,781,041,564.43	
Expenditures				
Recurrent Total	6,744,801,648.04	7,269,884,132.55	-525,082,484.51	
Operations and Maintenance	2,387,524,563.04	2,912,607,037.55	-525,082,474.51	
Personnel Emoluments	4,357,277,085.00	4,357,277,094.99	-10.00	
Development Budget	3,018,993,504.96	4,274,952,584.88	-1,255,959,079.93	
Total	9,763,795,153.00	11,544,836,717.43	-1,781,041,564.43	
Percentage share of personnel emoluments	45%	38%	0%	
Percentage share of Operations and	24%	25%	29%	
Maintenance				
Percentage share of own source revenue	9%	9%	13%	
Percentage share of recurrent to budget	69%	63%	29%	
Percentage share of Development Budget	31%	37%	71%	

Table 3 : FY 2021/2022 Printed Budget Estimates and Revised Budget Estimates

#### 2.3.2 FY 2021/22 Revenue Performance

12. The FY 2021/22 Revised Budget 2 was funded from four main sources namely; Equitable share – Kshs 8,132,783,562.00 (70%), FY 2020/21 Reallocation funds – Kshs 1,501,673,251.43 (13%), Own Source Revenue – Kshs 1,091,306,710.00 (10%) and conditional allocations loans and grants – Kshs 819,073,194.00 (7%). The overall revenue performance for FY 2021/22 was 94 Per cent (Kshs 10,882,719,599.60) out of the total budgeted revenues of Kshs 11,544,836,717.43. The performance reduced by 1 percent compared to the 95 percent recorded in FY 2020/21. Table 4 and 5 presents the fiscal performance for FY 2021/22 and a comparison on actual revenues for FY 2019/20-FY 2021/22.

Revenue Source	Annual Revenue Allocation (in Kshs)	Actual Receipts	Budget Balance	Performance (%)
Equitable share	8,132,783,562.00	8,132,783,562.00	0	100%
Conditional allocations	153,297,872.00	0	153,297,872.00	0%
Loans and Grants	665,775,322.00	498,856,279.20	166,919,042.80	75%
Sub total	8,951,856,756.00	8,631,639,841.20	320,216,914.80	96%
County generated revenue	1,091,306,710.00	749,406,507.40	341,900,202.62	69%
Sub Total	10,043,163,466.00	9,381,046,348.60	662,117,117.42	93%
FY 2020/21 Reallocation Funds	1,501,673,251.43	1,501,673,251.00	0	100%
Total Revenues	11,544,836,717.43	10,882,719,599.60	662,117,117.42	94%

Table 4: Fiscal Performance for the FY 2021/22 (Kshs. Millions)

Source: The County Treasury

Sources	FY 2019/20	FY 2020/21	FY 2021/22	FY 2021/22	change -	% age
	Actuals	2020/21 Actuals	Budgeted	Actuals	2020/21 Vs 21/22	change
Equitable share	6,769.18	7,464.93	8,132.78	8,132.78	-667.85	-9%
Conditional allocations	290	424.4	153.30	0.00	424.40	100%
Other loans and grants	800.63	759.6	665.78	498.86	260.74	34%
Own Source Revenue	435.58	527.5	1,091.31	749.41	-221.91	-42%
Total	8,295.39	9,176.43	10,043.16	9,381.05	-204.62	-2%

Source: County Treasury

13. There was a 2 percent increase in the absolute revenues realized in FY 2021/22 as compared to FY 2020/21. The increase was attributed to an increased allocation for equitable share from Kshs 7.46Bn in FY 2020/21 to Kshs 8.132Bn in FY 2021/22.

#### 2.3.3 Own Source revenues

14. The Own source revenue performance registered a growth of 44% from Kshs 521,102,374.05 recorded in FY 2020/21, to Kshs 749,406,507.38 in financial year 2021/22. The increase was attributed to collective efforts to enhance Own Source Revenue collection, increased surveillance, increased willingness of the populace to pay fees and enhancing reporting of all revenues collected by County government entities. The collection represented the highest collection over the period from FY 2012/13 – 2021/22. The revenues posted a marginal increase in all the quarters as highlighted in table 6 below.

Table 6: Own Source Revenue Performance FY 2012/13 – 2020/2021 per Quarter

tal Actual
01,189.00
87,741.00
69,267.00
53,585.00
73,500.10
04,226.70
02,071.85
39,455.75
27,340.99
06,507.38
5

Source: County Treasury

15. The County also recorded a steady growth in the amount of AIAs mobilized by various Departments and County Government entities. This is expected to be enhanced in the medium term to ensure entities are self-sufficient to fund their programs.



Figure 2: Annual Local Revenue Performance for FY 2013/14 – FY 2021/22 *Source: County Treasury* 

#### 2.3.4 Analysis by Revenue Streams

16. The revenue collected in the FY 2021/22 was raised from 32 revenue streams. NHIF Reimbursement, Single Business Permits /Application/Conservancy fees, Health FIF, Liquor License, Makueni Fruit Processing Plant, Sand Authority, BMT (Market Entrance), Parking, Public health, Development Approvals (registration, transfers, change and all other charges on land development) were the top ten Own Source Revenue performers in revenue collection. Table 7, presents FY 2021/22 Revenue performance per stream.

NO	SOURCES	TOTAL
1.	NHIF Reimbursement	222,808,472.64
2.	Single Business Permits /Application/Conservancy fees	129,103,310.00
3.	Health FIF	112,676,825.94
4.	Liquor License	37,212,400.00
5.	Makueni Fruit Processing Plant	36,173,135.00
6.	Sand Authority	33,141,738.00

Table 7: FY 2021/22 Performance per Streams

NO	SOURCES	TOTAL
7.	BMT (Market Entrance)	22,788,801.00
8.	Parking	22,288,952.00
9.	Public health	19,273,400.00
10.	Development Approvals(reg, transfers, change and all other charges	17,042,710.35
	on land development	
11.	Direct deposits for the FY 2021/2022	14,684,706.45
12.	Health UHC	14,665,375.00
13.	Agricultural Cess	13,031,577.00
14.	Advertisement & Wall Branding	12,050,690.00
15.	Livestock-Vet services	7,288,620.00
16.	Stock Market	7,282,552.00
17.	Plot Rates/Rent	6,462,285.00
18.	Renewal Fee(Kiosks)	4,655,350.00
19.	Stock Movement	3,705,045.00
20.	Agriculture- ATC	2,125,655.00
21.	Motor Veh/Cycle Reg	1,924,200.00
22.	Communication masts	1,893,000.00
23.	Building Materials cess	1,841,635.00
24.	Weights & Measures	1,490,013.00
25.	Stall Rent	781,400.00
26.	Water & Environment- Consent, Nema, mining, penalties	674,100.00
27.	Agriculture- Mechanization	585,590.00
28.	Fines and Penalties	581,019.00
29.	Hire of County Facilities/Equips/Gym	453,000.00
30.	Fire certificate	442,800.00
31.	Community Information Centres AIA	223,400.00
32.	Coop Audit services	54,750.00
33.	TOTAL OSR	749,406,507.38

Source: County Treasury

#### **2.3.5 Expenditure Performance**

17. The total expenditures for the Government for the year ending 30th June 2022 was Kshs 8,607,340,676.10 against a budget of Kshs 11,544,836,717.43. This represented an overall absorption of 75 percent a reduction from 79 percent recorded in FY 2020/21.

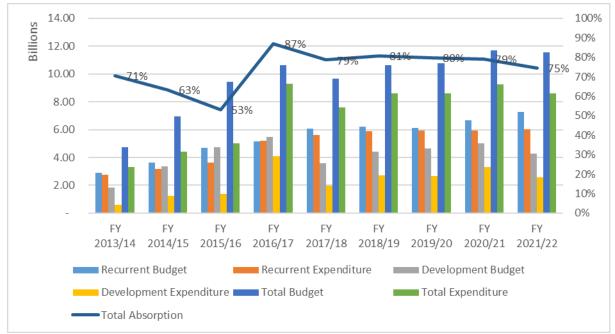


Figure 3: FY 2013/14 - FY 2021/22 Expenditure and absorption performance *Source: The County Treasury* 

- 18. The total county executive budget for the year under review was Kshs. 10,757,725,036.63 while the County Assembly budget amounted to Ksh. 787,111,680.80. The overall County executive expenditure for the period amounted to Ksh. 7,861,526,488.70 representing an underspending of Ksh. 2,896,198,547.93 equivalents to 27 per cent deviation from the revised budget. The County Assembly overall absorption was 95 Percent of the total allocated budget of Kshs 787,111,680.80.
- 19. Overall Recurrent expenditure for FY 2021/22 amounted to KSh. 6,027,822,646.95 representing an absorption rate of 83 per cent a reduction from the 89 percent recorded in FY 2020/21. The development expenditure amounted to KSh. 2,579,518,029.15 representing 60 per cent absorption rate. This was a 6 percent decline from the 66 percent recorded in FY 2020/21. Table 8 presents expenditure in FY 2021/2022 by economic classification.

Economic Classification	FY 2021/22 Revised	Expenditures as at	Vote balance	Absorption
	Budget 2	30 <sup>th</sup> June 2022		
	County	y Executive		
Salaries	3,993,532,191.35	3,405,719,721.15	587,812,470.20	85%
O&M	2,519,710,402.19	1,891,525,068.40	628,185,333.79	75%
Recurrent	6,513,242,593.55	5,297,244,789.55	1,215,997,804.00	81%
Development	4,244,482,443.08	2,564,281,699.15	1,680,200,743.93	60%
Sub Total	10,757,725,036.63	7,861,526,488.70	2,896,198,547.93	73%
	County	y Assembly		
Salaries	363,744,903.64	337,681,903.64	26,063,000.00	93%
O&M	392,896,635.36	392,895,953.76	681.60	100%
Recurrent	756,641,539.00	730,577,857.40	26,063,681.60	97%
Development	30,470,141.80	15,236,330.00	15,233,811.80	50%
Sub Total	787,111,680.80	745,814,187.40	41,297,493.40	95%

Table 8: Expenditure by Economic Classification FY 2021/22 amount in millions "000,000"

Total Budget						
Salaries	4,357,277,094.99	3,743,401,624.79	613,875,470.20	86%		
O&M	2,912,607,037.55	2,284,421,022.16	628,186,015.39	78%		
Recurrent	7,269,884,132.55	6,027,822,646.95	1,242,061,485.60	83%		
Development	4,274,952,584.88	2,579,518,029.15	1,695,434,555.73	60%		
Total Budget	11,544,836,717.43	8,607,340,676.10	2,937,496,041.33	75%		

Source: The County Treasury

#### 2.3.6 Expenditure by Economic Classification

20. The County absorption rate declined to 75% in FY 2021/22 from 79% in 2020/21 and 77% achieved in 2019/20. The variations in absorption has majorly been attributed to irregular cash flows from revenue collection that reduced available revenues for spending. In addition, the equitable share funds for June were disbursed late in July hence delaying payment of programs and projects already completed. Table 9, presents overall county expenditure and absorption rates from FY 2019/20 – FY 2021/22.

Table 9: Expenditure by Economic Classification – FY 2019/20 – 2021/22

U	Expenditure	Absorption	Budget	Expenditure	Abso	Budget	Expenditure	Abs
<b>7</b> 00.00							Expenditure	AUS
<b>5</b> 00.00					rption			orption
3,789.80	3,787.54	100%	4,032,68	3,817.71	95%	4,357.28	3,743.40	86%
2,589.30	2,160.72	83%	2,641,29	2,121.39	80%	2,912.61	2,284.42	78%
5,379.10	5,948.27	93%	6,673,97	5,939.10	89%	7,269.89	6,027.82	83%
,807.10	2,642.75	55%	5,031,12	3,310.95	66%	4,274.95	2,579.52	60%
1,186.20	8,591.01	77%	11,705.10	9,250.05	79%	11,544.84	8,607.34	75%
2,: 5,: 1,8	589.30 379.10 807.10 .,186.20	589.30         2,160.72           379.10         5,948.27           807.10         2,642.75           ,186.20         8,591.01	589.30         2,160.72         83%           379.10         5,948.27         93%           807.10         2,642.75         55%	589.30         2,160.72         83%         2,641,29           379.10         5,948.27         93%         6,673,97           807.10         2,642.75         55%         5,031,12	589.30         2,160.72         83%         2,641,29         2,121.39           379.10         5,948.27         93%         6,673,97         5,939.10           807.10         2,642.75         55%         5,031,12         3,310.95	589.302,160.7283%2,641,292,121.3980%379.105,948.2793%6,673,975,939.1089%807.102,642.7555%5,031,123,310.9566%	589.302,160.7283%2,641,292,121.3980%2,912.61379.105,948.2793%6,673,975,939.1089%7,269.89807.102,642.7555%5,031,123,310.9566%4,274.95	589.302,160.7283%2,641,292,121.3980%2,912.612,284.42379.105,948.2793%6,673,975,939.1089%7,269.896,027.82807.102,642.7555%5,031,123,310.9566%4,274.952,579.52

Source: The County Treasury

#### 2.4 County Sectoral Performance

21. The following is a sectoral analysis of the performance of the County Sectors.

#### 2.4.1 Agriculture, Rural and Urban Development (ARUD) A. Agriculture, Irrigation, Livestock and Fisheries Development Subsector

- 21. Agriculture remains the key driver of economic growth accounting for 22.4 percent of the country's Gross Domestic Product (GDP) (Economic Survey 2022). The sector contributed 29.5 percent of the Gross County Product (GCP) in 2020 and provides the main source of livelihood to 78 percent of the households.
- 22. In FY 2021/2022, the department had a total budget of KShs 1,015.73 Million and recorded an annual expenditure of Ksh 551.83 Million which represented an absorption rate of 54 percent which was the least absorption rate in the last five years. The absorption rate represented a 20 per cent drop from 74 per cent recorded in FY 2020/21 and was attributed to delay in the disbursement of funds to the county government by the National government

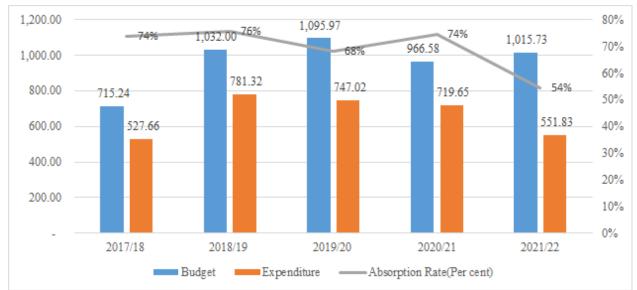


Figure 4: Agriculture Sub-Sector Budget Allocation, Expenditure and Absorption Rate Trend

Source: The County Treasury

23. Mango production in the county increased by 8 per cent from 274,852MT in 2020 to 297,090 MT in 2021 with the value increasing by 7 per cent from Ksh 4.123 Billion to Ksh 4.399 Billion over the same period. However, the acreage under mango decreased by 28 per cent from 29,403 Ha to 21,309 Ha due to diversification of farming to citrus (pixie) production and the negative effects of drought which has caused drying up of the mangoes.

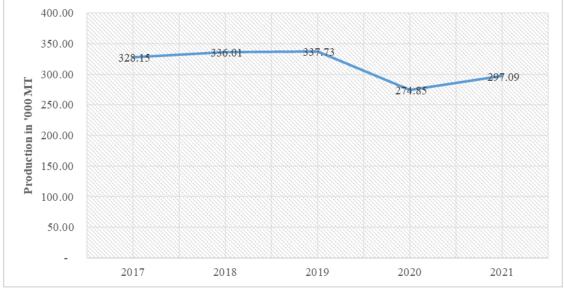


Figure 5: Annual Mango Production in '000 Metric Tonnes

24. Green grams production increased by 2.7 per cent from 51,611MT in 2020 to 53,052 MT to 2021. However, the area under green grams decreased from 74,460 to 69,955 Ha. The decrease was contributed by the effects of drought conditions while the increase in production was as a result of adoption of technologies such as conservation agriculture and use of certified seeds.

