REPUBLIC OF KENYA



GOVERNMENT OF MAKUENI COUNTY



DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE AND SOCIO-ECONOMIC PLANNING

MAKUENI COUNTY FISCAL STRATEGY PAPER, 2025

Theme

"Stimulating local economies for shared prosperity"

Makueni County Fiscal Strategy Paper (CFSP) 2025 To obtain copies of the document, please contact: County Executive Committee Member - Finance, Planning, Budget and Revenue

County Treasury P. O. Box 78- 90300 **MAKUENI, KENYA** The document is also available on the internet at: <u>www.makueni.go.ke</u>

FOREWORD

The 2025 Makueni County Fiscal Strategy Paper (CFSP) is the third policy framework guiding the implementation of the Makueni County Integrated Development Plan (CIDP) 2023-2027 and the 2025/26 Annual Development Plan (ADP). This document serves as the county's primary tool for resource allocation, economic planning, and fiscal policy direction, ensuring alignment with the Medium-Term Expenditure Framework (MTEF) and national development priorities. Anchored on Section 117 of the Public Finance Management (PFM) Act, 2012, this CFSP provides a structured approach to enhancing service delivery, accelerating economic transformation, and promoting inclusive development.

Guided by the principle 'Wauni wa Kwika Nesa na Ulungalu'—the passion to serve with integrity and inspired by the rallying call "Our People, Our Priority" the fiscal policy for FY 2025/26 and the medium term is dedicated to stimulating local economies for shared prosperity under bottom up economic transformation agenda.

. This strategy focuses on:

- 1. Enhancing Water Security -Expanding access to clean and safe water for domestic, agricultural, and industrial use.
- 2. Agricultural Transformation -Increasing food production and value chain development to achieve food security and improved livelihoods.
- 3. Universal Healthcare -Strengthening healthcare infrastructure, improving service delivery, and ensuring access to quality medical care.
- 4. Youth Empowerment and Sports Development
- 5. Sustainable urban and infrastructure Development-Advancing road networks, urban planning, and integrated digital solutions for smart governance.
- 6. Public Sector Efficiency and Digital Innovation -Leveraging technology to enhance revenue collection, automate government services, and promote fiscal transparency.
- 7. Resource Mobilization and Private Sector Partnerships -Diversifying revenue streams, strengthening own-source revenue collection, and fostering strategic investments.

The 2025 CFSP is formulated against a backdrop of moderate global and domestic economic recovery, with Kenya's economy expected to grow by 5.3% in 2025, driven by agriculture, services, and targeted investments under the Bottom-Up Economic Transformation Agenda (BETA). Despite macroeconomic challenges, the county remains committed to fiscal discipline, expenditure efficiency, and economic resilience.

To strengthen fiscal sustainability, the county will prioritize high-impact programs and adopt zero-based budgeting to ensure optimal allocation of resources. Additionally, the county will align its fiscal policies with the national fiscal consolidation agenda, leveraging public-private partnerships (PPPs) to attract private sector investments and reduce reliance on national government transfers.

Public participation and stakeholder engagement remain cornerstones of our governance. By integrating citizen feedback, development partners' contributions, and expert insights, Makueni County will ensure inclusive decision-making and equitable development. This CFSP provides a strategic roadmap to drive economic transformation, enhance service delivery, and uplift the livelihoods of all county residents.

We urge all stakeholders, including government agencies, the private sector, development partners, and citizens, to actively participate in the realization of this strategy. Together, we can build a more prosperous, resilient, and sustainable Makueni County.

DAMARIS MUMO KAVOI, COUNTY EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE MEMBER-FINANCE, PLANNING, BUDGET AND REVENUE

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

The preparation of the Makueni County Fiscal Strategy Paper (CFSP) 2025/26 was made possible through the collective efforts, dedication, and expertise of various individuals and institutions. We extend our deepest gratitude to all those who contributed to the development of this crucial document, ensuring that it remains comprehensive, data-driven, and aligned with the county's development priorities.

Our sincere appreciation goes to His Excellency the Governor, the Deputy Governor, the County Secretary, and the entire County Executive Committee for their visionary leadership, strategic guidance, and unwavering commitment to fiscal prudence and sustainable development.

A special thank you to the County Executive Committee Member for Finance, whose dedication to sound financial management and strategic planning has been instrumental in shaping this document. Your efforts in coordinating the budget process, ensuring alignment with legal frameworks, and driving fiscal sustainability are highly commendable.

We also recognize the invaluable contributions of Chief Officers, Directors, and technical officers in Budget and Expenditure, Socio-Economic Planning, Revenue, and Monitoring & Evaluation units. Your expertise, analytical rigor, and commitment to evidence-based planning have greatly enriched the formulation of this strategy paper.

Our gratitude extends to the County Budget and Economic Forum (CBEF) for their invaluable input, constructive discussions, and stakeholder representation, ensuring that this strategy reflects the needs and aspirations of the people of Makueni. We also appreciate the Sector Working Groups (SWGs) for their in-depth technical contributions, which have strengthened the fiscal and policy framework of this document.

A heartfelt thank you to the citizens of Makueni County for their active participation, feedback, and engagement in the preparation of this paper. Your voices continue to shape policies that drive inclusive growth, economic empowerment, and service delivery improvements.

This 2025/26 CFSP is a testament to our shared commitment to prudent financial management, fiscal discipline, and sustainable development. As we move forward, we reaffirm our dedication to transparent governance, efficient resource allocation, and people-cantered development, ensuring that Makueni County remains on a path of economic transformation and social progress.

MUTUA BONIFACE CHIEF OFFICER SOCIO-ECONOMIC PLANNING BUDGETING, REVENUE, MONITORING AND EVALUATION

| | o f Contents VLEDGEMENT |
|------------|--|
| Table of C | Contents |
| LIST OF | TABLESvii |
| LIST OF | FIGURES |
| 1.0 IN | TRODUCTION |
| | DUNTY GOVERNMENT FISCAL PERFROMANCE |
| 2.1 | Revenue Performance |
| 2.1.1 | Own Source Revenue Collection |
| 2.2 | Expenditure Performance for FY 2023/24 |
| 2.2.1 | Summary of Departmental Expenditures |
| 2.2.2 | Summary of Departmental Expenditures by programmes |
| 2.3 | FY 2024/25 Half Year Revenue Performance12 |
| 2.3.1 | Own Source Revenue |
| 2.4 | Equitable Share, Conditional Allocations, Loans and Grants Performance |
| 2.4.1 | Revenue Trend for FY 2022/23, 2023/24 and 2024/251 |
| 2.4.2 | Receipts into Makueni County Revenue Fund(CRF) for Half year of FY 2024/2510 |
| 2.4.3 | Exchequer Disbursements from the National government10 |
| 2.4.4 | Funds released to the Makueni Operational Accounts (approvals by COB)10 |
| 2.5 | FY 2024/25 Half Year Expenditure Performance |
| 2.5.1 | Overall Expenditure Performance for the First Half of FY 2024/2510 |
| 2.5.2 | FY 2024/25 Half Year Expenditure by Economic Classification |
| 2.5.3 | Departmental Expenditures |
| 2.5.4 | Expenditure by Programme and Sub programme |
| 2.6 | Sectoral Performance, FY2021/22-2023/2424 |
| 2.6.1 | Water, Sanitation, Environment and Natural Resources24 |
| 2.6.2 | Agriculture and Rural Development |
| 2.6.3 | Transport, Infrastructure, Public Works, Energy and ICT29 |
| 2.6.4 | Health Services |
| 2.6.5 | Social Protection, Education, and Recreation |
| 2.6.6 | General Economic and Commercial Affairs |
| 2.6.7 | Lands and Urban Development |