- 25. On the other hand, area under maize increased by 5.2 per cent from 143,019Ha in 2020 to 150,726Ha in 2021.Over the same period, maize production increased by 16.2 percent from 100,935MT to 117,274MT. The increase in production is attributed to the increased area under production and use of modern technologies.
- 26. Livestock production has improved over the years due to increased uptake of Artificial Insemination and good animal husbandry practices. Annual milk production in the county declined by 8 percent from 30,288,000 Kgs in 2020 to 27,757,925 Kgs in 2021 due to the effects of prolonged drought. However, the value of milk increased by 22 per cent from Ksh 1.363 Billion in 2020 to 1.665 Billion in 2021 due to better prices in the country. Fodder production is key to dairy sustainability. In the FY 2021/2022, 702 bracharia fodder splits and 40kgs of assorted fodder and legume seeds were procured and supplied to farmers thereby increasing fodder acreage by100 acres.
- 27. Beef production decreased by 10 percent while goat meat (Chevon) production and chicken meat production increased by 3 per cent and 13 per cent respectively over the same period. The heads of cattle sold (offtake) rose sharply since livestock markets reopened after lengthy closure due to Covid-19 restrictions and quarantine due to food and mouth disease (FMD). Annual egg production increased by a lower margin of 6% (1.382 million trays) compared to the normal annual increment of between 8-10% due to increased costs in production and poor macroeconomic performance.
- 28. The county fruit processing plant in Kalamba managed to purchase and process 1,181.74 MT of mangoes into 619.305MT of puree worth Ksh 44,589,960.00. A total of Ksh 17,726,100.00 was paid to mango farmers for the supply of mangoes to the plant. A ready-to-drink line was operationalized and commissioned in the plant in efforts to add value to mangoes and generate more revenue to the county. The county also operationalized the integrated grain value addition plant in Makindu while construction works are ongoing in Kasikeu grain milling plant, Kavuthu, Kalongo and Kalawani cold rooms.
- 29. In order to increase the area under irrigated agricultural production, a total of 186 Ha (Utangwa (42Ha, Kyemwea 44 Ha, & 100 Ha along river Athi) were put under irrigation and additional 26 irrigation sites were surveyed. A total of 16,040 households benefited from inputs to establish kitchen gardens while 771 farm ponds were excavated to improve on-water harvesting for irrigated agriculture.
- 30. Through the enhanced agricultural extension programme, the department reached 30 per cent of the total farm families during the year under review. Further, the county recruited 32 officers to in efforts to enhance provision of quality extension services. The county also recruited, trained and equipped 240 community extension volunteers and promoted adoption of e-extension services through farmer profiling, training of farmer organizations at ward level, staff training and capacity development on new agricultural technologies to enhance transfer of agricultural skills.

Program	Objective	Indicator	Baseline	Performance
			2020/	2021/22
Grain and Pulses	To increase grain	The area under green gram (Ha)	74,460	69,955
Development	and pulses	Green grams production (MTs)	51,611	53,052
	production and	Total area under maize (Ha)	143,019	150,726
	productivity	Annual maize production (MTs)	100,935	117,274
		MT of grains processed in Makindu Plant	-	50
Horticulture	To increase fruit	MT of fresh fruits processed in MFPP	1,196.60	1,181.74
Value Chain	production,	Area under Macadamia (Ha)	120	141

Table 10: Summary of performance of selected Agriculture Indicators

Program	Objective	Indicator	Baseline 2020/	Performance 2021/22
Development	productivity and	Annual Macadamia Production (MTs)	840	617
	quality	The area under Avocado production (Ha)	329	340
		Avocado production in MTs	6,640	3,400
		The area under Mangoes production	29,403	21,309
		Annual Mango production in MT	274,852	297,090
		Area under tomatoes production (Ha)	691	792
		Quantity of tomatoes produced annually(MT)	21,919	24,685
Dairy	To increase milk	Dairy cow population	29,556	30,158
Development	production	Proportion of dairy cattle to total cattle population (%)	11	12
		Annual milk production (litres)	30,288,000	27,757,925
Integrated meat	To improve	Annual beef production (MT)	3,386	3,048
production and marketing	livestock production and productivity	Annual goat and sheep meat production (MT)	2,456	2,509
		Number of livestock traded (cattle, goats and sheep)	110,688	132,825
Poultry	To improve poultry	No. of eggs produced ('000) crates	1,185	1,304
Development	production	Annual poultry meat production (MT)	5,046	5,550
Irrigated Agriculture Promotion	To increase irrigated agricultural production	The area under Horticultural irrigation (Ha)	6,995	7,181

#### B. Lands, Urban Development, Environment and Climate Change Sub-Sector

31. Land use and management are aimed at improving security of land tenure and management of land resource in the county. The sub Sector recorded an expenditure of Ksh 288,542,724.80 against a budget of KSh 427,493,276.88 which represented an absorption rate of 67 percent, the highest absorption rate in the last five years. The expenditure on development programs was Kshs 153,794,458.20 against a budget of Kshs 263,274,080.51 representing 58 percent absorption rate.

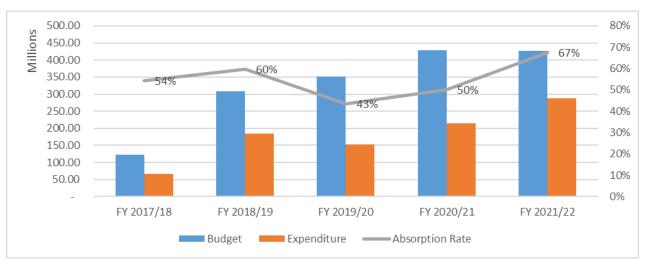


Figure 6: Budget performance for FY 2017/18-FY 2021/22 Allocation & Expenditure *Source: County Treasury* 

32. The sector has been receiving an increasing budget allocation across the five years. This is attributed to World Bank funding which focused on urban infrastructure development and institutional capacity building of Wote Municipality.

- 33. The county proportion of land owners with security of land tenure increased from 21% in 2013 to 31.6% in 2022 attributed to enhanced land surveying and tilting issuance. A total of 25,063 title deeds were issued in FY 2021/22. The department facilitated market survey for 3 markets through plot validation, verification and uploading of 26,969 plots to C-LIMS. The department also facilitated finalization of 2 adjudication sections (Ngai and Kisekeni), 3 settlement schemes (Nguu, Wayani and Kinyoo), gazettement of 604 cases and confirmation of 124 succession cases. 474 land disputes were resolved across the County.
- 34. The sector supported establishment of Emali-Sultan Hamud Municipality through delineation of the municipal boundary and submission of the municipal charter to the County Assembly for approval. Through KUSP program, Wote Municipality tarmacked 1.1KM and paved 2320m of cabro within Wote Township access roads. Lighting of Wote Municipality markets was improved through installation of 27 solar powered high mast floodlights.
- 35. The county is endowed with various mineral resources which include granite, basalt, kaolin, tremolite. During the period, the department audited existing mining activities to ensure compliance to existing regulations and issued 3 mining consents. Table 11 presents a summary of the achievements across key indicators made by the subsector.

Program	Objective	Indicator	Baseline 2020	Achieveme nts 2021/22
Land Survey and	To improve	No of market survey undertaken	1	3
Titling	security of land	No of land adjudication section finalized	5	2
	tenure	No of estate administration cases gazetted	154	604
		No of landowners issued with title deeds	104,061	25,063
Land Digitization and	To ensure effective management	Number of markets with land records automated	7	1158
Administration	spatial data.	Number of plots verified and validated	2265	0
Spatial Planning	To ensure equitable distribution of	No. of physical and land use plans prepared	26	2
	resources and	No of plans implemented	8	0
	services through zoning	No of development applications submitted and processed	2400	436
Urban	To achieve	No of recreational parks established	1	0
Development	infrastructural	No of market sheds refurbished	1	0
(KUSP)	development in urban areas	No. of floodlights installed in Wote Municipality	0	27
		KMs of urban roads tarmacked	0	1.1
		KMs of urban roads cabro paved	-	2.3
Mineral Mapping	To ensure	No of minerals mapped and developed	1	0
and Development	sustainable	Number of minerals value added	0	1
	utilization of mineral resources	Number of mining site inspections done	1	2

Table 11: Key Performance Indicators Achievement

#### 2.4.2 Water, Environment and Sanitation Sector

36. Access to safe and reliable water is undoubtedly a key development outcome and critical in the realization of Makueni Vision 2025 and the Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs). The county has invested heavily in water harvesting since FY 2013/14, with the rallying call Kutwiikany'a Kiw'u. Significant milestones have been attained with the distance to the nearest water point reducing, and some wards on the verge of attaining universal water access, where citizens can access water within radius of 2 Kms. This is

significant drop from high average of 8 Kms in 2013. The percentage distribution of households by time taken to fetch drinking water shows that 65.5 per cent take less than 30 minutes.

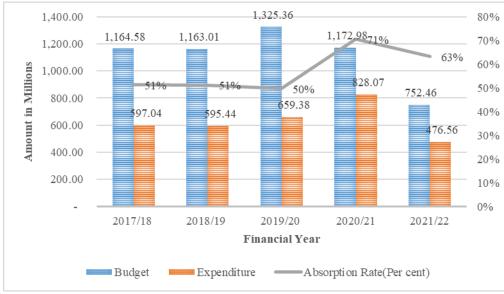


Figure 7: Sector budget and expenditure Performance (FY 2017/18 – FY 2021/22) *Source: County Treasury* 

37. In FY 2021/22, the water department was allocated a total of Ksh 752.46Million with Ksh 83.83Million of this budget allocated to the sand authority. The department spent a total of Ksh 476.56 Million by the close of the financial year which represented 63 per cent absorption rate as presented in figure 7. The absorption rate represented an eight percent drop from the 71 per cent absorption rate recorded in FY 2020/21 and was also the second highest over the last five years. The low absorption rate was due to delayed disbursement of funds hindering payment of completed projects. Table 12 below outlines the performance of key indicators for the sector.

Program	Objective	Indicator	Performa	nce in Years
-	-		Baseline 2020	Achievement 2021
Access to water	To increase access to	Proportion of HHs accessing water from improved water sources (%)	42.8	44
	potable water	The proportion of HHs accessing water from unimproved water sources (%)	56.7	55.5
		Average distance (km) to water points	5	4
Sanitation	To increase access to	The proportion of HHs accessing improved sanitation services (%)	85.2	
	sanitation	Number of constructed DTFs	3	0
	services	No. of sanitation facilities constructed	-	12
Forest and	To increase	Tree seedlings planted	-	91,000
Landscape	Environmental	No. of protected fragile zones	-	2
Restoration	Governance and sustainable utilize natural resources	No of landscapes/ forest restored	-	2
Climate change resilience and response	To build climate change resilience	No of climate adaptation projects	14	2

Table 12: Water, Environment and Sanitation Sector Performance (2019-2021)

Improved	To increase	No of legal frameworks developed	2	2
Environmental	Environmental	No of county projects with EIA and EA	-	15
Conservation	Governance			
and	and			
Management	sustainable			
	utilize natural			
	resources			

Source: Water, Environment and Sanitation Sector

- a. Water Harvesting, Storage and Distribution: Increased access to water was actualized through: the construction of 23 earth dams, 7 sand dams, distribution of 180 water tanks with a capacity of 5,000Lts to various groups across the county, distribution of 57 existing water sources, construction of 161 kiosks/water points, installation of 120 storage tanks and drilling of 17 boreholes out of which 15 were equipped at point source.
- b. Water Governance: To enhance water governance, the County prepared the Water Services Regulations which were approved by the County Assembly and published. Additionally, the county initiated the process for instituting the Makueni Rural Water Board (MARUWAB) that will be mandated to oversee management of rural water schemes. A total of 600 schemes representatives across the county were trained on county water legislative and regulatory frameworks.
- c. Environment conservation and Natural Resource Utilization: Sand Authority supported water and sand conservation through construction of five sand dams namely; Kwa Ngesu, Taa wa Kiukuni, Kyanzonzo, Ukava wa Kithoni and Upper Mbole. Additionally, the authority carried out public education on sand and water conservation, riparian land protection and Environmental protection best practices through public forums, electronic and print media.
- d. **Environmental/social safeguards and Compliance**: To promote environmental governance and prudent utilization of natural resources, 43 sensitization forums were held at community level, 15 environmental audits and EIA for county projects we carried out. Further, key sector policies and Acts were formulated and assented to which included Makueni County Environment and climate change policy, 2021 and the Makueni County Sand Conservation and Utilization Amendment Act, 2022.
- e. Forest and Landscape Restoration: During the plan period, environment conservation was enhanced through gully rehabilitation in the following areas; Kyetuli gully in Kaiti sub county and Matwikani gully in Kilome and construction of 12.6 km terraces and 10 farm ponds each with a volume of 480M3. Water catchment protection was enhanced through construction of soil-water conservation structures. This included 4Km terraces in Muuni-Maatha and Mbui Nzau hills, protection of Kithue springs in Mbooni and desilting of Katilini check dam and Masaani earth dam in Kiima Kiu Kalanzoni. A total of 87,500 tree seedlings were planted to restore the Makuli Nzau landscape geared to increase forest cover from 5 per cent to 10 per cent.

- f. **Sanitation**: To improve sanitation, 12 toilets were constructed in market centers, a skip loader and 11 skip bins purchased. A total of 124 markets were routinely cleaned to ensure effective solid waste management.
- 38. **Climate Change Resilience:** During the period under review, ten (10) Wards were taken through the Ward Climate Change Participatory Vulnerability Capacity Assessments (PVCAs) towards enhancing/building communities' resilience to climate change. As part of the efforts towards enhancing project sustainability and climate change adaptation in the County, the climate change fund supported the repair and rehabilitation of Kwa Ndaina water project and also facilitated development and review of the Makueni County Climate Change Bill which was submitted to the county assembly for approval. The Bill is aimed at enhancing climate change governance in the county.

#### 2.4.3 Health Services Sector

- 39. The goal of health sector is to provide equitable, affordable and quality healthcare to all citizens. The government has focused on strengthening and scaling up cost-effective, preventive and promotive healthcare system with special attention to controlling communicable and non-communicable diseases, reproductive health, child-health and emergency services. In FY 2021/22, the Sector recorded an expenditure of Ksh 3,021,261,384.44 against a budget of KSh 4,209,050,911.00 representing an absorption rate of 72 percent.
- 40. The sector has been receiving an increasing budget allocation across the five years under review. This is attributed to increasing cost of provision of healthcare services. However, the absorption rate has been declining part due the late disbursement of funds with FY 2021/22 recording the lowest absorption rate.

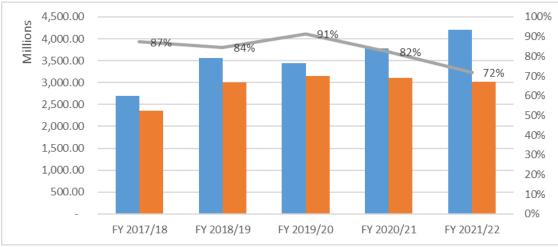


Figure 8: Analysis of Health services sector budget, expenditure and absorption rates. *Source: The County Treasury* 

41. During the review period, the immunization coverage improved from 93% to 94% while deliveries conducted by skilled personnel improved to 84% against a target of 72%. 64% of Pregnant mothers attended at least 4 Antenatal Care (ANC) visits against a target of 60%. 99 % of ANC mothers were supplemented with Iron Folic Acid (IFAS) while 77 percent of children of 6 to 59 months were supplemented with vitamin A. The target for the proportion of expectant women living with HIV currently on ART was at 98% while the proportion of positive clients linked to care improved from 95% in 2019 to 100% in 2022.

- 42. In public health, an additional 20 Community Health Units (CHUs) were established bringing the total to 240 from 220. Sanitation and hygiene in schools improved tremendously with 85% schools attaining required hygiene standards. 44 percent of school-going children were dewormed in the Financial Year. A total of 138 new villages were declared Open Defecation Free (ODF) bringing the total number of villages declared ODF to 813. Latrine coverage improved from 94% in 2019 to 97%. Community awareness on the prevention of diseases and availability of health services was enhanced through 56 live local radio sessions interactions and conducting 60 Non-Communicable Diseases (NCDs) campaigns. This programs reached a total of 700,000 community members. 2,640 Community Health Volunteers (CHVs) were also trained on NCDs and prevention measures; and more than 69,500 Information, Education and Communication (IEC) materials were disseminated. Reporting timeliness and completeness of notifiable diseases attained 100 percent during the plan period which was attributed by an intensification of disease surveillance and response.
- 43. Makueni Care Scheme registered 9,853 households while NHIF coverage increased from 16% to 22% of county the population. In the plan period, 131 additional staff were recruited, these being; 20 nurses, 13 clinical officers, 11 pharmaceutical technologists and 13 laboratory technologists. The government completed, equipped and upgraded 8 health facilities, constructed and equipped the mental and rehabilitation units at Makueni County Referral Hospital and the Makindu Sub County Hospital Blood Satellite Centre.