| DRAFT | 2025 MAKUENI COUNTY FISCAL STRATEGY PAPER(CFSP) FOR PUBLIC PARTICIPATION |
|--------|---|
| 2.6. | 8 Devolution Sector |
| 3.0 R | ECENT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTS AND OUTLOOK |
| 3.1. | Introduction |
| 3.2. | National Macro-Economic Performance44 |
| 3.2. | 1. Inflation Outcomes |
| 3.2. | 2. Unemployment45 |
| | DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES - FY 2025/26 – 2027/28 MEDIUM TERM EXPENDITURE WORK |
| 4.1. | Introduction |
| 4.2. K | Xey FY 2025/26 Medium-Term Expenditure Framework Policy Shift |
| 4.2. | 1 Water, Sanitation, Environment and Natural Resources |
| 4.2. | 2 Agriculture and Rural Development |
| 4.2. | 3 Transport, Infrastructure, Public Works, Energy and ICT |
| 4.2. | 4 Health Services |
| 4.2. | 5 Social Protection, Education, and Recreation |
| 4.4. | 6. General Economic and Commercial Affairs |
| 4.2. | 1 |
| 4.2. | 7 Devolution Sector |
| | RESOURCE ENVELOPE FOR THE FY 2024/25 – 2026/27 MEDIUM TERM EXPENDITURE |
| FRAME | WORK |
| 5.1 | County Fiscal Outlook |
| 5.2 | Revenue Allocation to County Governments |
| 5.3 | FY 2025/26 County Government Resource Envelope |
| 5.4 | Own Source Revenue Mobilization |
| 5.5 | External Resource Mobilization, Strengthening Partnerships and Collaborations |
| 5.6 | Conditional Allocations, Loans and Grants |
| 5.7 | Expenditure Projections |
| 5.8 | Overall Deficit, Borrowing and Financing72 |
| 5.9 | Management and Payment of Pending Bills |
| 5.10 | Medium Term Debt Management Strategy |
| 5.11 | Fiscal Sensitivity Analysis |
| 5.12 | Transfer to Entities |
| | |

| DRAFT 2025 MAKUENI COUNTY FISCAL STRATEGY PAPER(CFSP) FOR PUBLIC PARTICIPATION |
|--|
| 5.13 Fiscal Responsibility Principles |
| 5.14 Risk Mitigation Framework for FY 2025/26 – FY 2027/28 Medium Term |
| 6.0 COUNTY HORIZONTAL RESOURCE ALLOCATION |
| 6.1 Recurrent Ceilings |
| 6.1.1 Personnel Emoluments77 |
| 6.1.2 Operation and Maintenance |
| 6.2 Development Ceilings |
| 7.0 ANNEXES |
| ANNEX I: DEPARTMENTAL CEILINGS |
| Annex II: FY 2025/26– FY 2027/28 MTEF Flagships |
| Annex III: FY 2025/26 – FY 2027/28 MTEF Own Source Revenue Projections |
| ANNEX IV: FY 2025/26 – FY 2027/28 MTEF KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS |

| LIST OF TABLES | |
|---|-----|
| Table 1: Fiscal Performance for the FY 2023/24 (Kshs) | 3 |
| Table 2: Comparison of Actual Revenues - FY 2021/22 - FY 2023/24 (Kshs. Millions) | |
| Table 3: Expenditure by Economic Classification | |
| Table 4:Departmental Expenditures Per Economic Classification | |
| Table 5: Expenditure by Programme and Sub Programmes | 6 |
| Table 6: FY 2024/25 second quarter OSR Performance per Stream | 11 |
| Table 7: FY 2024/25 Second Quarter Equitable share, conditional allocations, loans and grants | 12 |
| Table 8: Revenue Performance Per Source in comparison with quarter Two for FY 2022/23, 2023/24 a | and |
| 2024/25 | 13 |
| Table 9: Revenue Performance Per Stream in comparison with quarter two for FY 2022/23, 2023/24 ar | nd |
| 2024/25 | 13 |
| Table 10: Expenditure by Economic Classification as at 31 st December, 2024 | 17 |
| Table 11: Departmental Expenditures per Economic Classification | 18 |
| Table 12: Expenditure By Programme and Sub Programmes | |
| Table 13: Expenditure By Programme and Sub Programmes | 25 |
| Table 14: Budget Summary and Expenditure as at 31 st December 2024 | |
| Table 15: Health Department Summary of budget and expenditures | 33 |
| Table 16: Expenditure Summary for FY 2024/25 half year | |
| Table 17:Expenditure Analysis per Economic Classification | |
| Table 18:Summary of Budget and Expenditures | 38 |
| Table 19: Department Lands Summary of Budget and Expenditures | |
| Table 20: Devolution Financial Performance for FY 2023/24 | 43 |
| Table 21: Water, Sanitation, Environment and Natural Resources Priorities | 50 |
| Table 22:Sector Programmes, Strategic Interventions, and Priority Activities for FY 2025/26 | 52 |
| Table 23: Proposed Infrastructure Sector Interventions For FY 2025/26 | 54 |
| Table 24:Health Sector, Strategic Interventions | |
| Table 25: Sector Priorities in The Medium Term | 58 |
| Table 26: General Economic and Commercial Affairs Sector priorities | 59 |
| Table 27: Lands and Urban Development Strategic Interventions | 60 |
| Table 28:Sector Programmes, Strategic Interventions, and Priority Activities/Projects for FY 2025/26. | 62 |
| Table 29:Revenue Allocation to County Governments in Millions | 67 |
| Table 30:Revenue Allocation to County Governments by Category in Millions | 67 |
| Table 31: Fiscal Revenues for 2025/26-2027/28 MTEF Period in KShs | 68 |
| Table 32:Conditional Allocation, loans and grants per department | 71 |
| Table 33:Expenditure Projections | 72 |
| Table 34: Revenue Sensitivity Analysis | 74 |
| Table 35: Risks and mitigation measures | 76 |
| Table 36: Personnel Emoluments Ceiling FY 2025/25 (in Millions) | 77 |
| Table 37: Operation and Maintenance Budget Ceilings in Millions | 78 |
| Table 38:Development Ceilings for FY 2025/26 (in Millions) | 79 |
| | |

LIST OF FIGURES

| Figure 1: Own Source Revenue Performance FY 2021/22 – 2023/24 | 4 |
|---|------|
| Figure 2: Overall Expenditure Performance for the First Half of FY 2024/25 | .16 |
| Figure 3: Water Sector, FY 2021/22- FY 2023/24 Expenditure performance | .24 |
| Figure 4:Water sector Expenditure by main economic classification | .26 |
| Figure 5: Expenditure trends sector of Agriculture and Rural Development | .26 |
| Figure 6:FY 2024/25 Half Year Non-Financial Performance | .28 |
| Figure 7:FY 2023/24 Sector Fiscal Performance | .30 |
| Figure 8: Infrastructure, Expenditure Summary per Economic classification for Transport Department. | .31 |
| Figure 9: Budget Vs Expenditure Performance | .32 |
| Figure 10: Department of Health Services Expenditure per Economic Classification | .33 |
| Figure 11: Education and Internship Sub Sector Performance | .34 |
| Figure 12:Department of Education Expenditure by Economic Classification | .35 |
| Figure 13:Gender and social services expenditure performance | |
| Figure 14:Gender ,Expenditure by Main Economic Classification | .37 |
| Figure 15:Trade Budget, Expenditure and Absorption Rate | . 38 |
| Figure 16:Expenditure percentage per economic classification | . 39 |
| Figure 17: Trade Budget, Expenditure and Absorption Rate | .40 |
| Figure 18: Department Lands Expenditure by Economic Classification | .41 |
| Figure 19: Devolution Sector Expenditure Performance FY 2021/22-FY 2023/24 | .42 |
| Figure 20: Makueni Average Contribution to National GCP by Sector, 2019 – 2023 | .46 |
| Figure 21: County Own Source Revenue for FY 2019/20 -2026/27 | |
| Figure 22: Conditional Allocations, Loans and Grants | .71 |

1.0 INTRODUCTION

- 1. The 2024 County Fiscal Strategy Paper (CFSP) is prepared pursuant to the provisions of Section 117 of the Public Finance Management Act, (PFMA), 2012. The PFMA mandates the County Executive Committee Member for Finance to prepare and submit the paper by 28th February each year to the County Assembly. The CFSP serves as a foundational document that outlines the financial roadmap for the upcoming financial year 2025/26.
- 2. The Makueni County Fiscal Strategy Paper (CSP) for the Financial Year 2025/26 is anchored on the National economic framework set out in the 2025 Budget Policy Statement (BPS) and aligns with the county economic planning framework; County Integrated Development Plan (CIDP) 2023-27 and the FY 2025/26 Annual Development Plan (ADP).
- 3. It outlines strategic priorities aimed at stimulating local economies through fostering economic transformation, sustainable development, and inclusive growth for shared prosperity. The economic transformation will be driven by the sectors of water, agriculture, social protection, health, lands and trade, to stimulate local livelihoods tailored to each ward's specific needs. The government will adopt prudent financial management strategies, including zero-based budgeting, improved cash management, and digital solutions to enhance transparency, accountability, and efficient service delivery.

Key Objectives and Guiding Principles of the Fiscal Strategy

- 4. To consolidate the gains made under CIDP III and BETA, the government will pursue the following strategic objectives over the medium term;
 - a. **Support Economic Transformation and Job Creation** Provide supportive investment in key sectors such as agriculture, water, education, and infrastructure to improve livelihoods and create jobs.
 - b. Address Emerging Development Challenges Integrate strategies to tackle climate change, unemployment, food insecurity, and urbanization, ensuring a resilient and adaptive county economy.
 - c. **Integrate Climate-Resilient Strategies into development interventions** Mainstream climate adaptation and mitigation measures in county programs, aligning with national and global efforts to combat climate change.
 - d. **Strengthen Revenue Mobilization** Enhance Own-Source Revenue collection and external resource mobilization through strategic partnership, reduce dependency on national government transfers, and improve fiscal sustainability through innovative revenue strategies.
 - e. Align County Priorities with National Development Goals Harmonize county priorities with Kenya Vision 2030, the Medium-Term Plan IV (MTP IV), and other national policies to foster a coordinated approach to economic growth and development.
 - f. **Promote Prudent Financial Management** Uphold the principles of the Public Finance Management (PFM) Act, 2012, ensuring fiscal discipline, accountability, and efficient resource utilization.

- g. Enhance Public Participation and Transparency Foster citizen engagement in the budget-making process, ensuring inclusivity, trust, and accountability in decision-making.
- h. **Promote Equity and Inclusivity in Resource Allocation** Distribute resources equitably, prioritizing underserved areas and vulnerable populations in line with constitutional provisions and county legal framework.
- i. **Provide a Framework for Budget Preparation** Define fiscal policies, expenditure priorities, and revenue strategies that will guide the formulation of the 2025/26 Annual Budget and medium-term plans.
- 5. These strategic objectives will position Makueni County as a model on efficient and sustainable governance, fostering economic growth and an improved quality of life for all residents. The government will drive a transformative development agenda that is inclusive, sustainable, and resilient.

2.0 COUNTY GOVERNMENT FISCAL PERFROMANCE

6. The County Government's Supplementary budget for FY 2023/24 was Kshs 11,182,335,101, which included Kshs 7,850,595,171(70%) for recurrent and Kshs 3,331,739,929(30%) for development. Funding was sourced from: Equitable share - Kshs 8,455,460,962 (76%), FY 2022/23 reallocation funds - Kshs 641,011,699 (6%), Own Source Revenue - Kshs 1,240,000,000 (11%), and Conditional allocation loans and grants - Kshs 845,862,440 (7%).

2.1 Revenue Performance

7. The overall revenue performance in FY 2023/24 was 88 percent (Kshs. 9,889,633,424) of the total budgeted revenue of Kshs. 11,182,335,101. Tables 1 and 2 show the fiscal performance for FY 2023/24, as well as a comparison of actual revenues between FY 2021/22 and FY 2023/24.

| Revenue Source | FY 2023/24 | Performance | Variance | Performance | |
|---|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| | Revised Budget | as at Jun 30, | | Rate (%) | |
| | (2) Estimates | 2024 | | | |
| Equitable Share | 8,455,460,962 | 7,779,024,084 | 676,436,878 | 92% | |
| Conditional Allocations | 298,559,617 | - | 298,559,617 | 0% | |
| Loans and Grants | 547,302,823 | 424,510,797 | 122,792,026 | 78% | |
| Total Conditional Allocations, Loans And Grants | 845,862,440 | 424,510,797 | 421,351,643 | 50% | |
| Other Revenues Sub Total | 9,301,323,402 | 8,203,534,881 | 1,097,788,521 | 88% | |
| County Own Generated Revenue- Other Streams | 865,000,000 | 490,586,795 | 374,413,205 | 57% | |
| County Own Generated Revenue- AIA | 375,000,000 | 554,500,049 | -179,500,049 | 148% | |
| Total OSR | 1,240,000,000 | 1,045,086,844 | 194,913,156 | 84% | |
| Total OSR & Other Revenues FY 2023/24 | 10,541,323,402 | 9,248,621,725 | 1,292,701,677 | 88% | |
| FY 2022/23 Reallocation Funds | 641,011,699 | 641,011,699 | 0 | 100% | |
| Total Revenues | 11,182,335,101 | 9,889,633,424 | 1,292,701,677 | 88% | |

Table 1: Fiscal Performance for the FY 2023/24 (Kshs)

Source: County Treasury.

8. Actual revenue performance for FY 2023/24 recorded a 6 percent marginal decline in absolute revenues compared to FY 2022/23 actual receipts. This shortfall was primarily attributed to delays in the exchequer release during the final month of the financial year. However, the county received Kshs. 641 million in fund balances carried forward from FY 2022/23, providing additional resources to support ongoing programs and service delivery.

| Table 2: Comparison | of Actual Rev | venues - FY 2021/22 - | - FY 2023/24 (Kshs. Millions) |
|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
|---------------------|---------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------|

| Sources | FY 2021/22 Actuals | FY 2022/23 Actuals | FY 2023/24 Actuals | Change 22/23 Vs 23/24 | % Change |
|--|-----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------|
| Equitable Share | 8,132 | 8,132 | 7,779 | -354 | -4% |
| Conditional Allocations (Loans and Grants) | 499 | 441 | 425 | -17 | -4% |
| Own Source Revenue | 749 | 892 | 1,045 | 153 | 17% |
| Reallocation Funds | 1502 | 1103 | 641 | -462 | -42% |
| Total | 10,882 | 10,568 | 9,889 | -679 | -6% |

Source: County Treasury,2025

2.1.1 Own Source Revenue Collection

9. Own Source Revenue (OSR) has increased steadily over the Financial Years, rising from Kshs 749,406,507 in 2021/22 to Kshs 1,045,086,846 in 2023/24. This is representing 40% increase highlights the government effort toward revenue collection.