Program	Objectives	Indicator	Baseline 2020	Achievement 2021
Preventive care	To enhance access to	Proportion of children under one year Fully immunized	93%	94%
	preventive and	Percentage of Women of Reproductive Age (WRA) practicing modern family planning services	54%	46%
	promotive services	Percentage of deliveries conducted under-skilled personnel	72%	84%
		Percentage of pregnant women attending at least 4 ANC visits	67%	64%
		Contraceptive prevalence rate	54%	48%
		Proportion of pregnant women attending ANC who are supplemented with Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (IFAS)	97.7%	99%
		Proportion of children 6-59 months supplemented with Vitamin A	79%	77%
		No. of established community health units Need several indicators to meet this	220	240
		Percentage of expectant women Living with HIV (PLWHIV) who are currently on ART	98%	98%
		Percentage of HIV positive clients linked to care	99.9%	100%
Curative	To provide	The average length of Hospital stay	5.4 days	5.5 Days
care	effective and	Average Drug fill rate (KEMSA and MED)	70%	73%
	efficient	No. of households registered under Makueni care	8%	4%
	curative and rehabilitative	The proportion of household covered under NHIF	16%	22%

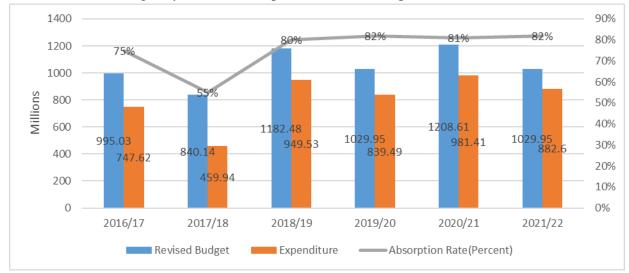
Table 13: Summary of performance of selected health indicators

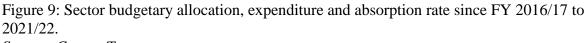
Program	Objectives	Indicator	Baseline 2020	Achievement 2021
	services			

Source: Department of Health Services

#### 2.4.4 Roads, Transport, infrastructure and Public Works Sector

44. The sector is a key enabler of economic growth and its interventions are aimed at enhancing road network accessibility, interconnectivity and adoption of green energy in the county. In FY 2021/22, the department had a total budget of Kshs. 1,029Billion. A total of Kshs.882.6 Million was spent in the FY representing an absorption rate of 82.27percent, which was an increase from 81 percent recorded in FY 2020/2021. Figure 9, illustrates budgetary allocation, expenditure and absorption rate trend.





Source: County Treasury

#### **Road Improvement**

- 45. The County opened 782.2KMs of new roads which was attributed to introduction of Community Driven Development program that majorly focused on opening of cluster feeder roads as a measure of employment creation towards cushioning of citizens against the effects of COVID-19. The Department graveled 117.1KM of roads, installed 478 gabions and installed 1017M culverts. The department also completed the tarmacking of approach roads to Thwake Bridge and upgraded Wote town roads in partnership with other road agencies. Other achievements in the sub sector include; tarmacking of 0.9KM by KURA, O.2KM of cabro paving and 1.1KM of tarmacking by Wote Municipality through the Kenya Urban Support Programme. An additional 11KM of roads were tarmacked by KeRRA while KeNHA completed the Kibwezi interchange at Kibwezi Kitui Road.
- 46. In Collaboration with other energy sector agencies, the department has improved the county electricity access rate from 25% in 2021 to 25.2% in 2022. The sector installed 36 electricity streetlights in major markets across the county and installed 5 high mast

floodlights and 50 solar streetlights through both the County and National government funding.

47. To increase ICT literacy levels, 3 CICs were upgraded (Kikima, Thange and Ukia) and 1300 community members reached through the innovation programmes. In an effort to increase network service connection in the county institutions, 80Mbps of fibre link was added to the GoMC network. The county SMS system has managed to send 2,500,000 SMSs on various government key communications to the citizens. Table 14 presents performance of indicators in the sector.

Program	Objective	Indicator	Baseline	Performance (2021/2022)
			(2020/2021)	(2021/2022)
Road	To develop	KM of new roads constructed	476.1kms	782.2
improvement	and manage	Number of kilometers of roads improved to	171.75kms	117.1
	an effective,	gravel		
	efficient and	No of drainage structures constructed	2,277 meters of	1017M of
	secure road		culverts, and 706	culverts, and
	network		gabions	478 gabions
		No of cut off drains constructed through	39,000m3	50,000m3
		Roads for water		
		No. of new drifts/sand dams constructed	39	36
		No. of KM of the existing roads graded	4,217	1340
Energy	Increase	No of Solar street lights installed	50	50
development	access to	Number of floodlights installed	82	5
and	safe and	Number of electricity street lights	420	36
promotion	reliable			
	energy			
	To increase	Electricity connection from 25% to 60% of	25%	25.2%
	electricity	HHs by 2023		
	connectivity			
ICT	To improve	% of county services automated	32%	33%
	ICT	Number of SMS sent out	1,800,000	2,500,000
	infrastructure	% of website up-to-date	20%	21%
	and access to	Number of county institutions	1	1
	technology	interconnected		
	for enhanced	Number of ICT centres constructed,	3	1
	service	equipped and operationalized		
	delivery	Number of community members trained	1648	1300

 Table 14: Sector Performance of key sector indicators

Source: Roads, Transport, Infrastructure and Public Works Sector, Makueni County

#### 2.4.5 General Economic and Commercial Affairs

- 48. The core mandate of the sector is to facilitate wealth creation by promoting and reengineering MSMEs; promoting Fair Trade Practices; Enhancing Industrial Development and Growth; Identifying, Value adding, Branding and Marketing of Makueni, Produce, Products and Services; Developing and Promoting Sustainable Tourism and Promoting vibrant and self-sustaining Cooperative Societies.
- 49. In FY 2021/22, the Department had an allocation of Ksh. 103,116,273.74 for both recurrent and development and spent Ksh. 78,330,380.15 representing a 76 percent absorption rate. The Development budget for the year was Ksh. 43,424,347.05 out of which the department managed to absorb Ksh. 30,360,344.25 representing 75 percent. The trend shows improving budget absorption and signs of full recovery of the sector after the effects of the COVID-19. Figure 10 presents sector budget allocation and expenditure.

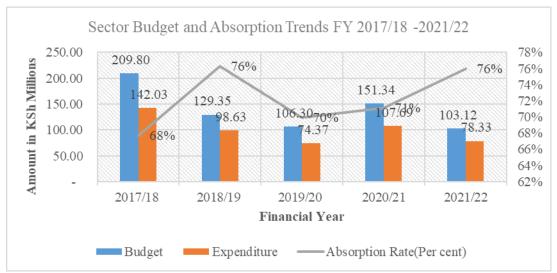


Figure 10: Budget Allocation, Expenditure and Absorption Rate Trends *Source: County Treasury* 

50. In promoting fair trade practices, the sector surpassed the target by 45 percent. A total of 6,026 equipment's were verified against the target of 4,500. In MSMEs Entrepreneurship capacity development, the department rolled out a program on training of Business Extension Service Providers (BESP) where 35 youths were trained against a target of 60. This was aimed at promoting entrepreneurship culture by incorporating youths to support business development services within the business community. In trade infrastructure development, the department managed to complete 7 market sheds with a capacity of over 500 traders.

Programme	Objectives	Indicator	Baseline 2020	Achievement 2021
Trade development and	To promote fair trade practices	<ul> <li>Number of equipment verified and inspected</li> <li>Number of inspections carried out.</li> </ul>	6,026 1,236 895,283	3,350 1,470 500,150
promotion		• Amount of money collected as stamping fees (Ksh.)		
	To refine services offered to customers	To certify 35 BESP Train 700 traders on entrepreneurship	58%	0
	To reduce perishability and promote hygiene	Number of market sheds developed and renovated	7	6
		Number of market committees in place.	0	44
	To increase market for products and produce	• Percentage in developing e-marketing portal	60%	0
		• Launch of open market days	0	3
		• Development of a draft marketing strategies document	0	50%
Industrial development	To promote innovation, industrialization and quality	<ul> <li>Number of industries capacity build</li> <li>Number of industries sensitized</li> </ul>	8	30
	control.	• Number of <i>Jua kali</i> associations profiled	80	110
		and supported.	12	7
		• Number of innovations supported.	1	6
Tourism development	Promotion and development of Sustainable County	Number of Makueni Tourism Circuits validated and launched	5	5
and	Tourism	Number of Leisure Tourism facilities	1	0

Table 15: Performance of key sector indicators

Programme	Objectives	Indicator	Baseline 2020	Achievement 2021
promotion		developed		
		Number of tourism information centres established	0	1
		Number of sports tourism events held	1	0
		Number of Tourism Expos and Fairs participated	1	2
Cooperative	To promote prudent	Number of societies audited	62	64
development	financial management in our	Numbers of societies inspected	46	4
	cooperative societies	Number of new cooperative registered	7	9
		No of cooperative leaders /members trained	900	250
		No of conflict resolution meetings held	20	15
		No of Management Committees Inducted	15	4
		AGM/SGM held	80	56
		% Support to cooperative Development fund	2%	0%

Source: Makueni County General Economic and Commercial Affairs Sector.

- 51. The sector capacity build and sensitized 140 cottage industries in product development in collaboration with KEBS and KIRDI. It also profiled and supported 7 jua kali associations and supported 6 innovators for product patenting. Five County tourism circuits were validated to enhance marketing of our tourism sites. The Sector further established one innovation centre and participated in two tourism expos and fairs.
- 52. The Sector also audited 64 cooperatives against a target of 62, inspected 4 against the target of 46 and registered 9 new cooperatives. It also trained 250 leaders, inducted 4 new committees, held 56 AGMs and 15 conflict resolution meetings.

#### 2.4.6 Social Protection, Education, Culture and Recreation Sector A. Education, Sports and ICT Department

53. In FY 2021/22, the Department had a total allocation of KSh 804,619,169.57. Out of this allocation, KSh. 486,851,879.37 was for Recurrent and KSh. 17,767,290.20 for Development. The department absorption rate for the year was 87% percent an increase from 67 percent recorded in FY 2020/21.

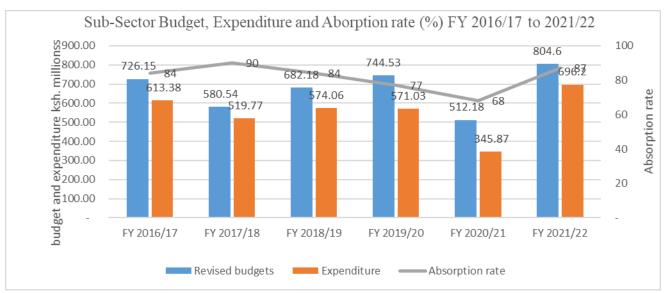


Figure 11: Education, Sports & ICT Sub-sector Budget and Expenditure trend *Source: County Treasury* 

- 54. In the FY 2021/22, the department spent KSh. 112,157,082.37 (84 per cent absorption rate) to support the Early Childhood Development Education (ECDE) Programme. Key achievements under the programme include; construction of 42 ECDE centers, Employment of 28 new teachers and capacity building of 2,431 ECDE teachers and 11 officers on Competency-Based Curriculum.
- 55. The county spent KSh. 61,269,548.32 (73 per cent absorption rate) on CTTI Development programme; Key achievements under the programme include; infrastructural development in 25 CTTIs, construction of Makueni Center of Excellence at 50% completion, recruitment of five (5) new CTTI instructors and Staff upskilling and development done to 157 instructors.
- 56. Under support to education programme, the county spent KSh. 118,243,011.00 (95 per cent absorption rate) of the total allocation. Key achievements under the programme include; 531 scholarships awarded and 2,862 students issued bursaries in secondary schools and other institutions of higher learning.
- 57. On sport development, the county spent KSh. 39,244,200.45 (55per cent absorption rate) on the; *Ligi Mashinani/Supa cup*, county league games and KYISA. The programme resulted in transitioning of 20 youths to different elite clubs and a total of 720 teams participating in the ward championships. In addition, one (1) sport ground was rehabilitated and phase one of a new talent center constructed (Makutano talent centre in Ivingoni/Nzambani Ward). Twenty (20) wards were also supplied with sports gear.
- 58. All the youth programmes and interventions in the county were geared towards empowering the youth in order to unlock their potential. The sector continued to implement the Makueni Youth Apprenticeship Program (MYAP) to promote employability of youth in Makueni and supplement the annual internships and attachments opportunities. Over the plan period, 281 youth have benefited from the programmes. Further, in the efforts to enhance skill development among the youths in the county, the sector established partnerships with NITA, MSEA and NCA through *ujuzi teke teke* programme where 132 youths were trained and certified in different courses. *Ajira kwa Vijana* programme that was aimed at creating economic empowerment to the youth benefited 164 youth in Nguumo ward. Table 16 below outlines the performance of the key indicators for the sector.

Program	Objective	Indicators	Baseline 2020	Achievement 2021
Education and training	To enhance access to quality and	Number of children joining pre –school (ECDE)	41,765	43,634
	relevant pre-	ECDE Retention rate (%)	89%	91%
	primary, technical	Number of trainees enrolled in CTTIs	5,000	5048
	and vocational	CTTI Retention rate (%)	87%	96%
	education.	No. of learners benefitting from the county scholarships	469	531
		No. of learners benefitting from the county bursaries	4,000	2,862
Sports development	To detect, identify, nurture and promote	No of sports talent academies and facilities established and operationalized	1	1
& Management.	sports talents in the County	No of playfields rehabilitated and standardized	3	1
	sports in Makueni.	Number of sports leagues (Ligi- Mashinani/Supa Cup/KYISA) conducted in the county	4	4
		No of young people involved in professional sports	15	20
		Number of federations officials, referees and coaches trained	1,723	504
Youth Empowerment	To enhance youth employability and skills	No of apprentices recruited and placed under Makueni Youth Apprenticeship Programme	304	281
		No of youth recruited and placed under Ajira Kwa Vijana Programme	1,200	164
		No of youth under <i>Ujuzi teketeke</i> Programme	184	132
		No. of boda boda youth trained and licensed	1,200	1,421
		No. of youth under Makueni Youth in Agribusiness Empowerment project	1,244	1,244
		No of youth serving organizations supported through grants	4	2
		No of Youth Trained under Building and construction	2,973	750

Table 16: Summary of Education, Youth, Sports & ICT Sub-sector Indicator Achievements

Source: Education, Youth, Sports & ICT Sub-sector, Makueni County

#### **B.** Gender and Social Services

59. In the fiscal year 2021/2022, the Department of Gender, Children, Culture and Social Services spent a total of Ksh. 137,317,812.25 against the total departmental allocation of Ksh. 155,101,246.10 representing 89 percent absorption rate. Social Protection program received a higher budget allocation as compared to the other programs due to the concerted efforts by the Government to enhance socio-economic empowerment for the vulnerable members in the community. Figure 12, presents budget and expenditure trends for FY 2016/17 to FY 2021/22.

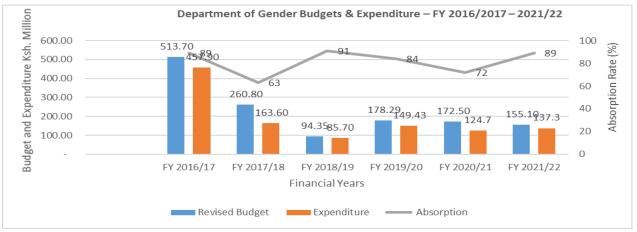


Figure 12: Gender and social services budget and expenditure trends *Source: County Treasury* 

- 60. The county government enhanced conservation, preservation and promotion of the arts and music, culture and heritage through collaboration with the National Museum of Kenya (NMK) and other relevant stakeholders in organizing cultural festivals and exhibitions, documenting traditional knowledge and cultural expressions of the Akamba, and organizing training fora on intellectual property rights. The county also supported different players in the music and art industry through recording geared towards supporting and nurturing talents and make Makueni County a vibrant music and arts hub.
- 61. The skill uptake amongst the Persons with Disability (PWD) in the county was enhanced through the operationalization of the PWD centre. The centre has an enrolment of 79 trainees taking various courses. To improve mobility and hearing of PWDs, 564 PWDs were issued with assorted assistive devices, while 160 others were given grants to promote their income-generating activities. In addition, 210 vulnerable elderly people were enrolled under NHIF programme to cushion them against the health challenges associated with age and ageism. Further efforts to manage children's issues and rights reached a total of 2,300 children representing 9.9% of the total population of OVC in the county.
- 62. The fight against GVB in the county has gained momentum with the Sexual and Gender-Based Violence(SGBV) bill passed by assembly and assented to law by the Governor. In partnership with the International Development Law Organization (IDLO) the sector has developed SGBV bill awaiting to be submitted to the county assembly for approval. The heightened advocacy on matters anti- gender-based violence within the county has led to a reduction in Gender-Based Violence (GBV) cases as reported at the Gender-Based Recovery Centre from 2800 in 2020/2021 to 728 in 2021/2022 representing a 74% decrease. Table 17, presents summary of performance in FY 2021/2022.

Program	Objective	Indicator	Baseline 2020	Achievements in 2021
Social	To reduce	Number of elderly persons supported with food	3,021	1,664
Protection	economic and	and non-food materials		
	social	Number of PWDs provided with assorted	1,021	1,081
	deprivation	assistive devices and other material support.		
	among the	Number of OVC children supported with food	2,000	2,300
	vulnerable	materials, non-food materials, rescued, and		
	population	offered psychosocial support		
Gender Based	To reduce	No. of cases reported annually	617	748
Violence	Gender Based			

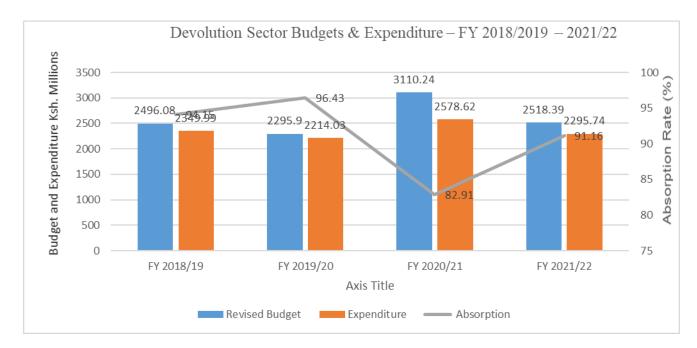
Table 17: Summary of Gender and social services achievements in FY 2021/2022

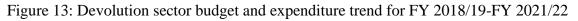
Mitigation	Violence			
Conservation, Preservation	To enhance conservation,	No. of county heritage sites and monuments mapped and documented	19	0
and Promotion of	preservation and	No. Cultural events and exhibitions organized and supported	2	3
Arts, Culture and Heritage	promotion of culture,	No. of film productions and exhibitions done	1	0
	music and artistic works	No. of artists supported in music production.	108	50

Source: Social Protection, Education, Culture and Recreation Sector Working Group

#### 2.4.7 Devolution Services Sector

- 63. The Devolution sector comprises of Office of the Governor, Finance and Socioeconomic Planning, Devolution, County Administration and Public Service, County Public Service Board (CPSB), and County Assembly (CA). The departments and agencies are enablers and they play the coordinating and facilitative role in the government service delivery. They also provide overall policy direction and leadership to the county government, coordinates policy formulation, resource mobilization, allocation and management, participatory development, oversight and legislation, monitoring and evaluation, and human resource management.
- 64. During the financial year 2021/22, the total sector budget was 2,518.39M, a decline from 3,110.24M during the financial year 2020/21. The expenditure for the period was 2,295.74M a decline from 2,578.62M during the previous financial year. The overall absorption rate for the sector was 91.16% an improvement from 82.91% in the previous financial year. The County Assembly recorded the highest budget absorption rate of 96.56 per cent while the County Public Service Board had the least absorption at 77.87 per cent. Figure 13, presents Devolution Sector budgets and expenditure for the FY 2021/2022.





#### Source: County Treasury

65. In FY 2021/22, the Sector was instrumental in guiding overall coordination of government business including development of county planning documents; preparation of 2020 County Statistical Abstract; provision of capacity building and technical assistance to county departments, resource mobilization, documenting processes and procedures according to QMS ISO 9001:2015 standards; implementation of performance management systems; implementation of staff welfare programs; preparation and approval of 38 policies; establishment of the office of the county attorney, implementation of community driven development projects and resolving of public complaints. Table 18 below provides a summary of key achievements in the sector.

Program	Objective	Indicator	Baseline 2020/21	Performance 2021/22
General	To ensure effective and efficient running of	No. of policies	6	38
administration & planning	the county affairs as provided for by the	No. Systems and structures	12	1
	constitution	No. Procedures and processes	0	87
	Efficient services to county treasury division/units, departments and the public	Automated fixed asset management system	0	1
	To ensure efficient and effective devolution support services	No. of established devolved public service facilities	3	-
Leadership and	To improve leadership and coordination of	Number of cabinet meetings	52	52
coordination of government	various departments and county entities to enhance service delivery	No. of cabinet memos generated	40	40
Legal & advisory services	To provide timely advisory services to both county entities and the public.	Systems and structures	0	1
Human resource management &	Inspired and result oriented county public service	No. of staff under staff medical cover	3800	3800
Development		No. of Performance management reports	1	0
		No. of offices	3	2
County Enforcement and compliance	To ensure compliance with county government laws and achievement of county government objectives	No. of enforcement officers recruited		
Public Participation & Civic Education	To empower the citizenry towards effective contribution to their development	No. of community Driven Development projects implemented	0	377
Civic Education & access to information	To build an open, accountable and responsive government	No. Of Community Resource Centres established	30	5
Disaster Management & Coordination	To enhance resilience and adaptive capacity to disasters	No of fire stations constructed and equipping	1	2
Public Financial	To develop, sustain and safeguard a	No of financial reports	16	16
Management	transparent and accountable system for the	Annual financial statements	1	1
	management of public finances, resource	No. of audit reports	10	8
	mobilization, and oversee a stable	Amount of revenue collected	521M	749M
	macroeconomic environment for the economic development of the citizenry	Approved ADP,CBROP,CSFP, Budget	1	1
		Periodic M & E reports	4	4

Table 18: Summary of Devolution Sector performance of indicators FY 2020/2021

Source: Devolution Sector Working Group

67. To ensure efficient and effective service delivery and taking into cognizance the fact that the Sector coordinates the functions of the government, various cross-sectoral linkages were established and maintained. These include: considering and facilitating development of policies; promoting and enforcing good governance; coordinating all matters relating devolved functions; M&E of government programs and projects; external resource mobilization; public participation; Human Resource Management and Development (HRM&D) across all sectors; enhancing prudent public financial management; facilitating timely provision of official statistics for planning and decision making; mainstreaming youth empowerment initiatives; and oversight on public resource utilization.

# CHAPTER THREE: ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTS AND OUTLOOK

#### 3.1 National Macro-Economic Performance Gross Domestic Product(GDP) Growth

68. According to the 2022 Economic Survey, the national real GDP in 2021 was KShs 9,391.684 Billion, representing a 7.5 per cent growth from KShs 8,735.040 Billion recorded in 2020, this was an improvement from the contraction of 0.3 per cent recorded in the year 2020 due to the negative effects of COVID-19. The 7.5 per cent economic growth was the highest recorded in the last five years with the second highest growth of 5.6 per cent recorded in 2018 as shown in figure 14.

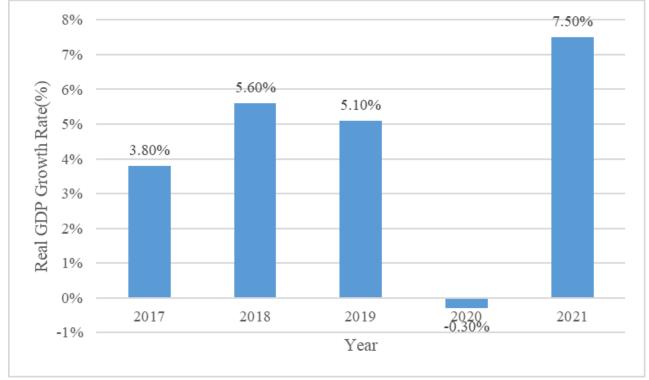


Figure 14:Annual Real GDP Growth Rates, percent 2017-2021 Source: Kenya National Bureau of Statistics

- 69. During the period, economic growth was supported by the recovery in the service and industry sectors. The sectors posted a 52.5 per cent growth which was mainly due to the recovery of the tourism sector. Other sectors that recorded improved performance include; education (21.4 %), financial and insurance activities (12.5%), information and communication (8.8%), wholesale and retail trade (7.9%), transport and storage (7.2 %), manufacturing (6.9 per cent) and real estate (6.7%). Agriculture, forestry and fishing activities remained the dominant sector, accounting for about 22.4 per cent despite contracting by 0.2 per cent in the review period.
- 70. In the first quarter of 2022, the economy expanded further by a remarkable 6.8 percent compared with a growth of 2.7 percent in a similar quarter in 2021. The strong performance was supported by continued recovery in manufacturing, transport and storage, accommodation and food services, wholesale and retail trade, professional, administration and support services and financial and insurance.

71. Activities in agriculture, forestry and fishing sector remained subdued in the first quarter of 2022. This was mainly attributed to depressed rainfall during the short rains of 2021 as well as delayed onset of long rains of 2022, thereby leading to reduced agricultural production. The sector is estimated to have contracted by 0.7 percent in the first quarter of 2022 compared to 0.4 percent growth in the first quarter of 2021. The poor performance of the sector was mainly due to the significant decline in horticultural exports and tea production. The sector's performance was however cushioned from a steeper slump by the increase in production of cane, milk, and coffee.

#### **Inflation Rate**

72. The overall inflation rate increased to 8.5 percent in August 2022 (above the 7.5 percent upper bound) from 6.6 percent in August 2021. This was mainly due to higher food and fuel prices in Kenya as triggered by higher global oil and food prices and the impact of the global monetary policy that has created tighter financial conditions. The increase in inflation was moderated by Government measures to stabilize fuel prices, lower electricity tariffs and subsidies on fertilizer prices. The trend in inflation over the last five years is presented in figure 15.

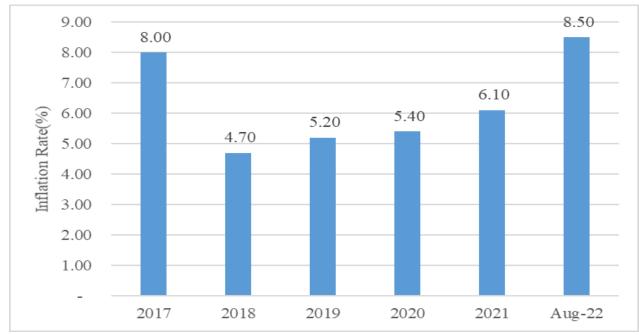


Figure 15: Inflation Rates, 2017-Aug 2022 Source: Kenya National Bureau of Statistics

- 73. Food inflation remain the main driver of overall year-on-year inflation in August 2022, contributing 5.9 percentage points, an increase from the 3.9 percentage points posted in August 2021. The increase was mainly attributed to prolonged drought and supply constraints that resulted in a rise in prices of key food items.
- 74. Fuel inflation remained generally stable contributing to 1.6 percentage points to year-onyear overall inflation in August 2022 from a contribution of 1.5 percentage points in August 2021. This was mainly due to government subsidies meant to stabilize fuel prices and lower electricity tariffs. However, there was notable increase in the prices of kerosene/paraffin, petrol and diesel in August 2022 compared to August 2021 due to higher global oil.

### **Fiscal Policy Outlook**

- 75. Fiscal policies over the medium-term aims at enhancing revenue mobilization, expenditure rationalization and strengthening management of public debt to minimize cost and risks of the portfolio, while accessing external concessional funding to finance development projects. This is geared towards economic recovery to support sustained, rapid and inclusive economic growth, safeguard livelihoods and continue the fiscal consolidation programme to create fiscal space for the implementation of government development Agenda. Some of the key policies meant to cushion the domestic economy from risks such as the prolonged drought, public expenditure pressure, inflation, supply chain constrains and the Russia-Ukraine ward include:
  - i. Subsidizing pump prices through the Petroleum Development Levy Fund;
  - ii. Reduction in electricity tariff by 15 percent to lower cost of power;
- Granting waiver of import duty on 540,000 metric tonnes of white non-genetically modified (non-GMO) imported into the country; and waived for a period of 3 months, the Railway Development Levy and the Import Declaration Fee on the importation of the gazetted white maize;
- iv. Implemented Fertilizer Subsidy to farmers during the April planting season (Ksh 3.0 billion) and a further Ksh 2.7 billion for the next planting season in October 2022;
- v. Reduced the VAT rate on LPG from 16% to 8% in the Finance Act, 2022;
- vi. Increased the minimum wage for low earners by 12 percent with effect from 1st May, 2022.

#### 3.2 County Economic Performance and Outlook

#### **County Economic Performance**

76. According to 2021 Gross County Product (GCP) Report, published by Kenya National Bureau of Statistics in May 2022, the county's nominal GDP was estimated at KSh 111.071 Billion in 2020 which represented 1.1 per cent of the National GDP in 2020 (KSh 9.892 Trillion). The county's GDP represented a 14.4 per cent increase from KSh 97.112 Billion in 2018 while the national GDP represented a 15.9 per cent increment from KSh 8.532 Trillion over the same period. Table 19 presents the Makueni Gross County Product 2018-2020.

Economic Activities	2018	2019	2020
Agriculture, forestry and fishing	25,202	30,228	32,741
Transport and storage	11,539	14,172	13,058
Public administration and defense	10,598	11,852	12,442
Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles	9,041	9,764	10,022
Education	9,646	9,603	9,014
Real estate activities	5,002	5,322	5,646
Construction	3,754	4,212	5,179
Manufacturing	4,893	4,896	5,165
Other service activities	4,314	4,606	4,153
Human health and social work activities	3,590	4,222	4,120
Professional, technical and support services	2,717	2,918	2,587
Information and communication	1,939	2,099	2,256
Administrative support services	1,382	1,543	1,315
Financial and insurance activities	1,085	1,211	1,150
Accommodation and food service activities	1,443	1,724	1,126
Mining and quarrying	665	690	753

Table 19: Makueni Gross County Product, 2018-2020

Economic Activities	2018	2019	2020
Water supply; waste collection	658	714	698
Electricity supply	195	205	216
Financial services indirectly measured	(551)	(595)	(570)
Total	97,112	109,383	111,071

Source: Kenya National Bureau of Statistics.

77. Agriculture, forestry and fishing activities accounted for the highest GCP in Makueni with a contribution of 29.5 per cent to the total GCP despite the COVID-19 pandemic which had hindered most of the economic activities. The other main key sectors by contribution to the GCP included: Transport and storage (11.8 per cent), Public administration and defense (11.2 per cent), Wholesale and retail trade; repair of motor vehicles (9.0per cent), Education (8.1 per cent), Real estate activities (5.1%), and Construction (4.7 per cent). Manufacturing sector though not a main sector in the county also contributed 4.7 per cent towards the GCP. In 2021, the GCP slightly improved as attributed to the containment of the pandemic which saw most economic activities improve hence positively impacting the economic growth of the county.

#### **County Sectoral Outlook**

#### Agriculture

- 78. Makueni county is mostly a rural county with 92 per cent of the residents dwelling in the rural areas while 8 per cent reside in the urban areas. Agriculture is the main source of livelihood with 78 per cent of the households involved in the activity which is mostly rain fed. In the year 2021, the county faced prolonged drought due to suppressed long and short rains which has negatively impacted most of the vulnerable rural. Most households in the county have depleted food stocks and the dismal performance of crop production will negatively impact on the household purchasing power and access to diversified foods
- 79. It is expected that the rising food prices, failed long rains as well as the predicted depressed October November December (OND) rains may lead to food and nutrition insecurity in the county. In September 2022, the county received a total of 1,560 bags (78MT) of the subsidized DAP fertilizer for use in the Oct-Nov-Dec 2022 planting season. Purchase and use of this fertilized may boost food production in the face of the low rains.
- 80. The Government has initiated a multi-agency drought mitigation response that is geared towards addressing the negative effects of the drought. With the declining Food availability and the likelihood that rains are likely to be below normal, the County Government has realigned the FY 2022/23 budget towards water harvesting programs and purchase of certified seeds.
- 81. Additionally, the county in collaboration with Kenya Red Cross Society and Kenya Meat Commission(KMC) will sensitize and further implement the livestock offtake programme as well as collaborate with other stakeholders to provide food relief to the most vulnerable households, offer food aid to ECDE and primary schools and sensitize the community on nutritional education.