Figure 1: Own Source Revenue Performance FY 2021/22 – 2023/24 Source: County Treasury.

10. FY 2023/24 Own Source Revenue grew by 17percent, from Kshs. 891,595,987 in FY 2022/23 to Kshs. 1,045,086,846. This is attributed to strategic interventions employed by the government such as; unified invoicing to streamline billing, integrated revenue collection through departmental coordination, and the adoption of cashless payments to enhance convenience and curb corruption. The government has also established structured revenue streams, such as parking fees, leveraged on business census data for targeted revenue mobilization, and implemented rapid revenue collection initiatives. Additionally, public awareness campaigns promoted voluntary compliance, further strengthening the county's revenue performance.

2.2 Expenditure Performance for FY 2023/24

2.2.1 Summary of Departmental Expenditures

11. In the Financial Year ending 30th June 2024, the County Government spent Kshs. 9,014,007,046 against a revised budget of Kshs. 11,182,335,101, achieving an overall absorption rate of 81 percent, down from 91 percent in FY 2022/23. The County Executive and the County Assembly utilized Kshs. 8,167,888,210 (80 percent) and Kshs. 846,225,336 (89 percent) respectively. Recurrent expenditure stood at Kshs. 6,942,412,074 (88 percent absorption), a drop from 98 percent in the previous year, while development expenditure was Kshs. 2,071594,972 with a 62 percent absorption rate, down from 79 percent recorded

in the previous fiscal year. Table below presents expenditure in FY 2023/24 by economic classification.

| Economic | FY 2022/23 Revise | Expenditures as at | Absorpti | FY 2023/24 | Expenditure as at | Absorpti |
|-----------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|----------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------|
| Classification | Budget 2 | 30 th June 2023 | on Rate | Revised Budget 2 | 30th June 2024 | on Rate |
| County Executi | ve | | | | | |
| Salaries | 4,067,217,931 | 4,053,389,618 | 100% | 4,254,048,855 | 3,856,632,394 | 91% |
| O&M | 2,503,227,310 | 2,341,975,195 | 94% | 2,714,493,356 | 2,259,119,469 | 83% |
| Recurrent | 6,570,445,241 | 6,395,364,813 | 97% | 6,968,542,211 | 6,115,751,863 | 88% |
| Development | 3,238,521,517 | 2,560,309,891 | 79% | 3,264,791,441 | 2,052,136,346 | 63% |
| Sub Total | 9,808,966,758 | 8,955,674,704 | 91% | 10,233,333,652 | 8,167,888,210 | 80% |
| County Assemb | oly | | | | | |
| Salaries | 364,390,782 | 363,648,801 | 100% | 399,788,950 | 371,409,613 | 93% |
| O&M | 551,150,534 | 550,920,469 | 100% | 482,264,009 | 455,250,597 | 94% |
| Recurrent | 915,541,316 | 914,569,270 | 100% | 882,052,960 | 826,660,210 | 94% |
| Development | 40,233,812 | 19,285,324 | 48% | 66,948,487 | 19,458,625 | 29% |
| Sub Total | 955,775,128 | 933,854,594 | 98% | 949,001,447 | 846,118,836 | 89% |
| Total Budget | | | | | | |
| Salaries | 4,431,608,713 | 4,417,038,419 | 100% | 4,653,837,805 | 4,228,042,007 | 91% |
| O&M | 3,054,377,844 | 2,892,895,664 | 95% | 3,196,757,365 | 2,714,370,066 | 85% |
| Recurrent | 7,485,986,557 | 7,309,934,083 | 98% | 7,850,595,171 | 6,942,412,074 | 88% |
| Development | 3,278,755,329 | 2,579,595,215 | 79% | 3,331,739,929 | 2,071,594,972 | 62% |
| Total Budget | 10,764,741,886 | 9,889,529,298 | 92% | 11,182,335,100 | 9,014,007,046 | 81% |

Source: The County Treasury

Note: The total expenditure of Kshs 9,014,007,046 excludes Health AIA related expenditure amounting to Kshs 536,273,177 spent at the hospital facilities.

12. In the FY 2023/24, the Department of Health Services recorded the highest expenditure, amounting to Kshs. 3,158,479,119.00, followed by the Department of ICT and Education at Kshs. 758,169,338. On the other hand, the Office of the County Attorney had the lowest expenditure, totaling to Kshs. 36,552,227, as detailed in Table 4.

Table 4:Departmental Expenditures Per Economic Classification

| DEPARTMENT | FY 2023/24 | FY 2023/24 | FY 2023/24 | FY 2023/24 | FY 2023/24 | Total | Absorption |
|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| | Supplementary Budget | Salary Expenditures | O&M Expenditures | Recurrent Expenditures | Development Expenditures | Expenditure as at 30th | rate |
| | Estimates (2) | as at 30th | as at 30th | as at 30th | as at 30th | June 2024 | |
| | | June 2024 | June 2024 | June 2024 | June 2024 | | |
| Governorship | 470,500,469 | 52,558,856 | 390,307,065 | 442,865,921 | - | 442,865,921 | 94% |
| County Secretary | 419,944,772 | 306,922,176 | 101,935,669 | 408,857,845 | - | 408,857,845 | 97% |
| County Attorney | 48,854,412 | 2,301,874 | 34,250,352 | 36,552,227 | - | 36,552,227 | 75% |
| Devolution | 348,028,177 | 179,297,615 | 111,800,040 | 291,097,656 | 21,584,886 | 312,682,541 | 90% |
| Finance and | 568,266,296 | 168,196,768 | 270,704,284 | 438,901,053 | 25,169,295 | 464,070,347 | 82% |
| Socio-Economic | | | | | | | |
| Planning | | | | | | | |
| Agriculture, | 1,001,427,385 | 210,490,886 | 50,632,176 | 261,123,063 | 374,749,384 | 635,872,446 | 63% |
| Makueni County | 108,406,142 | - | 29,856,201 | 29,856,201 | 58,037,799 | 87,894,000 | 81% |
| Fruit | | | | | | | |
| Development and | | | | | | | |
| Marketing | | | | | | | |
| Authority | | | | | | | |

| DEPARTMENT | FY 2023/24 Supplementary Budget Estimates (2) | FY 2023/24 Salary Expenditures as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2023/24 O&M Expenditures as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2023/24 Recurrent Expenditures as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2023/24 Development Expenditures as at 30th June 2024 | Total Expenditure as at 30th June 2024 | Absorption rate |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|---|--------------------|
| ICT, Education and Internship | 951,485,403 | 391,307,632 | 194,270,335 | 585,577,967 | 172,591,372 | 758,169,338 | 80% |
| Gender, Children, Youth, Sports and Social Services | 227,910,428 | 31,970,820 | 95,501,745 | 127,472,566 | 76,265,511 | 203,738,076 | 89% |
| Health Services | 3,804,087,744 | 2,290,155,457 | 571,867,142 | 2,862,022,598 | 296,456,521 | 3,158,479,119 | 83% |
| Trade, Marketing, Industry, Culture and Tourism | 168,577,605 | 39,111,423 | 95,691,711 | 134,803,134 | 14,219,410 | 149,022,544 | 88% |
| Infrastructure, | 730,698,958 | 40,014,222 | 81,051,001 | 121,065,223 | 443,550,917 | 564,616,139 | 77% |
| Lands | 381,405,831 | 44,647,881 | 36,497,838 | 81,145,719 | 71,750,108 | 152,895,827 | 40% |
| Wote Municipality | 64,072,444 | - | 48,679,376 | 48,679,376 | 15,060,929 | 63,740,305 | 99% |
| Emali-Sultan Hamud Municipality | 54,200,165 | - | 27,563,748 | 27,563,748 | 22,523,749 | 50,087,497 | 92% |
| Water and Sanitation | 738,489,298 | 49,515,558 | 39,494,807 | 89,010,366 | 449,971,142 | 538,981,508 | 73% |
| Sand Authority | 74,164,476 | 18,636,146 | 42,020,479 | 60,656,625 | 10,205,325 | 70,861,950 | 96% |
| County Public Service Board | 72,813,647 | 31,505,077 | 36,995,499 | 68,500,576 | - | 68,500,576 | 94% |
| Sub Totals | 10,233,333,652 | 3,856,632,394 | 2,259,119,469 | 6,115,751,863 | 2,052,136,347 | 8,167,888,210 | 80% |
| County Assembly | 949,001,448 | 371,409,613 | 455,250,598 | 826,660,211 | 19,458,626 | 846,118,837 | 89% |
| Grant Total | 11,182,335,100 | 4,228,042,007 | 2,714,370,067 | 6,942,412,074 | 2,071,594,973 | 9,014,007,047 | 81% |

The total expenditure of Kshs 9,014,007,046 excludes Health AIA related expenditure amounting to Kshs 536,273,177 spent at the hospital facilities.

2.2.2 Summary of Departmental Expenditures by programmes

The expenditure performance of various programs and sub-programs is presented in Table 5. Table 5: Expenditure by Programme and Sub Programmes

| Programme | Sub- Programme | | stimates FY 3/24 | Actual Expenditure as of 30th June 2024 | | Absorptio | n Rate (%) | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------|------------|---------------------|--|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|--|--|
| | | Recurrent | Development | Recurrent | Development | Recurrent | Development | | | |
| | | Budget | Budget | Expenditure | Expenditure | Expenditure | Expenditure | | | |
| Land, Physical Planning & Mining | | | | | | | | | | |
| Programme 1: | SP1. General | 67,528,620 | - | 57,455,476 | - | 85% | | | | |
| General | administration | | | | | | | | | |
| administration | & planning | | | | | | | | | |
| & planning | | | | | | | | | | |
| Programme 2: | SP2. Land | 4,205,728 | 28,631,905 | 4,205,728 | 17,945,714 | 100% | 63% | | | |
| : Land Survey | Survey & | | | | | | | | | |
| & Mapping | Mapping | | | | | | | | | |
| Programme 3 : | SP3.1 Urban | 5,018,450 | 23,459,469 | 4,269,855 | 13,053,267 | 85% | 56% | | | |
| Urban | planning | | | | | | | | | |
| planning | | | | | | | | | | |
| Programme 4: | SP4. 1 Mining | 2,420,000 | 2,599,857 | 2,059,012 | 807,600 | 85% | 31% | | | |
| Mining | mapping & | | | | | | | | | |
| mapping & | development | | | | | | | | | |
| development | | | | | | | | | | |

| Programme | Sub- Programme | | stimates FY 3/24 | | nditure as of ne 2024 | Absorption Rate (%) | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | | Recurrent Budget | Development Budget | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | |
| Programme 5: | SP 5.1 | 15,089,274 | 232,452,528 | 13,155,648 | 39,943,527 | 87% | 17% | |
| Environment | Environment | | | | | | | |
| management | management | | | | | | | |
| and protection | and protection | | | | | | | |
| • | Sub Total | 94,262,072 | 287,143,759 | 81,145,719 | 71,750,108 | 86% | 25% | |
| Wote Municipa | | . , , | | | | | | |
| Wote | SP 1.1 Wote | 48,981,275 | 15,091,169 | 48,679,376 | 15,060,929 | 99% | 100% | |
| Municipality | Municipality | - , , | - , , | - , , | - , , | | | |
| I I I | Sub Total | 48,981,275 | 15,091,169 | 48,679,376 | 15,060,929 | 99% | 100% | |
| Emali-Sultan M | | 10,9 01,270 | 10,021,102 | 10,017,010 | 10,000,9129 | 2270 | 10070 | |
| Emali-Sultan | SP 1. 1 Emali- | 27,653,364 | 26,546,800 | 27,563,748 | 22,523,749 | 100% | 85% | |
| Municipality | Sultan | 27,035,504 | 20,540,000 | 27,505,740 | 22,525,747 | 10070 | 0570 | |
| Wunterpairty | Municipality | | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 27,653,364 | 26,546,800 | 27,563,748 | 22 523 740 | 100% | 85% | |
| Sand Anthant | | 21,033,304 | 20,340,800 | 27,505,740 | 22,523,749 | 100% | 0370 | |
| Sand Authority | SP 1.1: | 62 025 007 | 10 229 590 | 60.654.405 | 10 205 225 | 05% | 1000/ | |
| General | | 63,935,887 | 10,228,589 | 60,656,625 | 10,205,325 | 95% | 100% | |
| administration | General | | | | | | | |
| & planning | administration | | | | | | | |
| | & Planning | | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 63,935,887 | 10,228,589 | 60,656,625 | 10,205,325 | 95% | 100% | |
| Health Services | | | | | I | | 1 | |
| General | SP1. 1 General | 2,838,919,580 | 465,788,246 | 2,482,203,578 | 285,390,944 | 87% | 61% | |
| administration | administration | | | | | | | |
| & planning | & planning | | | | | | | |
| Curative health | SP2. 1 | 298,375,306 | 28,760,665 | 261,101,774 | 907,030 | 88% | 3% | |
| care services | :Curative | | | | | | | |
| | health care | | | | | | | |
| | services | | | | | | | |
| Preventive and | SP3. 1 | 135,684,656 | 36,559,292 | 118,717,247 | 10,158,547 | 87% | 28% | |
| Promotive | Preventive and | | | | | | | |
| health care | Promotive | | | | | | | |
| services | health care | | | | | | | |
| | services | | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 3,272,979,542 | 531,108,203 | 2,862,022,599 | 296,456,521 | 87% | 56% | |
| Infrastructure, | Transport, Public | c works , Housin | g & Energy | | | | | |
| General | SP1. 1 General | 139,185,488 | - | 105,269,049 | | 76% | | |
| administration | administration | ,, | | ,, | | | | |
| & planning | & planning | | | | | | | |
| Road | SP2.1 : Road | 3,671,300 | 468,853,702 | 2,777,249 | 348,904,378 | 76% | 74% | |
| Transport | transport | 2,071,200 | 100,000,000 | _,, , , , _ , , _ , , , | 0.0,001,070 | 1070 | , .,. | |
| Infrastructure | SP3.3: | 2,350,000 | _ | 1,777,357 | _ | 76% | | |
| development | Infrastructure | 2,350,000 | _ | 1,777,557 | _ | 7070 | | |
| development | development | | | | | | | |
| Energy | SP4.1:Energy | 14,863,468 | 101,775,000 | 11,241,568 | 94,646,538 | 76% | 93% | |
| Energy Infrastructure | Infrastructure | 14,005,400 | 101,775,000 | 11,241,508 | 94,040,338 | 70% | 93% | |
| & | & | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| development | development | 1(0.050.05(| 550 (<u>20</u> 502 | 101.075.000 | 442 550 015 | B (0) | 5 00/ | |
| | Sub Total | 160,070,256 | 570,628,702 | 121,065,223 | 443,550,917 | 76% | 78% | |
| ICT, Education | | 500 010 101 | Γ | 40.4 555 500 | I | 000 | 1 | |
| General | SP1. 1 General | 508,919,401 | - | 424,777,739 | - | 83% | | |
| administration | administration | | | | | | | |
| & planning | & planning | | | | | | | |
| Early | SP2.1 : Early | 22,990,229 | 132,629,868 | 19,189,163 | 89,629,896 | 83% | 68% | |
| childhood | childhood | | | | | | | |
| development | development | | | | | | | |
| education | education | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | | |

| rogramme P3.3: echnical aining & on-formal ducation P4.1:Support o Education nd Library ervices P5.1:ICT afrastructure o Systems evelopment P6.1: aternship, lentorship nd obunteerism | Recurrent Budget 1,300,000 144,764,902 15,446,830 8,150,215 | Development Budget 75,642,704 1,000,000 37,736,469 2,904,785 | Recurrent Expenditure 1,085,066 120,830,347 120,830,347 12,892,944 | Development Expenditure 48,690,095 940,500 31,840,351 | Recurrent Expenditure 83% 83% 83% | Development Expenditure 64% 94% 84% |
|--|---|--|--|---|--|---|
| echnical aining & on-formal ducation P4.1:Support o Education nd Library ervices P5.1:ICT afrastructure Systems evelopment P6.1: tternship, Ientorship nd | 144,764,902 15,446,830 | 75,642,704 1,000,000 37,736,469 | 1,085,066 120,830,347 12,892,944 | 48,690,095 940,500 | 83% | 94% |
| aining & pn-formal fucation P4.1:Support b Education nd Library ervices P5.1:ICT firastructure c Systems evelopment P6.1: tternship, Ientorship nd | 15,446,830 | 37,736,469 | 12,892,944 | | | |
| on-formal lucation P4.1:Support DEducation ad Library ervices P5.1:ICT firastructure Systems evelopment P6.1: tternship, lentorship ad | 15,446,830 | 37,736,469 | 12,892,944 | | | |
| Aucation P4.1:Support b Education and Library ervices P5.1:ICT afrastructure c Systems evelopment P6.1: atternship, Ientorship ad | 15,446,830 | 37,736,469 | 12,892,944 | | | |
| P4.1:Support DEducation ad Library ervices P5.1:ICT afrastructure Systems evelopment P6.1: tternship, lentorship ad | 15,446,830 | 37,736,469 | 12,892,944 | | | |
| • Education nd Library ervices P5.1:ICT ifrastructure • Systems evelopment P6.1: iternship, Ientorship nd | 15,446,830 | 37,736,469 | 12,892,944 | | | |
| nd Library ervices P5.1:ICT ifrastructure Systems evelopment P6.1: iternship, Ientorship nd | | | | 31,840,351 | 83% | 84% |
| ervices P5.1:ICT ifrastructure Systems evelopment P6.1: iternship, Ientorship nd | | | | 31,840,351 | 83% | 84% |
| P5.1:ICT frastructure Systems evelopment P6.1: tternship, lentorship nd | | | | 31,840,351 | 83% | 84% |
| afrastructure Systems evelopment P6.1: aternship, lentorship nd | | | | 31,840,351 | 83% | 84% |
| Systems evelopment P6.1: tternship, lentorship nd | 8,150,215 | 2,904,785 | | | | |
| evelopment P6.1: aternship, Ientorship nd | 8,150,215 | 2,904,785 | | | | |
| P6.1: iternship, Ientorship id | 8,150,215 | 2,904,785 | | | | 1 |
| iternship, Ientorship id | 8,130,215 | 2,904,785 | 6,802,708 | 1,490,530 | 83% | 51% |
| lentorship nd | | | 0,802,708 | 1,490,550 | 03% | 51% |
| nd | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Junicensin | | | | | | |
| uh Total | 701 571 576 | 249 913 826 | 585 577 967 | 172 591 372 | 83% | 69% |
| | 701,571,570 | 24),)13,020 | 505,577,707 | 112,391,372 | 0370 | 0770 |
| | 101 675 276 | 3 375 725 | 92 215 135 | 3 073 260 | 91% | 91% |
| | 101,075,270 | 5,575,725 | ,213,135 | 3,073,200 | 9170 | 2170 |
| | | | | | | |
| | 17.647.340 | 14,877,397 | 15,987,815 | 9,505,550 | 91% | 64% |
| | 17,017,510 | 11,077,007 | 15,507,015 | >,505,550 | 21/0 | 0170 |
| | | | | | | |
| P3. 1 | 650.000 | - | 588,875 | - | 91% | |
| | 000,000 | | 200,072 | | 210 | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| P4.1 | 11,311,267 | 940,600 | 10,247,575 | 940,600 | 91% | 100% |
| ourism | | · · | | , | | |
| evelopment | | | | | | |
| promotion | | | | | | |
| P5. 1 Culture, | 17,400,000 | 700,000 | 15,763,734 | 700,000 | 91% | 100% |
| rt and the | | | | | | |
| Iusic | | | | | | |
| romotion | | | | | | |
| ub Total | 148,683,883 | 19,893,722 | 134,803,134 | 14,219,410 | 91% | 71% |
| | | and Social Servi | | | | |
| | 45,280,787 | | 44,725,496 | | 99% | |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| 2: Gender | 28,694,571 | 40,962,030 | 26,308,495 | 33,945,320 | 92% | 83% |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | 10 | | | |
| | 44,350,164 | 37,368,386 | 40,662,258 | 33,484,621 | 92% | 90% |
| | 15 005 111 | 14047 224 | 1000000 | 0.025.550 | 0.000 | |
| | 17,207,166 | 14,047,324 | 15,776,317 | 8,835,570 | 92% | 63% |
| | 125 522 (99 | 02 255 540 | 107 470 544 | 76 265 511 | 0.49/ | 020/ |
| ud Lotal | 135,532,688 | 92,577,740 | 127,472,566 | /0,205,511 | 94% | 83% |
| 1. Cor1 | 10 054 410 | | 26 550 007 | | 750/ | |
| | 48,854,412 | - | 36,352,227 | | /5% | |
| | | | | | | |
| plaining | | | | | | |
| uh Total | 10 054 410 | | 26 552 227 | | 750/ | |
| | b Total Cooperatives P1. 1 General ministration planning P2.1; Trade evelopment promotion P3. 1 dustrial evelopment dipromotion P4. 1 purism evelopment promotion P5. 1 Culture, rt and the usic omotion b Total der, Children Planning | b Total701,571,576Cooperatives101,675,276Ministration planning101,675,276Welopment promotion17,647,34022.1; Trade velopment promotion17,647,34023.1650,000dustrial velopment promotion650,00024.111,311,267velopment promotion11,311,267velopment promotion17,400,00025.1 Culture, rt and the usic omotion17,400,000th Total148,683,883der, Children, Youth, Sports, i: General ministration planning45,280,787Welopment by Sports28,694,571d Social evelopment b; Youth mpowerment17,207,166ministration planning135,532,688I: General ministration planning48,854,412 | b Total 701,571,576 249,913,826 Cooperatives 101,675,276 $3,375,725$ P1. 1 General ministration planning 101,675,276 $3,375,725$ System of the second sec | b Total 701,571,576 249,913,826 585,577,967 Cooperatives 101,675,276 3,375,725 92,215,135 P1. 1 General ministration planning 101,675,276 3,375,725 92,215,135 P2.1; Trade velopment promotion 17,647,340 14,877,397 15,987,815 97. 1 650,000 - 588,875 Velopment dustrial velopment promotion 50,000 - 588,875 92.1 11,311,267 940,600 10,247,575 velopment promotion 11,311,267 940,600 10,247,575 95. 1 Culture, trand the usic omotion 17,400,000 700,000 15,763,734 velopment promotion 17,400,000 700,000 15,763,734 44,725,496 ministration planning 28,694,571 40,962,030 26,308,495 :: General welopment 28,694,571 40,962,030 26,308,495 :: General welopment 17,207,166 14,047,324 15,776,317 : General welopment 135,532,688 92,377,740 127,472,566 :: General ministration planning <td>b Total 701,571,576 249,913,826 585,577,967 172,591,372 Cooperatives 11.1 General ministration planning 101,675,276 3,375,725 92,215,135 3,073,260 22.1; Trade velopment promotion 17,647,340 14,877,397 15,987,815 9,505,550 33.1 650,000 - 588,875 - velopment promotion 650,000 - 588,875 - velopment promotion 11,311,267 940,600 10,247,575 940,600 velopment promotion 11,311,267 940,600 15,763,734 700,000 velopment promotion 17,400,000 700,000 15,763,734 700,000 velopment planning 148,683,883 19,893,722 134,803,134 14,219,410 der, Children, Youth, Sports, and Social Services : : General 45,280,787 44,725,496 33,945,320 :: General ministration planning 28,694,571 40,962,030 26,308,495 33,484,621 :: General ministration planning 17,207,166 14,047,324 15,776,317</td> <td>b Total 701,571,576 249,913,826 585,577,967 172,591,372 83% Cooperatives </td> | b Total 701,571,576 249,913,826 585,577,967 172,591,372 Cooperatives 11.1 General ministration planning 101,675,276 3,375,725 92,215,135 3,073,260 22.1; Trade velopment promotion 17,647,340 14,877,397 15,987,815 9,505,550 33.1 650,000 - 588,875 - velopment promotion 650,000 - 588,875 - velopment promotion 11,311,267 940,600 10,247,575 940,600 velopment promotion 11,311,267 940,600 15,763,734 700,000 velopment promotion 17,400,000 700,000 15,763,734 700,000 velopment planning 148,683,883 19,893,722 134,803,134 14,219,410 der, Children, Youth, Sports, and Social Services : : General 45,280,787 44,725,496 33,945,320 :: General ministration planning 28,694,571 40,962,030 26,308,495 33,484,621 :: General ministration planning 17,207,166 14,047,324 15,776,317 | b Total 701,571,576 249,913,826 585,577,967 172,591,372 83% Cooperatives |