#### Water

82. According to National Drought Management Authority, the county has been facing drought which has led to drying up of over 90 per cent of water dams and pans and

reduction of water levels in underground water sources. Human wildlife conflicts has been reported in communities living near chyullu park as wildlife tries to access the remaining few water resources. Households have been forced to travel longer distances to fetch water thus impacting on their ability to effectively participate in the economy. The county will engage stakeholders in disaster and risk management to mitigate the effects of water shortage through water trucking to vulnerable communities, repair and maintenance of strategic boreholes and provide fuel subsidy for water projects.

83. The Government will also prioritize desilting of earth dams and construction of medium size dams in the medium term, to increase the volume of water harvested in the oncoming rains.

#### **Commerce and Industry**

84. Wholesale, retail trade and repair of motor vehicle sector contribute 9 per cent towards the GCP. The Despite the negative effects of COVID-19 pandemic, the number of licensed businesses increased by 12 per cent from 38,121 in 2019 to 42,512 in 2020 signifying steady growth. The sector has made a slow recovery from the negative effects of COVID-19 pandemic and is expected to grow steadily over the year and in the MTEF period. The peaceful general elections have also provided a good trading environment which will enhance the county's ability to improve revenue collection for economic development.

#### **County Fiscal Outlook**

85. The Government is committed to enhancing resource mobilsation both internal and external as a key pillar in delivering the envisaged County socio economic transformation. The County endeavours to reduce over dependence on transfers from the National Government which has been increasing at a decreasing trend. To achieve this agenda, the County will implement programmes to support the county economic growth which is expected to translate to high own source revenue mobilisation to support county development. Additionally, the Government will establish and strengthen partnerships and collaborations geared towards tapping into more resources from donors and private investors to fund the County development agenda.

# **CHAPTER FOUR: RESOURCE ALLOCATION FRAMEWORK**

#### 4.1 Adjustments to the FY 2022/23 Budget

- 66. The FY 2022/23 budget is geared towards Building community resilience for sustainable development and prosperity. The budget was guided by 6 main Pillars namely; Deepening Equitable Development.; Accelerating Community-Led Development; Disaster Risk Management and Resilience Building; Accelerating post-COVID-19 Pandemic Recovery; Enhancing access to Universal Healthcare Services and Universal water coverage.
- 67. The total printed estimates for the FY 2022/23 is Kshs 9,832,783,562.00 comprised of Kshs 6,660,769,154.00 as recurrent budget representing 68 percent of the overall budget and Kshs 3,172,014,408.00 (32%) as Development Budget. The budget will be reviewed to take into consideration the delayed June equitable share allocation that led to accumulation of pending bills amounting to Kshs 700,831,223.37. The pending bills will be cleared once the revised budget is approved. Additionally, the revised budget will consider all ongoing projects to ensure their full completion to achieve the envisaged results.

#### 4.2 Medium-Term Fiscal Projections

#### **4.2.1 Revenue projections**

68. The FY 2023/24 budget is projected to increase to Kshs 9,889,411,181.62 from Kshs 9,832,783,562.00 in FY 2022/23 representing a growth of 1 per cent. The growth is contributed by a marginal increase of Equitable share as outlined in the 2022 National Budget Review and Outlook Paper and county generated revenues as highlighted in Table 20 below. The budget will be funded from three main sources namely equitable share – 83 percent, Conditional Allocations 3 - percent, loans and Grants – 5 percent and Own Source revenue at 9 percent.

Revenues	FY 2022/23	FY 2023/24	FY 2024/25	FY2025/26
	Projection	Projection	Projection	Projection
Equitable share from National	8,132,783,562.00	8,214,111,397.62	8,376,767,068.86	8,780,259,417.43
Government				
County generated revenue	850,000,000.00	950,000,000.00	1,000,000,000.00	1,045,000,000.00
Conditional allocations	110,638,298.00	110,638,298.00	110,638,298.00	110,638,298.00
Loans and Grants	739,361,702.00	614,661,486.00	714,661,486.00	787,593,306.00
PPPS & other Development	-	-	400,000,000.00	800,000,000.00
partners				
Total	9,832,783,562.00	9,889,411,181.62	10,602,066,852.86	11,523,491,021.43

Table 20: Fiscal Revenues for 2022/23-2025/26 MTEF period (Millions)

Source: Makueni County Treasury Projections, 2022

#### 4.2.2 Own Source Revenue Mobilization

69. The County has continuously enhanced its revenue mobilization strategies which resulted to a growth of 44 percent in the total revenues mobilized in FY 2021/22. The county projects to mobilize Kshs 950,000,000.00 as own source of revenue an

improvement of 12 percent from the targeted collection in FY 2022/23. The projections are expected to improve to 1.045 Billion in the medium term.

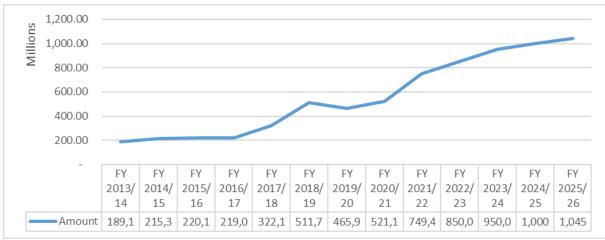


Figure 16: County Own Source Revenue FY 2013/14 - 2025/26 *Source: County Treasury*, 2022

70. Though the County has over the years recorded a gradual increase in own source revenue, the actual revenues collected fall short of potential principally due to challenges in collection and administration. To address these key challenges, the County shall institute the measures set out below.

No	Challenges	Interve	ention
1	Weaknesses in enforcing compliance by tax payers	i.	Establishment a dedicated enforcement and compliance unit that is appropriately trained to handle all revenue
			matters
		ii.	Restructuring the billing regime to ensure all related businesses activities for a single client are billed once
		iii.	Instituting a mandatory Registration of all businesses by providing a self-service portal in the revenue system that
		iv.	is customer friendly and easily accessible Establishing a county court to handle cases of non compliance
2	Human resource capacity deficits	i.	Instituting and entrenching Performance based reward system in revenue collection and administration
		ii.	Training officers involved in revenue collection and administration on soft skills and revenue enhancement strategies
3	Inability to exploit the potential in land based revenues especially property rates	i.	Constituting a team dedicated to land based revenue mobilization comprising officers from County Treasury and Department of Lands, Physical Planning, Mining and Environment
		ii.	Instituting measures to recover outstanding debts owed in respect of plot rent to all defaulters
		iii. iv.	Providing incentives to defaulters to encourage payment Implementing the valuation roll

No	Challenges	Intervention
		v. Ensuring adequate representation for County in land boards
		vi. Continuously updating property records to ensure all
		properties are captured in county lands data base and billed appropriately
4	Inadequate revenue policies and legislation	i. Carry out Legislative review of all laws related to Revenue collection, enforcement and compliance to address any legislative and policy gap
		ii. Analyze the National Policy to Support Enhancement o County Own-Source Revenue to identify key action areas for implementation
		iii. Enhance integration of all departments in revenue collection and reporting.
5	Automation and integration of revenue	i. Harness appropriate technologies and innovations in the management of county revenue
	administration challenges;	ii. Carry out audit review of the existing revenue Systems to ascertain their effectiveness and reliability
		iii. Integrate revenue systems to enhance accountability and reporting
		iv. Leverage on mobile money technology to minimize risks associated with handling cash
6	Ineffective internal controls and audit mechanisms	i. Strengthen supervision and audits in revenue collection and administration
7	Low level of investment	<ul> <li>Strengthen the capacity of department responsible for trade and industry to be able to market the county investment opportunity with a view to leveraging on its strategic positioning along a major transport corridor</li> </ul>

**4.2.3 External resource mobilization; strengthening partnerships and collaborations** The County acknowledges that for accelerated development, it is critical to involve and engage other key stakeholder, towards this end the county will,

- i. Develop and strengthen strategic partnerships to mobilize resources and maximize development outcomes. This action will target the National Government, neighboring counties, development partners, civil society organizations, and private sector institutions among others.
- ii. Develop the County PPP regulatory framework to enhance PPP engagements with the private sector in the medium term. This will be enhanced through the establishment of a County Public Private Partnership (PPP) Unit that will be tasked to promote participation of the private sector in the county development
- iii. Strengthen and build the capacity of the County external resource and donor liaison units
- iv. Further the County will establish a Makueni Leaders Development Caucus consisting of the Governor, Women Representative, Senator, Members of National Assembly, and Speaker to share ideas and build synergies rather than duplicate efforts. Ensure that county and national government personnel, consultants, development partners, and donors play a facilitative role in the development process while promoting community participation.

#### 4.2.4 Conditional allocations, Loans & Grants

71. The Government will enhance its engagement with development partners and the National Government to fund specific County Government development initiatives through conditional allocations, loans and grants. The funding is expected to increase to Kshs 1.698.23Million in the medium term.

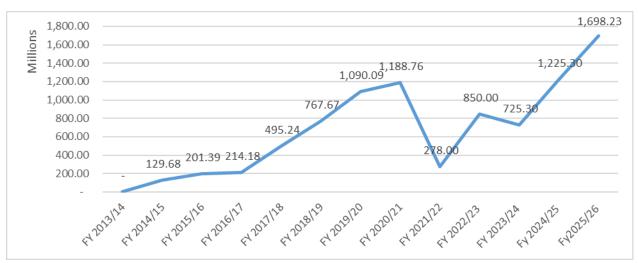


Figure 17: Conditional allocations, loans & grants *Source: The County Treasury* 

### **4.3Expenditure Projections**

### 4.3.1 FY 2023/24 – 2025/26 Projected Expenditure

72. The Budget for FY 2023/24 is projected to increase from Kshs 9,832,783,562.00 in FY 2022/23 to Kshs **9,889,411,181.62** representing an overall growth of 1%. The Recurrent expenditure is projected to be Kshs **6,792,046,086.87** an increase of 2 per cent from Kshs 6,660,769,154.00 in FY 2022/23. The Development Expenditure is estimated to be Kshs 3,097,365,094.75 representing 31% of the total County Budget.

Economic Classification	FY 2022/23 Budget Estimates	FY 2023/24 Projection	FY 2024/25 Projection	Fy2025/26 Projection
Salaries	4,351,577,966.98	4,438,609,526.32	4,527,381,716.84	4,617,929,351.18
Operation & Maintenance	2,309,191,187.02	2,353,436,560.56	2,326,869,932.45	2,395,980,243.78
Recurrent	6,660,769,154.00	6,792,046,086.87	6,854,251,649.30	7,013,909,594.96
Development	3,172,014,408.00	3,097,365,094.75	3,747,815,203.56	4,509,581,426.47
Total Budget	9,832,783,562.00	9,889,411,181.62	10,602,066,852.86	11,523,491,021.43
Development Index	32.26%	31.32%	35.35%	39.13%
Personnel Emoluments	44%	45%	43%	40%

Table 22: Projected Expenditures for 2022/23-2025/26 MTEF period

Source: The County Treasury

### 4.3.2 Overall Deficit and Financing

73. The budget for FY 2023/24 will be a balanced budget. The county expenditure priorities will be aligned with the available resources to ensure non- accumulation of pending bills.

However, in the medium term, the County will seek for funding through infrastructure bonds to finance its development priorities as outlined in the CIDP 2023-2027 that is being formulated.

### **4.3.3 Transfers to Entities**

74. The Government is committed towards promoting autonomy of all County Government entities. As such, the County will enhance the capacity of the entities to enhance their revenue mobilization strategies to reduce over reliance on the county exchequer. The MTEF resources take into account the transfers to County Agencies and Authorities including water companies, Sand Authority, Makueni Fruit Processing Authority and Wote Municipality.

#### 4.4 FY 2023/24 Medium-Term Expenditure Framework Policy shift

- 75. The FY 2023/24 Medium-Term Expenditure Framework will be guided by the development philosophy of '*Wauni wa Kwika Nesa na Ulungalu*" the desire to do good with integrity with a rallying call for "our people, our Priority". The Development theme for FY 2023/24 will be 'Enhancing efficiency for economic growth and community resilience' and will guided by the following objectives;
  - a. To enhance universal water access in the County
  - b. To create a conducive environment for investment and employment creation.
  - c. To improve urban infrastructural development socio economic transformation
  - d. To enhance public sector reforms towards efficient public service delivery.
  - e. To increase agricultural production, value addition and market access

The Development framework will be supported by the following key pillars;

**Enhanced Resource mobilization and Strategic Partnerships;** This will be aimed at enhancing resource mobilization to support the County Government Development agenda. This will be achieved through strengthening internal revenue generation systems, establishing and strengthening partnerships and collaborations, enhancing community contribution in development and Instituting appropriate controls to minimize wastage of county resources.

**Integration of ICT;** The Government is committed towards enhancing the use of ICT as a catalyst for enhancing service delivery and promoting accountability and transparency by ensuring information is readily available to the citizenry.

**Youth empowerment and innovation/ Mainstreaming;** The government will ensure youth programmes are integrated in all County Government programs to empower them by creating employment opportunities, reducing exposure to risks, enhancing their capacity and building their resilience to manage both economic and social shocks.

**Coordination and Service delivery;** The government will institute governance mechanisms to ensure harmonized coordination and improved service delivery. This process will involve instilling integrity, establishing robust accountability mechanisms, automation of government services, enhancing efficiency in service delivery, reengineering and strengthening the county administration as pivotal pillars in service delivery.

**Developed and self-sustaining cooperative movement;** As a means of enhancing agricultural productivity and profitability through enhanced marketing of agricultural produce and supporting extension programme.

## 4.5 Sector Medium term interventions.

In the medium term, the Government will implement the following key strategies and interventions;

## 4.5.1 Water and Sanitation

The Government objective over the medium term will be geared towards enhancing access to safe and potable water for drinking, agricultural and industrial activities. To achieve this agenda, the county will adopt the following interventions;

Key Focus Area	Strategic	Priority Activities FY 2023/24	
	interventions		
Enhance access	Development of	i. Construction/ rehabilitation of earth dams and sand dams	
to safe water for	Water Harvesting,	ii. Construction of water weirs across the main county rivers	
drinking,	Storage and	iii. Establish/Extend gravitable water distribution systems from the	
agriculture, and	Distribution	existing water resources targeting both households and the public	
industrial	infrastructure	institutions	
activities		iv. Promote rainwater harvesting at the household and institutional	
		level	
		v. Development of boreholes	
		Establish and operationalize county water fund	
	Strengthening water	i. Capacity building of water management structures, community	
	resource governance	groups, including women and youth, on effective water	
	structures	management	
		ii. Implementation and enforcement of water related legislative and	
		institutional frameworks.	
		iii. Enhance and strengthen partnerships in the water sector by	
		capacity building of water schemes on management of water	
		resources as well as in the WASH programme	
		iv. Operationalize Makueni Rural Water Board (MARUWAB)	
Enhance waste	Improved access to	i. Facilitating collection of solid waste in the markets	
management,	sanitation and	ii. Purchasing 10 skip bins, one exhauster	
pollution control,	sewerage services	iii. Construction of ten sanitation facilities across the county	
and sanitation		iv. Surveying and beaconing of four dumpsites	
		v. Construction of a Decentralized Treatment Facility in Wote town	
		vi. Adopt modern technologies and public-private partnership (PPP)	
		in waste management targeting household and market waste	

Table 23; Water and Sanitation Priority Areas

## 4.5.2 Agriculture and Food Security

The Government is committed towards enhancing agricultural production, productivity and profitability along the zoned value chains for increased household income and food security. This will be achieved through promoting smart agriculture, climate resilient farming and enhancing the irrigation development to reduce the overdependence on rain-fed agriculture. Key interventions under the sector over the medium term include;

Table 24; Agriculture and Food Security Priority Areas

Key Focus Areas	Strategic interventions	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
Increase the	i. Promote smart	
productivity and	agriculture	the various value chains.
profitability of crops	ii. Reengineering	ii. Strengneing cooperative movement to enhance
and livestock value	agricultural	marketing of agricultural produce
chains	extension services	iii. Enhance access to extension on climate- smart
	for effective	agricultural technologies, innovations, and practices
	technology	and establish regional demonstration centres.
	transfer	iv. Strengthen support for control of crop and animal
	iii. Strengthening	pests and diseases.
	pest and disease	v. Support profitable and nutritionally rich value chains
	control and	
	management	vi. Promote the use of kitchen gardens at household level.
	iv. Intensify irrigated	
	agriculture	for industrial crops, and expand land under irrigation.
	v. Enhance market	1 8 5
	access through	C C
	cooperatives	ix. Promote large-scale ranching and pasture
		development.
Streamline marketing	Promote proper handling,	i. Strengthen the leadership, governance, and
of both crops and	storage and aggregation of	
livestock value chains	farm produce	ii. Establish/rehabilitate aggregation centres to enhance
		access to prime markets.
		iii. Support farmers to improve the quality and safety of
		agricultural produce to enhance market access.
		iv. Establish online registration systems for buyers and
		establish virtual markets of agricultural produce to
		strengthen business linkages
Enhance value addition	i. Promote value	
and product	addition	processing, fruit packaging, and incubation of
diversification	ii. Promote agri-	<b>č</b>
	entrepreneurial	zones framework.
	skills	ii. Revive existing processing plants including; dairy
	iii. Promote	plants at Kathonzweni and Kikima, fruit processing
	agriculture	plant at Kalamba, the grain incubation centre at
	insurance	Mukuyuni and Makindu grain plants by strengthening
	iv. Support women	•
	and youth in	•
	agricultural enterprises	iv. Establish/ rehabilitate cold storage facilities, warehouses, and strategic stores.
	enterprises	v. Create an enabling environment for private
		investments and partnerships.
		vi. Establish a regional laboratory to enhance access to
		product quality testing capacity to ensure compliance
		to Kenyan standards
		to ixenyali stanuarus

## 4.5.3 Roads, Transport and Infrastructure

Roads, Infrastructure, Energy and ICT are key enablers of county economic growth. The Government is key to ensuring enhanced service delivery by improving the county infrastructure focusing on roads, energy, and ICT. This will increase the efficiency on delivery of Government services, enhance the productivity and profitability of various economic sectors, and attract investors to the county.