| Programme | Sub- Programme | | Estimates FY 3/24 | | enditure as of me 2024 | Absorption Rate (%) | | |
|--|--|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | | Recurrent Budget | Development Budget | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | |
| Govern ship | | | 8 | | • | • | • | |
| General Administration & Support Services | P1: General administration & planning | 470,500,469 | - | 442,865,921 | | 94% | | |
| | Sub Total | 470,500,469 | - | 442,865,921 | | 94% | | |
| County Secreta | ry | . , , | • | . , , | | • | • | |
| Leadership & coordination of departments | SP1. 1 Leadership & coordination of departments | 419,944,772 | | 408,857,845 | | 97% | | |
| CPSB | Sub Total | 419,944,772 | - | 408,857,845 | | 97% | | |
| Public Service Human Resource Management and Development. | SP2: Public Service Human Resource Management and Development. | 72,813,647 | | 68,500,576 | | 94% | | |
| | Sub Total | 72,813,647 | | 68,500,576 | | 94% | | |
| Finance & Soci | o Economic Plann | | | 00,000,010 | 1 | 2470 | 1 | |
| General Administration & Support Services | SP1: General administration & planning | 355,316,256 | 54,787,552 | 303,709,673 | 25,169,295 | 85% | 46% | |
| Public financial management | SP2: Public financial management | 158,162,488 | | 135,191,380 | | 85% | | |
| | Sub Total | 513,478,744 | 54,787,552 | 438,901,053 | 25,169,295 | 85% | 46% | |
| Devolution, Put General Administration & Planning | SP1: General Administration & Planning | 264,036,926 | 22,834,646 | cial Programmes 236,352,959 | 21,584,886 | 90% | 95% | |
| Participatory Development .& civic education | SP2: Participatory Development .& civic education | 16,727,425 | | 14,973,654 | | 90% | | |
| Research, Documentation and Knowledge Management | SP3: Research, Documentation and Knowledge Management | 3,560,000 | | 3,186,755 | | 90% | | |
| Coordination of Service Delivery and Enforcement | SP4 : Coordination of Service Delivery and Enforcement | 26,401,460 | | 23,633,423 | | 90% | | |
| Disaster Risk Preparedness and Mitigation | SP5 : Disaster Risk Preparedness and Mitigation | 8,711,240 | | 7,797,918 | | 90% | | |
| Alcoholic Drinks Control and Licensing | SP6: Alcoholic Drinks Control and Licensing | 5,756,480 | | 5,152,947 | | 90% | 0501 | |
| | Sub Total | 325,193,532 | 22,834,646 | 291,097,656 | 21,584,886 | 90% | 95% | |

| 9 | Page | stimulating local economies for shared prosperity under bottom up economic transformation agenda |
|---|------|--|
| | | |