To ensure this is realized the Government will implement the following strategies in the medium term;

Key Focus area	Strategic	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
	Interventions	
Road network development and Improvement	Upgrading Road Infrastructure	<ul> <li>i. Levelling and gravelling all roads connecting the rural areas</li> <li>ii. Map and upgrade road infrastructure in roads interconnecting wards and sub counties</li> <li>iii. Upgrading to bitumen standards/ cabro paving of 6Kms town roads. (2Kms per sub-county)</li> <li>iv. Excavation of 1,000 cut-off drains linked to agricultural farms to spur production through access to water for irrigation</li> <li>v. Routine maintenance of 1,500km of roads through grading.</li> <li>vi. Construction of drifts along rivers Athi, Muooni, Kambu,Thange, Kiboko, Kaiti, Thwake and Mtito Andei</li> <li>vii. Carrying out periodic and routine maintenance of 300 Kms of County roads</li> <li>viii. Rehabilitation of the Mtito Andei-Manzui road (tourism road) ix. Establish a ballasting plant to supply materials for road</li> </ul>
Energy development and promotion	Develop Energy Infrastructure	<ul> <li>maintenance.</li> <li>i. Extension of power line, transmission line, transformer installations and distribution to all markets, health facilities, public utilities, schools, and households through REREC matching grant</li> <li>ii. Undertake green energy sensitization workshops per ward to enhance adoption of green energy across the county. This includes solar, wind, and bio-energy.</li> <li>iii. Installation of high mast floodlights and street lights in 5 urban areas</li> <li>iv. Facilitate PPP engagement to increase solar power production and distribution. This will also include providing linkages to the private sector for technology provision and credit facilities.</li> </ul>
Housing Development	Promote affordable Housing and Sustainable Living	i. Setting up and operationalization of 1 ABT centre in one of the CTTIs.
Information and Communication Technologies (ICTs)	Enhance ICT Infrastructure and Systems Development	<ul> <li>i. Expansion of the National Optic Fibre Backbone Infrastructure Connectivity (NOFBIC) to urban centers, Government institutions (Schools, offices, Hospitals)</li> <li>ii. Map Government Services and Increase automation to 34%/ E-Government services (Revenue mobilization, centralized fleet management, Human resource management; Drugs management, Resource mapping, land registry, Budget tracking and reporting, GIS, E Agriculture Extension and e- youth platform)</li> <li>iii. Construction, equipping and operationalization of two (2) CIC centers.</li> <li>iv. Training of 5,000 citizens on ICT programs</li> <li>v. Equip ICT Hub at Wote to train and equip youths with</li> </ul>

 Table 25; Roads, Transport and Infrastructure Priority Areas

Key Focus area	Strategic	Priority Activities FY 2023/24	
	Interventions		
		relevant ICT skills.	
		vi. Renovate, and equip ICT centres in wards for enhanced	
		support to education and other development activities.	
	Enhance access	i. Enhance the County website, open contracting portal,	
	to information	open budget portal	
		ii. digitizing community feedback mechanisms	

## 4.5.4 Health and Well-being

The Government is committed at providing equitable, affordable and quality healthcare to all citizens. To deliver this, the following interventions will be implemented in the medium term

Key Focus	Strategic	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
Areas	interventions	
Health Infrastructure	Upgrade and equip health facilities Automate health	<ul> <li>i. Establish Level 4 model health facilities where patients can access quality services to reduce self-referral to the higher level hospitals.</li> <li>ii. Adequately equip existing health facilities</li> <li>iii. Upgrade existing health infrastructure (Electricity, water, internet)</li> <li>iv. Establish health management information system (HMIS)</li> </ul>
	management and operations	incorporating the referral procedures from Level 2 to Level 5 health facilities and a database to support evidence-based decision making and resource allocation
Staffing and equipping health facilities	Strengthen human resource management and development	<ul> <li>i. Automate Human resource management of health staff</li> <li>ii. Recruit Specialized health personnel for provision of specialized health care services.</li> <li>iii. Enhance on Job Training and Mentorship to Health Care Workers Equitably distribute staff to Community Health Units based on workload.</li> </ul>
	Enhance access to medical supplies to all health facilities	<ul> <li>i. Automate the medical supplies system</li> <li>ii. Partner with KEMSA in ensuring timely delivery of medical supplies.</li> <li>iii. Introduce community pharmacies, laboratory and imaging center with subsidized prices of drugs and services</li> </ul>
Preventive and promotive health care	Promote primary healthcare at the community level	<ul> <li>i. Strengthening the community health strategy</li> <li>ii. Increase the no of Community Health Units (CHUs) and Community Health Volunteers</li> <li>iii. Facilitate the Community Health Volunteers with necessary skills and equipment</li> <li>iv. Train community health care workers on emerging development in health care service</li> <li>v. Establish partnerships with the communities and other key health providers in health education programmes</li> <li>vi. Support the community in initiatives of food production at household level and adoption of food and water hygiene</li> </ul>
	Enhance access to reproductive maternal, neonatal, child and adolescent services and sexual health education	<ul> <li>i. Increase uptake of reproductive health services.</li> <li>ii. Enhance child and maternal health and nutrition.</li> <li>iii. Increase county immunization coverage</li> <li>iv. Establish and operationalize youth friendly clinics</li> </ul>

Table 26; Health and well-being Priority Areas

Key Focus	Strategic	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
Areas	interventions	
	Provision of	i. Undertake Water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) and
	adequate curative	Community Led Total Sanitation (CLTS) programmes.
	health services and	ii. Strengthen screening services and awareness creation for
	promote community-	prevention and early detection of diseases
	driven health hygiene	iii. Strengthen diagnostic capacity for timely investigations and
	practices	treatment of infectious diseases
	1	iv. Improve psychosocial counseling services
	Intensify integrated	Work with the neighboring counties -South Eastern Kenya Economic
	disease surveillance	Bloc (SEKEB) affiliated counties to strengthen the management of
	and response	zoonotic diseases
Curative	Establish centers of	i. Equip Makueni Level 5 Hospital with specialized units for
Healthcare	excellence in	diagnostics and treatment including an oncology unit, renal unit,
Services	specialized medical	CT scan centre, radiology services, and MRI machine
	fields for diagnostics	ii. Establish a tele center to offer diagnostic services to patients
	and treatment.	located in remote locations and equipped medical personnel with
		ICT technology for providing distant diagnostic services
		iii. Develop private in-patient wings (amenity wards) to attract the
		middle class population while enhancing county resources.
		iv. Establish a doctor's plaza at level 4 and 5 hospitals
	Enhance County	i. Recruit, Train and retain Specialized health personnel for
	personnel capacity	provision of specialized health care services
	on specialized	ii. Collaboration with specialized hospitals to offer exchange of
	medical fields	medical programmes
	meatear netus	incurcar programmes
	Enhance access to	i. Equip the county health facilities with modern specialized
	specialized tests and	diagnostic equipment
	sample referral	ii. Employ/ deploy and retain specialized personnel
	mechanism.	
	Promote Quality	Automate health operations across all facilities and laboratories
	Management	
	Systems in County	
	Facilities	
Healthcare	Redesign Makueni	i. Sensitize communities to register for Makueni-care
Financing	Care	ii. Decentralize Makueni care registration to lower level health
-		facilities
		iii. Broaden the scope of services provided through Makueni Care
	Establish and	i. Link Makueni Care with the National Hospital Insurance
	strengthen	Fund (NHIF), the national UHC programme and other players in
	partnerships and	health care financing.
	collaborations with	ii. Creating awareness on NHIF and national UHC
	stakeholders	programme.
		iii. Collaborate with development partners to incentivize
		healthcare coordination and improve quality of healthcare.

### 4.5.5 Education and Training

The Government is committed towards ensuring inclusive and equitable quality education. To deliver this, the Government will implement the following interventions in the medium term.

	Tanu Training Fliority Aleas	
Key Focus Area	Strategic Interventions	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
Early Childhood	Enhance the quality of	i. Develop two model ECDE centres.
Development	learning and learning	ii. Facilitate supervision of Curriculum implementation
Education and	environment in ECDE, CTTI	and quality assurance in all ECDE centres
County Technical	and adult literacy centres.	iii. Provide teaching/learning materials to ECDE centers
Training Institutes		iv. Partner with the National Government to ensure
Development		accessibility and connection to social amenities and
_		infrastructure in catchment schools.
		v. Completion and operationalization of Makueni
		Training Centre-Nzeeni
		vi. Upgrade two CTTIs to Model status
	Enhance employment and	i. Capacity build 2400 ECDE teachers and 160 CTTI
	capacity development of	instructors in their areas of specialization.
	teachers	ii. Upgrade CTTIs to provide students with module-
		based courses that are market driven.
	Strengthen training of	iii. Enhance CTTI training towards building skills on
	artisans	enhancing the agenda for agricultural transformation,
		water access and housing.
		iv. Partner with relevant national institutions for
		certification of artisans and fabricators in the county.
	Enhance transition and	i. Implement the School feeding programme targeting
	retention of students in	45,000 learners.
	schools.	ii. Issuance of Bursary and Scholarship awards to
		deserving students
		iii. Guidance and mentorship of supported learners
		iv. Develop adequate sanitation facilities in ECDE
		centres.

Table 27; Education and Training Priority Areas

### 4.5.6 Trade and Industrialization

The Government is committed towards supporting industrialization to create employment and stimulate the overall county economic growth. To facilitate this, the Government will implement the following interventions in the medium term.

Key Focus area	Strategic Interventions	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
Industrialization	Enhance industrial development	<ul> <li>i. Establishment of the Special Economic Zone and an industrial park</li> <li>ii. Establish a Common Manufacturing Facility</li> <li>iii. Supporting development of 3 cottage industries along the priority value chains</li> </ul>
Entrepreneurship development	Promote MSME and entrepreneurial development	<ul> <li>i. Engage financial institutions in partnerships for increased community (including women and youth entrepreneurs) access to banking and financial services.</li> <li>ii. Operationalizing of Kenya Small Business Development Centre in Wote (Biashara Centre) to build the capacity of small traders</li> </ul>

Table 28; Trade and Industrialization Priority Areas

Key Focus area	Strategic	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
	Interventions	
		iii. Reengineer Tetheka to provide trade finance support to
		traders through SACCOs
		iv. Support youths trained as Business Extension Service providers to offer entrepreneurship training to entrepreneurs.
		v. Design and implement an apprenticeship and mentorship
		programme for existing and new enterprises through the
		Kenya Small Business Development Centre programme
		vi. Completion and operationalization of Emali fresh produce
		market
		vii. Establish modern kiosks for traders and stalls for fruit and
		vegetable markets
Marketing and	Promote Market	i. Provision of market information to traders and farmers
market access	Access and	ii. Maintenance of online marketing portal
	Marketing	iii. Hold and participate in Trade fairs, exhibitions and
		marketing forums
		iv. Develop marketing policy and legal framework
Cooperative	Strengthen	i. Revival of annual Ushirika day celebrations
Development	Governance and	ii. Revitalize agro- processing societies in the county.
	Capacities in Co-	iii. Enhancing Cooperative extension services
	operatives and	iv. Operationalize the Co-operative Fund to provide
	Saccos	working capital t societies
		v. Enhance capacity building in Cooperatives to
		strengthen governance

## 4.5.7 Land, Urban Planning, and Development

The county is committed towards sustainable land use and management. To deliver this the Government will implement the following strategies;

•		Priority Activities FY 2023/24	
	interventions		
Improve quality of	Urban planning and	i.	Undertake digital mapping and prepare urban
life in the county's	infrastructure		development plans to guide the general development of
urban centres	development		all towns in Makueni County.
		ii.	Implement urban planning and infrastructure
			development in some major towns in the sub- counties
			(Lighting, Social services, Solid waste management,
			sanitation and storm water management)
		iii.	Develop and implement a land use and development
			policy to guide urban planning.Structure town
			development and brand in 4-tier categories, namely city
			(Konza), municipality, towns, and urban centres to
			better guide the development of infrastructure.
		iv.	Establish urban governance boards and engage with the
			citizens for effective governance and provision of
			services in an efficient, democratic, just, and equitable
			manner
		v.	Ensure provision of social services including schools
			and health facilities in urban centres.

Table 29; Land, Urban Planning and Development Priority Areas

Key Focus Areas		Strategic		Priority Activities FY 2023/24
		interv	entions	
Land	tenure	i.	Land survey	i. Digitize land registry and establish a GIS lab to manage
security			and titling	land information for improving land and property valuation
		ii.	Land	and administration
			digitization	ii. Secure strategic public land reserves for establishment and
			and	development of key programmes such as public utilities,
			management	sports grounds, and industrial parks
			-	iii. Facilitate acquisition of title deeds

### 4.5.8 Natural Resource Management and Climate Change

As a measure to preserve the county natural resources mitigate against climate change, the county will focus on the following programs and interventions in the medium term;

Key Focus Areas	Strategic interventions	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
Protect the land	Improved Environmental	i. Gazette water catchment areas
from environmental	Conservation and	ii. Establish soil conservation demonstration sites targeting
degradation	Management	smallholder farmers.
		iii. Promote afforestation of all riparian land within the
		county using appropriate tree species
		iv. Enforce the Makueni Sand Conservation and Utilization
		Act 2022 and its regulations.
		v. Strengthen ward sand committees through capacity
		building on sand management.
		vi. Designate sand harvesting sites in sand belts
Care a line (1) a constant	Destance for a former and	vii. Construction of Sand Dams
Greening the county	Reclamation of forest and	i. Promote planting of drought resistant trees in all
by increasing tree cover to 15%	tree cover and landscape restoration	ecological zones in the county ii. Establish fruit trees in public institutions
cover to 15%	restoration	iii. Restoration of Nzueni and Yekanga county forests
		iv. Pegging and restoring of riparian land through
		afforestation using appropriate tree species.
		v. Rehabilitation of Mbooni hills land scape, Chyulu
		Hills land scape and Nzaui-Makuli landscape
		vi. Promote agroforestry farming in the county
		vii. Support the establish and run tree nurseries by schools,
		youth, women and PWD groups
Enhance climate	Strengthen institutions and	i. Develop and fund ward climate resilience projects
change adaptation,	coordination frameworks	ii. Develop and disseminate climate change action plan
mitigation, and	for climate change	and climate finance policy
resilience	resilience and response	iii. Mapping out climate change hotspots and their climate
		response plans
		iv. Design and implement five (5) innovative climate
		resilient projects integrating renewable energy, water
		harvesting, climate smart agriculture, forest
		management
D		v. Enhance climate change knowledge management.
Disaster	Enhance disaster risk	i. Capacity build communities on disaster preparedness,
Management	management	mitigation, response and risk reduction
		ii. Develop tools for preparedness and early warning
		approaches

Table 30; Natural Resource Management and Climate Change Priority Areas

iii. Integrate risk management principles and disaster risk
reduction practices in all county programs and projects. iv. Establishment satellite fire station and disaster
management unit

## 4.5.9 Tourism, Culture and Heritage

To harness the potential in tourism sector the government will implement the following strategies;

Key Program	Strategic interventions	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
Areas		
Develop and	Establish tourism	i. Profile and package County tourism investment
Promote	investment opportunities	opportunities
Sustainable	in the County	ii. Develop guidelines and incentives for investors.
Tourism in the		iii. Promote Meetings, Incentives, Conferences and
County		Exhibitions (MICE) tourism in the county
Objective;		iv. Brand Makueni tourism sites
Develop tourist	Identify, develop and	i. develop wildlife conservancies, ecotourism activities
attraction sites	promote tourism attraction	(zip lining, natural trails), and facilities (Eco lodges,
for wildlife,	sites for wildlife,	campsites)in Chyulu National Park; - Makuli forest,
adventure and	adventure and cultural	Makongo, Nzaui, animal sanctuary in Kiboko and
cultural tourism	tourism	tortoise and snake parks in collaboration with other
		partners.
		ii. Promote tourism around the county's attractions along
		the railway line, road network crossing the county;
		Thwake Dam; and Konza Techno City
		iii. Promote conference and industrial tourism
	Enhanced tourism service	i. Collaborate with tourism training institutions to offer
	quality	periodic training of service providers; and classification
		of the County hospitality facilities
	Promote culture and	i. Establish a culture museum to Conserve Akamba
	heritage tourism	culture and heritage
		ii. Revamp Makueni Handicrafts Cooperative Society
		curio and establish large scale handicraft
		centres/shop/showroom/handicrafts centre at Emali,
		Kibwezi West Sub County

Table 31; Tourism, Culture and Heritage Priority Areas

## 4.5.10 Youth Empowerment, Sports, and Social Inclusion

To enhance youth empowerment, talent creation and social inclusion, the Government will implement the following strategies:

Focus area	Strategic	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
	Interventions	
Employment creation	Develop youth enterprises and create employment opportunities	<ul> <li>i. Mainstreaming youth across all sectors.</li> <li>ii. Facilitate the incubation of youth businesses.</li> <li>iii. Develop youth entrepreneurial skills at the Makueni Industrial Park (MIP</li> <li>iv. Procure goods and services from youth enterprises under AGPO framework</li> </ul>

Table 32; Youth Empowerment, Sports, and Social Inclusion Priority Areas

Focus area	Strategic Interventions	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
		v. Provide credit to youth under the re-engineered tetheka fund
Skills development	Develop knowledge and skills of young people to enhance access to employment	<ul> <li>i. Partner with National Industrial Training Authority (NITA) and Kenya Industrial Research Development Institute (KIRDI), Kenya Bureau of Standards (KEBS) amongothers in equipping the youth with critical skills for improved employability</li> <li>ii. Enhance the apprenticeship, internship and mentorship programme for the youth.</li> <li>iii. Establish an integrated e-youth platform to enhance information access by the youth</li> <li>iv. Establish community libraries or social centres with ICT facilities to enable the flow of information and knowledge for effective social engagement.</li> <li>v. Support the development and dissemination of transformative agricultural technologies and interventions and ensure access by the youth to factors of production such as land, credit, insurance, and agricultural skills.</li> </ul>
Sports	Sports development and Talent nurturing	<ul> <li>i. Organize and facilitate the implementation of Makueni County sports tournament todevelop professional sporting activities in the county.</li> <li>ii. Establish co-creation spaces for the cultural and creative industries.</li> <li>iii. Train coaches for different disciplines to improve the quality of sports coaching.</li> <li>iv. Develop and commission constituency sports grounds in partnership with Members of County Assembly (MCAs).</li> </ul>
Social Safety	Strengthen social safety	i. Develop, promote and strengthen joint actions and collaboration towards prevention, reporting, and responding to gender-based violence.

## 4.5.11 Governance and service delivery

The Government is committed towards enhancing service delivery and good Governance. The key priority interventions in the medium term will be;

Focus area	Strategic	Priority Activities FY 2023/24
	Interventions	
Public Financial Management	Enhance Public Finance Management	<ul> <li>i. Strengthening legal and institutional framework for enhanced resource mobilization</li> <li>ii. Establish accountability mechanisms</li> <li>ii. Strengthening the PFM procedures (Planning, Revenue, Budgeting, Expenditure, Procurement, Auditing and reporting)</li> <li>v. Enhancing linkage between planning and budgeting</li> </ul>
Human Resource Management and Development	Enhancing Employee Productivity	<ul> <li>i. Improve work environment through provision of office spaces and tools for work</li> <li>ii. Implement staff welfare programs</li> <li>iii. Carry out competence based training and capacity building</li> <li>iv. Implement performance based reward and sanctions</li> <li>v. Implement staff establishment and career progression guidelines</li> <li>vi. Automation of human resource management functions</li> </ul>

Table 33; Governance and service delivery key priority areas

Focus area	Strategic	Pri	ority Activities FY 2023/24
	Interventions		
Result Based	Enhanced Evidence	i.	Enhance budget tracking
Management	based decision making	ii.	Implement rapid result initiatives
		iii.	Strengthen county statistics function & GIS based planning
		iv.	Implement CIMES guidelines and operationalize county
			monitoring and evaluation policy and guidelines
Devolution and	Enhance Open	i.	Co-ordination of service delivery
Governance	Governance and	ii.	Open governance, public participation and Civic Education
	Accountability	iii.	Enforcement and Compliance
	Enhanced citizen	iv.	Legal and Policy development
	engagement		

#### 4.6 Sector Indicative Ceilings

In the FY 2023/24 resource allocation will be guided by the priorities outlined in this County Budget Review and Outlook Paper, the Annual Development Plan and the Sector Working Group reports. Resource allocations will be guided by how;

- i. Programs are outcome oriented and are aligned towards achieving the County development agenda and aspirations and objectives;
- i. Programs are sustainable;
- ii. Programs support integration among wards, sub counties and departments;
- iii. Programs promotes increased water access, household income and food security.

Sector	FY 2022/23	FY 2023/24	Ration	FY 2024/25	FY 2025/26
	Printed Budget	Projected		<b>Projected Budget</b>	Projected Budget
	Estimates	Budget		Ceilings	Ceilings
Agriculture &	974,812,289.57	888,126,031.66	9%	893,439,268.89	982,975,671.01
Rural					
Development					
General Economic	133,800,909.12	145,476,927.30	1%	106,184,691.46	219,921,043.87
and Commercial					
Affairs					
Water,	646,775,931.79	727,539,161.18	7%	849,564,641.44	733,593,484.40
Environment and					
Natural Resources					
Health Services	3,395,678,196.55	3,440,032,940.27	35%	3,478,613,392.09	3,746,953,356.08
Social Protection,	860,654,743.03	834,976,437.89	8%	812,816,877.60	895,128,743.10
Education, Culture					
and Recreation					
Road, Transport,	575,550,188.79	631,058,192.56	6%	731,388,881.58	682,325,609.57
Energy and Public					
Works Sector					
Devolution Sector	3,245,511,303.15	3,222,201,490.76	33%	3,730,059,099.79	4,262,593,113.38
Total	9,832,783,562.00	9,889,411,181.62		10,602,066,852.85	11,523,491,021.43

EX 2025/26

Table 34: Indicative Sector Ceilings for MTEF period FY 2022/23 – FY 2025/26

### **CHAPTER FIVE:** CONCLUSION

76. The County Budget Review and Outlook Paper, highlights key interventions and outputs to be implemented in the FY 2023/24 and the medium term. As such all sectors are

required to start programming for the FY 2023/24 budget as per the prioritized interventions and objectives. This is required to inform the Sector Working Group reports and consequently the County Fiscal Strategy Paper 2023, that will set the ceilings for the FY 2023/24 budget. Sectors will be required to review their programs towards efficiency by targeting to achieve more with less resources.

- 77. Resource allocation in FY 2023/24 will be guided by the priorities in this CBROP and will be guided by; how the programmes are outcome oriented and are aligned towards achieving the County development aspirations and objectives; how sustainable they are; degree to which the proposed programmes and projects support integration among wards, sub counties and departments and degree to which a programme promotes increased household income and enhance food security.
- 78. Over the medium term, the Government will refocus its development strategy to funding high-impact projects that are outcome-oriented both at the Headquarters and ward. This will be done through;
  - i. Enhancing project and program conceptualization. This will promote projects that are multi-year with greater development outcomes.
  - ii. Setting clear development targets to be realized within the medium term
  - iii. Shifting to fund cross-border projects within wards and sub-counties
  - iv. Promoting community contribution and volunteerism in the implementation and management of development programmes.
- 79. The Sector Working Groups are a critical constituent and a key driver towards enhancing the County service delivery mechanisms for enhanced results. We will continuously strengthen the sectors to enhance cross sectoral linkages and support a one government approach in development. The Government will enhance the participatory budgeting process to ensure community priorities are outcome oriented and in line with the targeted development objectives. This will effectively inform the sector working group reports.
- 80. The Government will establish a robust resource mobilization strategy targeting the development partners. This is expected to reduce the over reliance in the National Government Transfers that have been increasing at a decreasing trend. The County Treasury in conjunction with the Directorate of donor liaison will offer the prerequisite support to sectors develop proposals for forwarding to potential development partners.

## ANNEXES 1: INDICATIVE DEPARTMENTAL CEILINGS

Department		FY 2022/23 Printed Budget Estimates	FY 2023/24 Projected Budget	FY 2024/25 Projected Budget Ceilings	FY 2025/26 Projected Budget Ceilings
County Attorneys Office	Rec Gross	13,993,374.69	14,273,242.18	14,226,112.82	14,617,006.16
	Dev Gross	-	-	-	-
	Estimates         Ceilings           prneys Office         Rec Gross         13,993,374.69         14,273,242.18         14,226,112           Dev Gross         -         -         -         -           Total Budget         13,993,374.69         14,273,242.18         14,226,112           Lic Service         Rec Gross         64,906,167.60         66,204,290.95         66,601,422           Dev Gross         53,000,000.00         20,000,000         20,000,000           Total Budget         117,906,167.60         86,204,290.95         86,601,422           of Lands, rban         Rec Gross         132,381,860.32         135,029,497.53         135,452,70           Dev Gross         155,200,000.00         53,000,000.00         53,000,000.01           th         Rec Gross         155,200,000.00         53,000,000.00         53,000,000.01           th         Dev Gross         -         -         -         -           Total Budget         174,935,567.17         178,434,278.51         179,647,37           Dev Gross         -         -         -         -           Total Budget         174,935,567.17         178,434,278.51         179,647,37           Dev Gross         S3,800,909.12         54,876,927.	14,226,112.82	14,617,006.16		
County Public Service	Rec Gross	64,906,167.60	66,204,290.95	66,601,428.44	68,229,915.86
Board	Dev Gross	53,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00
	Total Budget	117,906,167.60	86,204,290.95	86,601,428.44	88,229,915.86
Department of Lands,	Rec Gross	132,381,860.32	135,029,497.53	135,452,700.38	138,890,113.82
Mining & Urban	Dev Gross	155,200,000.00	53,000,000.00	53,000,000.00	53,000,000.00
Development	Total Budget	287,581,860.32	188,029,497.53	188,452,700.38	191,890,113.82
Governship	Rec Gross	174,935,567.17	178,434,278.51	179,647,371.03	183,993,689.91
	Dev Gross	-	-	-	-
	Total Budget	174,935,567.17	178,434,278.51	179,647,371.03	183,993,689.91
Department of Trade,	Rec Gross	53,800,909.12	54,876,927.30	55,584,691.46	56,821,043.87
Industry, Tourism	Dev Gross	80,000,000.00	90,600,000.00	50,600,000.00	163,100,000.00
	Total Budget	133,800,909.12	145,476,927.30	106,184,691.46	219,921,043.87
Department of Gender,	Rec Gross	90,754,358.05	92,569,445.21	93,404,609.55	95,597,713.13
Sports, Children, Culture	Dev Gross	36,520,000.00	82,000,000.00	52,000,000.00	72,000,000.00
& Social services	Total Budget	127,274,358.05	174,569,445.21	145,404,609.55	167,597,713.13
County Secretary	Rec Gross	450,702,036.70	459,716,077.44	458,356,132.74	470,920,155.91
	Dev Gross	-	55,000,000.00	55,000,000.00	55,000,000.00
	Total Budget	450,702,036.70	514,716,077.44	513,356,132.74	525,920,155.91
Department of Finance &	Rec Gross	543,678,354.77	554,551,921.87	555,789,412.41	570,056,586.13
Socio Economic Planning	Dev Gross	810,867,473.00	765,299,784.00	1,265,299,784.00	1,738,231,604.00
	Total Budget	1,354,545,827.77	1,319,851,705.87	1,821,089,196.41	2,308,288,190.13

Table 35: Indicative Sector Ceilings for MTEF period FY 2022/23 – FY 2025/26

Department of Education &	Rec Gross	453,830,384.98	462,906,992.68	469,912,268.05	480,031,029.97
ICT	Dev Gross	279,550,000.00	197,500,000.00	197,500,000.00	247,500,000.00
	Total Budget	733,380,384.98	660,406,992.68	667,412,268.05	727,531,029.97
Department of Roads,	Rec Gross	157,900,188.79	161,058,192.56	161,388,881.58	165,541,097.85
Transport, Works & Energy	Dev Gross	417,650,000.00	470,000,000.00	570,000,000.00	516,784,511.72
	Total Budget	575,550,188.79	631,058,192.56	731,388,881.58	682,325,609.57
Department of Agriculture, Irrigation, Livestock,	Rec Gross	280,976,994.25	286,596,534.13	291,486,568.51	297,585,557.19
Cooperatives & Fisheries development	Dev Gross	406,253,435.00	360,500,000.00	360,500,000.00	360,500,000.00
development	Total Budget	687,230,429.25	647,096,534.13	651,986,568.51	658,085,557.19
Department of Water,	Rec Gross	124,137,031.22	126,619,771.84	128,166,267.36	131,044,905.60
Environment & Climate	Dev Gross	432,880,000.00	519,965,310.75	640,415,419.56	519,965,310.75
Change	Total Budget	557,017,031.22	646,585,082.59	768,581,686.92	651,010,216.35
Sand Authority	Rec Gross	59,758,900.57	60,954,078.58	60,982,954.53	62,583,268.05
	Dev Gross	30,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00	20,000,000.00
	Total Budget	89,758,900.57	80,954,078.58	80,982,954.53	82,583,268.05
Department of Health	Rec Gross	3,006,834,696.55	3,065,032,940.27	3,103,613,392.09	3,171,953,356.08
Services	Dev Gross	388,843,500.00	375,000,000.00	375,000,000.00	575,000,000.00
	Total Budget	3,395,678,196.55	3,440,032,940.27	3,478,613,392.09	3,746,953,356.08
Department of Devolution, Participatory Development	Rec Gross	323,786,702.23	330,262,436.27	333,751,212.05	341,422,954.19
& Public Service	Dev Gross	66,250,000.00	35,500,000.00	35,500,000.00	35,500,000.00
	Total Budget	390,036,702.23	365,762,436.27	369,251,212.05	376,922,954.19
County Assembly	Rec Gross	728,391,627.00	742,959,459.54	745,887,646.30	764,621,201.22
	Dev Gross	15,000,000.00	-	-	-
	Total Budget	743,391,627.00	742,959,459.54	745,887,646.30	764,621,201.22
Wote Municipality	Rec Gross		-	-	-
	Dev Gross		53,000,000.00	53,000,000.00	133,000,000.00
	Total Budget	-	53,000,000.00	53,000,000.00	133,000,000.00

Total Budget	Rec Gross	6,660,769,154.00	6,792,046,086.87	6,854,251,649.29	7,013,909,594.96
	Dev Gross	3,172,014,408.00	3,097,365,094.75	3,747,815,203.56	4,509,581,426.47
	Total Budget	9,832,783,562.00	9,889,411,181.62	10,602,066,852.85	11,523,491,021.43

### ANNEXES 2: KEY INDICATORS AND MEDIUM TERM TARGETS

#### 1. Agriculture, Rural and Urban Development Sector

#### A. Agriculture, Irrigation, Livestock and Fisheries Development Subsector

Program	Indicator	Baseline	Tar	gets	Medium To	erm Targets
		2021	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Grain and Pulses	The area under green gram (Ha)	69,955	71,354	72,781	74,236	75,721
Development	Green grams production (MTs)	53,052	54,112	55,194	56,297	57,423
	Total area under maize (Ha)	150,726	152,323	153,855	155,393	156,946
	Annual maize production (MTs)	117,274	118,446	119,637	120,833	122,041
	MT of grains processed in Makindu Plant	50	1,600	2,000	2,500	3,000
Horticulture Value	MT of fresh fruits processed in MFPP	1,181.74	1,500.00	1,500.00	1,500.00	1,500.00
Chain Development	Area under Macadamia (Ha)	141	145	149	152	155
_	Annual Macadamia Production (MTs)	617	634	651	664	677
	The area under Avocado production (Ha)	340	350	361	371	382
	Avocado production in MTs	3,400	3,500	3,610	3,710	3,820
	The area under Mangoes production	21,309	21,522	21,737	21,954	22,174
	Annual Mango production in MT	297,090	300,059	303,057	306,082	309,149
	Area under tomatoes production (Ha)	792	807	824	840	857
	Quantity of tomatoes produced annually(MT)	24,685	25,184	25,714	26,214	26,744
Dairy Development	Dairy cow population	30,158	31,665	33,455	35,750	38,450
	Proportion of dairy cattle to total cattle population (%)	12	12.7	13.3	13.5	14
	Annual milk production (ltrs)	27,757,925	25,439,197	26,965,549	29,257,621	32,183,383
Integrated meat	Annual beef production (MT)	3,048	2,743	2,907	3,198	3,518
production and marketing	Annual goat and sheep meat production(MT)	2,509	2,634	2,766	2,904	3,049
	Number of livestock traded (cattle, goats and sheep)	110,688	132,825	136,810	140,914	144,437
Poultry Development	No. of eggs produced ('000) crates	1,304	1,382	1,493	1,627	1,790
	Annual poultry meat production (MT)	5,550	5,994	6,593	7,319	8,417
Irrigated Agriculture	The area under Horticultural irrigation (Ha)	7,181	7,216	7,252	7,289	7,325

Program	Indicator	Baseline   Targets   Medium Term Targets			erm Targets	
		2021	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Promotion						

#### B. Lands, Urban Development Sub Sector

Program/Projects	Key performance indicators	Baseline	Tar	gets	Medium Tern	n Targets
		2021	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Land Survey and Titling	No of markets surveyed	4	2	2	2	2
	No. of leasehold titles issued		200	200	200	200
	No of estate administration cases gazetted	768	500	500	500	500
	No. of leasehold titles issued		1000	1000	1000	1000
	No of land parcels purchased	40	3	3	3	3
	Acreage of public land parcels repossessed, demarcated and protected	2,523.40	150	150	150	150
Land Digitization and	No. of public plots verified and validated	26,969	1500	1500	1500	1500
Management		2400	1000	1000	1000	1000
Urban Development	No. of development plans prepared and approved	24	2	2	2	2
	No of approved development plans implemented	8	2	2	2	2
	No. of development applications submitted and processed by LAPC	-	-	5	5	5
Mineral Mapping and	No of minerals mapped and developed	1	1	1	1	1
Development		0	1	1	1	1
Mineral resources governance	Number of mining sites audited	4	2	2	2	2

#### 2. Roads, Transport, Infrastructure and Public Works Sector

Program	Key Performance Indicators	2021 Baseline	Tar	gets	Medium	Term Targets
			2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Road improvement program	Number of Km of road opened	783.2	50	50	30	20
	Number of kilometers upgraded to bitumen/ cabro standards	3.2	3	6	12	15
	Number of Km of road graveled	117.1	250	300	350	400
	Number of kilometers of road graded	1340.45	2500	3000	3500	400
	Number of drifts/ box culverts constructed	36	20	25	30	30

	Number of bridges and footbridges constructed	1	0	1	1	2
	Meters of mitre drains excavated	50,000	50,000	60,000	75,000	100,000
	Drainage and protection structures constructed (Culverts and Gabions)	1495	2000	2500	2500	3000
Rural electrification	Number of high mast floodlights installed (Solar & electricity powered)	5	5	10	20	25
	No of households adopting use of green energy	0	10,000	20,000	30,000	40,000
	No. of sensitization on green energy	0	10	50	100	250
	No. of streetlights/ flood installed (Solar & electricity powered	36	100	250	300	500
	% of electricity connection	25.2%	26%	30%	32%	35%
Urban development	Number of affordable houses constructed and renovated	0	5	25	50	100
	Kilometers of Storm Water drainage channels	2.67	3	5	10	10
	Area of non-motorable facilities constructed and parking areas	2320sm	1000SM	5000SM	10,000SM	20,000SM
	No. of county offices constructed	0	1	2	2	2
ICT promotion and	Percentage of government services automated	32%	34%	36%	40%	45%
Development	No. of county institutions connected to network	1	2	5	7	10
	No. of ICT systems developed	1	1	1	1	1
	No. of CIC constructed, equipped and operationalized	2	2	2	2	2
	No. of citizens trained on ICT programmes	2000	5000	5,000	5,000	5,000

#### 3. Water, Environment and Sanitation Sector

Program	Indicator	Baseline	Targets	Mediu	m Term T	argets
		2021	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Access to water	The proportion of HHs accessing water from improved water sources (%)	44	48	52	56	60
	The proportion of HHs accessing water from unimproved water sources (%)	56	52	48	44	40
	Average distance (km) to water points	4.0	3.6	3.2	2.8	2.4
Sanitation	The proportion of HHs accessing improved sanitation services (%)	85				ľ
	% of urban centers with access to sewerage system	0				ľ
	Number of constructed DTFs	3	0	1	1	1
	No. of functional waste management facility	0	0	2	2	ľ
	No of sanitation facilities constructed	12	5	10	5	5
	No of skips purchases	10	10	10	10	10
Forest and Landscape	No of hectares reseeded					
Restoration	no of tree seedlings planted	91,000	50,000	100,000	100,000	100,000
	No. of protected fragile zones	2	2	2	2	2
	No of landscapes/forest restored	2	1	2	2	2
	No of rivers rehabilitated					

	No of designated sand harvesting sites					
Climate Change	No of climate adaptation projects	16	1	5	5	5
Resilience and Response	No of climate smart technologies promoted	0	0	2	2	2
	Percentage of county population who are recipients of Climate Information Services	0	1	1	1	1
	for early warning					
	No of community based investments guided by climate information	16	1	5	5	5
Environmental	No of legal frameworks developed	2	1	3		
Conservation and	No of county projects with EIA and EA	15	5	20	20	20
Management	No of Environmental sensitization fora	43	30	50	50	50

#### 4. Health Services Sector

Sub-program/	Key Performance Indicators	Baseline	Tar	gets	Medium Term Targets		
Focus Area		2021	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	
<b>Program: Preventiv</b>	e and Promotive Services						
Immunization	Proportion of children under one year Fully immunized	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
	% of deliveries conducted under-skilled personnel	88.0	90.0	91.0	92.0	93.0	
	% of pregnant women attending at least 4 ANC visits	64.0	65.0	68.0	70.0	75.0	
	Proportion of pregnant women attending ANC who are	99.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
	supplemented with Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (IFAS)						
	Proportion of children 6-59 months supplemented with Vitamin A	77.0	80.0	80.0	85.0	90.0	
NCDs	Percentage of women aged 15-49 years screened for cervical cancer	0.1	0,3	0.5	0.6	1.0	
	% of over five outpatient cases patients screened for hypertension	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.5	1.0	
	% of over five outpatient cases screened for diabetes	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.5	1.0	
Psychosocial	No. of residents reached with counseling services	26740.0	33732.0	50000.0	60000.0	65000.0	
counseling	No. of one on one structured sessions	1738.0	3502.0	5000.0	6000.0	7000.0	
	No. of groups therapy services provided	2500.0	2750.0	3000.0	3300.0	3300.0	
Community Health	No. of established community health units	250.0	250.0	260.0	280.0	300.0	
Strategy	No. of community dialogue days conducted	800.0	900.0	1000.0	1880.0	2200.0	
HIV/AIDS	% of expectant women LWHIV who are currently on ART	97.0	98.0	98.5	99.0	100.0	
	% of HIV positive clients linked to care	98.0	99.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	
TB	TB cure rate	90.0	91.5	93.0	93.5	94.0	
	TB treatment success rate	95.0	96.0	97.0	98.0	99.0	
School health	Proportion of schools with required sanitation & hygiene standards	72.0	75.0	80.0	85.0	90.0	
	The proportion of school-going children dewormed	35.0	40.0	50.0	60.0	65.0	
Health Promotion	The number of world health days commemorated	5.0	6.0	8.0	9.0	10.0	
	Number of Radio/TV sessions held	8.0	9.0	10.0	11.0	12.0	
	Number of Health IEC materials both soft and hard designed, developed, printed and disseminated.	12400.0	14650.0	20000.0	22600.0	24000.0	

Public Health	No. of villages declared ODF	-	0.4	0.5	0.55	0.6
	Latrine coverage	92.0	93.0	94.0	95.0	96.0
	Inspection and Licensing of food premises	8500.0	9240.0	10000.0	11200.0	14000.0
Disease surveillance	Reporting timeliness & completeness of notifiable diseases	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
<b>Program: Curative &amp;</b>	k Rehabilitative Services					
Inpatient services	The average length of stay	5.5	5.4	5.2 days	5,1	5
	Facility death rate	5	4.8	4.6	4.50	4.40
	Percentage of facilities with sample referral networks	30	35	50.0	65.0	80.0
	Percentage of laboratories enrolled in External quality assurance	45	50	70.0	80.0	90.0
	schemes					
Pharmacy	Number of orders placed	4	4	4	4	4
Rehabilitative	No. physiotherapy visits	21470	22526	24,000	24,500	25,000
Services	No. orthopedic visits	15720	17480	19,500	20,500	21,000
	No. occupational therapy visits	9460	10538	11,500	12,300	13,700
Program: General A	dministration & Planning					
Health Infrastructure	No. of health facilities renovated	8	9	10	14	18
Health Automation	No. of facilities automated	2	3	4	6	10
Health Financing	No. of HH registered under Makueni care	5	10	30.00	30.00	40.00
	The proportion of population registered under NHIF	16	18	25.00	30.00	40.00
Human Resources	No. of staff recruited	90	110	150.00	100.00	100.00
for Health						

#### 5. General Economic and Commercial Affairs Sector

Programme	Indicators	Baseline 2021	Targets		Medium T	Ferm Targets
			2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Trade development	No. of MSMEs trained	35	100	120	140	180
and promotion	No. of stakeholders' fora held	4	2	3	4	6
	No. of trade infrastructure developed and renovated	5	4	4	4	4
	Disbursement of loans to traders in Ksh. Millions	0	50	100	150	200
	No. of weighing and measuring equipment verified	6,026	7,500	7,550	7,600	7,000
	No. of weighing and measuring equipment inspected	1,236	1,500	1,550	1,600	1,700
	No. of policies approved by The County Assembly	3	1	1	1	0
Industrial development	Number of products developed	6	6	5	5	5
	Number of innovations supported	0	6	8	10	10
	Number of Jua Kali association supported	4	6	6	6	6
	Complete incubation Centre	0	1	1	0	0
Marketing and market	Number of producers linked to market	0	24	30	35	45
linkages	No. of trade fairs and exhibitions held	0	4	4	4	4

	No. of Business to Business fora held	0	4	4	4	4	
	Approved marketing policy	0	1	0	0	0	
Tourism development	No. of tourism site promoted	0	0	2	2	2	
and promotion	No. of circuits promoted	0	2	1	1	1	
	No. of activities implemented in the master plan	0	2	2	2	2	
	No. of stakeholders engaged	1	2	2	2	2	
Cooperative	No. of new cooperative registered	7	5	5	5	5	
development	No. of cooperative audited	62	80	100	120	160	
	No. of cooperatives inspected	46	60	80	100	140	

#### 6. Devolution Sector

Program	Key Performance indicators	Baseline	Targets	Mediu	argets	
-		2021	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Public service Reforms	No. of automated HR processes	0	0	10	5	5
	% of operationalized of UHRIS	0	20%	30%	30%	20%
	No. of HR functions decentralized	0	6	6	6	6
	Record management system	0	0	1	1	1
General Administration and planning	No. of Policies	44	3	5	5	5
	No. of systems and structures established	11	2	2	1	1
	ISO certification	0	1	1	1	1
Legal services	No. of Office of the county attorney	1	1	1	1	1
-	No. of cases closed	3	2	2	2	2
Leadership and coordination of government	Number of cabinet meetings	52	52	52	52	52
business	No of employees under medical cover	3800	3800	3800	3800	3800
	Number of cabinet memos generated	40	40	40	40	40
	No. Performance Management of reports	6	6	6	6	6
Public Service Management	Employee satisfaction report	0	1	1	1	1
	Office Blocks	0	1	1	1	1
	No. of employees promoted	400	400	500	500	500
Devolution Affairs Management	% Realization of the County's devolution dividend	50%	30%	30%	30%	-
County Government Coordination	No. of sub county offices	3	1	2	-	-
	No. of ward offices	0	2	10	10	8
County Enforcement and compliance	% of Compliance	25%	30%	40%	30%	10%
Disaster management and risk reduction	No. of disaster units and fire station	1	2	2	1	1
Enhanced Citizen Engagement	No of community members involved in development	120,0000	120,0000	140,0000	150,0000	180,0000
	decision making					L
Strengthening self-governance and community led	No of CDD Projects	357	377	377	377	377
development	Operational Local development Organization (LDO)	1	1	1	1	1

Public Finance Management	No of financial reports	16	16	16	16	16
	Annual financial statements	1	1	1	1	1
	No. of audit reports	8	8	8	8	8
	Amount of Own Source Revenues Collected in Millions	749	800	850	900	950
	Approved ADP,CBROP,CSFP, PER,SWG, PBB, IFMIS	1	1	1	1	1
	,Periodical data/statistical abstract ,Budget					
	Periodic M & E reports (CAPR)	4	4	4	4	4

#### 7. Social Protection, Education, Culture and Recreation Sector A. Gender, Youth and Social Services Sub-Sector

Program	Key Performance indicators	Baseline	Targets	Mediu	ım Term T	argets
-		2021	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
Social Protection	Number of elderly persons supported with food materials and other materials	1664	1500	1500	1950	2500
	Number of PWDs provided with assorted assistive devices and other material support.	1081	1000	1000	1300	1690
	Number of OVC children supported with food materials, non-food materials, rescued, and offered psychosocial support	2300	2000	1000	1300	1690
	No. of beneficiaries of the initiative	3000	4000	5000	6000	7000
Sexual and Gender Based Violence Prevention and Mitigation	No. of cases reported	728	582	465	372	297
Conservation, Preservation and Promotion of	No. of cultural festivals and exhibitions held	3	4	5	6	7
Arts, Culture and Heritage	No. of trainings on intellectual property rights	1	3	4	6	8
	No. of artists promoted and supported in the cultural and creative industries	52	130	145	165	185
Youth empowerment	No of apprentices recruited and placed under Makueni Youth Apprenticeship Program	304	300	360	420	480
	No of youth recruited and placed under Ajira Kwa Vijana Program	1,200	1200	1,440	1,680	1,920
	No of youth under Ujuzi teketeke Program	184	200	240	280	320
	No. of boda boda youth trained and licensed	1,421	300	360	420	480
	No. of youth under Makueni Youth in Agribusiness Empowerment project	1,244	60	72	84	96
	No of youth serving organizations supported through grants	4	30	36	42	48
	No of Youth Trained under Building and construction	2,973	900	1,080	1,260	1,440

#### **B.** Education and Sports Sub-sector

Programme	Indicators	Baseline	Targets		Medium Term	Fargets
		2021	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26

Education and training	Number of children joining pre –school (ECDE)	43,634	44,000	45,000	46,000	47,000
	ECDE Retention rate (%)	91%	93%	95%	97%	98%
	Number of trainees enrolled in CTTIs	5,048	5,200	5,300	5,400	5,500
	CTTI Retention rate (%)	96%	97%	98%	98%	98%
	No. of learners benefitting from the county	531	621	711	801	891
	scholarships					
	No. of learners benefitting from the county	2,862	3,000	4,000	4,500	5,000
	bursaries					
Sports Development & Management	No of sports talent academies and facilities	1	1	1	1	1
	established and operationalized					
	No of playfields rehabilitated and standardized	1	3	3	3	3
	Number of sports leagues (Ligi-Mashinani/Supa	4	4	5	5	5
	Cup/KYISA) conducted in the county					
	No of young people involved in professional sports	20	25	30	35	40
	Number of federations officials, referees and	504	500	500	600	700
	coaches trained					