| Programme | Sub- Programme | | Stimates FY 3/24 | Actual Expe 30th Ju | nditure as of ne 2024 | Absorption Rate (%) | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | 8 | Recurrent Budget | Development Budget | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | |
| Water and Sani | | | | | | | - | |
| General | SP1: General | 87,804,325 | 56,390,781 | 70,101,290 | 44,520,890 | 80% | 79% | |
| administration | Administration | | | | | | | |
| & planning | & Planning | | | | | | | |
| Water | SP 2.1: Water | 10,004,280 | 195,284,593 | 7,987,225 | 71,072,439 | 80% | 36% | |
| infrastructure | harvesting and | | | | | | | |
| Development | storage | | | | | | | |
| | SP2: Piped | 3,850,000 | 222,899,071 | 3,073,766 | 217,150,020 | 80% | 97% | |
| | water supply | | | | | | | |
| | infrastructure | | | | | | | |
| | SP.3: Ground | 9,830,000 | 152,426,248 | 7,848,084 | 117,227,794 | 80% | 77% | |
| | water | | | | | | | |
| | development | | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 111,488,605 | 627,000,693 | 89,010,366 | 449,971,143 | 80% | 72% | |
| Agriculture, Irr | igation, Livestocl | | | | | | | |
| General | SP1: General | 67,678,207 | 283,241,973 | 58,284,396 | 263,499,087 | 86% | 93% | |
| administration | Administration | | | | | | | |
| & planning | & Planning | | | | | | | |
| Land, Crop | SP 2: Land, | 77,116,777 | 254,312,052 | 66,686,872 | 58,519,157 | 86% | 23% | |
| development | Crop | | | | | | | |
| & productivity | development | | | | | | | |
| | & productivity | | | | | | | |
| Agribusiness | SP3; | 13,800,000 | 86,132,517 | 11,933,575 | 26,570,463 | 86% | 31% | |
| and | Agribusiness | | | | | | | |
| information | and | | | | | | | |
| management | information | | | | | | | |
| U U | management | | | | | | | |
| Livestock | SP 4:Livestock | 120,401,520 | 70,915,837 | 104,117,432 | 22,429,467 | 86% | 32% | |
| Production, | Production, | | | | | | | |
| Management | Management | | | | | | | |
| and | and | | | | | | | |
| Development | Development | | | | | | | |
| Cooperative | SP | 23,244,573 | 4,583,930 | 20,100,787 | 3,731,210 | 86% | 81% | |
| Development | 5:Cooperative | | | | | | | |
| | Development | | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 302,241,077 | 699,186,309 | 261,123,063 | 374,749,384 | 86% | 54% | |
| Makueni Fruit | Development and | Marketing Auth | ority | · | • | | | |
| General | P1: General | 50,356,413 | 58,049,729 | 29,856,201 | 58,037,799 | 59% | 100% | |
| Administration | administration | | | | | | | |
| & Support | & planning | | | | | | | |
| Services | | | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 50,356,413 | 58,049,729 | 29,856,201 | 58,037,799 | 59% | 100% | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| County Assemb | ly | | | | | | | |
| Legislation | SP1: | 882,052,960 | 66,948,488 | 826,660,211 | 19,458,626 | 94% | 29% | |
| and | Legislation | | , -, | ,, - | , -, | | | |
| Representation | and | | | | | | | |
| r | Representation | | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 882,052,960 | 66,948,488 | 826,660,211 | 19,595,126 | 94% | 29% | |
| Total County | | 7,850,595,172 | 3,331,739,928 | 6,942,412,074 | 2,071,731,474 | 88% | 62% | |
| Budget | 1 | .,,.,.,.,. | -,,,-=0 | -,-,-,-,-,-,-,- | _,,, | 0070 | | |

2.3 FY 2024/25 Half Year Revenue Performance

13. The FY 2024/25 budget is primarily funded by three key sources: Equitable Share. Kshs. 9,767,009,318 (80%) Own Source Revenue: Kshs. 1,471,433,323 (12%) and Conditional allocations (loans and grants) Kshs. 990,048,872 (8%). The overall revenue performance in the second quarter of FY 2024/25 was Kshs. 5,034,863,468 representing 41%, against the forecasted revenue of Kshs. 12,228,491,513. This is an increase of 11% over the 30% performance reported in the second quarter of FY 2023/24. The improved results can be largely attributed to the timely disbursement of exchequer funds in 2024. The revenue was achieved from two main sources; Own Source Revenue and receipts from the National government.

2.3.1 Own Source Revenue

14. The Own Source Revenue amounted to Kshs 473,287,280, representing 32 percent performance, an improvement of Kshs. 105,400,067 compared to Kshs. 367,887,213 collected in the second quarter of FY 2023/24. The collection from health AIA and normal streams was Kshs 308,088,963 and Kshs 165,198,317, respectively. The performance breakdown by stream is presented in the table below.

| S/ | Sources | Targets 2024/25 | Actual 2024/25 | Variance | Performance |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|-------------|-------------|
| No | | | | | (%) |
| | A) OWN SOURCES | Kshs | Kshs | Kshs | |
| 1. | Advertisement & Wall Branding Fees | 20,922,470 | 8,633,074 | 12,289,396 | 41 |
| 2. | Agricultural Cess Fees | 18,000,000 | 10,128,493 | 7,871,507 | 56 |
| 3. | Building Materials cess Fees | 3,000,000 | 1,126,700 | 1,873,300 | 38 |
| 4. | Community Information Centres Fees | 1,000,000 | 76,740 | 923,260 | 8 |
| 5. | Conservancy Fees | 6,000,000 | 653,269 | 5,346,731 | 11 |
| 6. | Coop Audit services Fees | 300,000 | 34,700 | 265,300 | 12 |
| 7. | Development Approvals Fees(all | 48,000,000 | 8,035,847 | 39,964,153 | 17 |
| | lands development fees | | | | |
| 8. | Fines and Penalties Fees | 1,000,000 | 1,209,027 | (209,027) | 121 |
| 9. | Fire certificate Fees | 1,400,000 | 275,950 | 1,124,050 | 20 |
| 10. | Hire of County Facilities / Equipment | 1,000,000 | 1,138,550 | (138,550) | 114 |
| | /Gym Fees | | | | |
| 11. | Liquor License Fees | 70,000,000 | 7,009,331 | 62,990,669 | 10 |
| 12. | Market Entrance Fees | 45,000,000 | 14,234,399 | 30,765,601 | 32 |
| 13. | Motor Veh. /Cycle Reg. Fees | 3,500,000 | 332,000 | 3,168,000 | 9 |
| 14. | Parking Fees | 44,000,000 | 16,079,260 | 27,920,740 | 37 |
| 15. | Plot Rates/Rent Fees & other dues | 196,855,153 | 11,813,072 | 185,042,081 | 6 |
| 16. | Renewal Fees(Kiosks) | 7,000,000 | 726,200 | 6,273,800 | 10 |
| 17. | Single Business Permits /Application | 200,000,000 | 15,188,475 | 184,811,525 | 8 |
| | Fees | | | | |
| 18. | Stall Rent Fees | 8,700,000 | 3,798,000 | 4,902,000 | 44 |
| 19. | Stock Market Fees | 11,000,000 | 4,416,747 | 6,583,253 | 40 |
| 20. | Stock Movement Fees | 7,000,000 | 1,981,435 | 5,018,565 | 28 |
| 21. | Veterinary Health Fees | 17,500,000 | 4,654,433 | 12,845,567 | 27 |
| 22. | Water & Environment Fees- Consent, | 3,500,000 | 422,100 | 3,077,900 | 12 |
| | NEMA, mining, penalties | | | | |
| 23. | Weights & Measures Fees | 2,500,000 | 726,300 | 1,773,700 | 29 |

Table 6: FY 2024/25 second quarter OSR Performance per Stream

11 | Page stimulating local economies for shared prosperity under bottom up economic transformation agenda

| S/ No | Sources | Targets 2024/25 | Actual 2024/25 | Variance | Performance (%) |
|----------|--|-----------------|----------------|-------------|--------------------|
| 24. | Other Revenues(Salary Refund, Direct Customer Deposits) | | 3,658,895 | (3,658,895) | |
| 25. | Agriculture- Agricultural Training Conference Fees | 3,000,000 | 4,674,940 | (1,674,940) | 156 |
| 26. | Agriculture- Mechanization Fees | 2,000,000 | 492,200 | 1,507,800 | 25 |
| 27. | Public health Services Fees | 36,000,000 | 5,325,297 | 30,674,703 | 15 |
| 28. | Makueni Fruit Processing Plant Fees | 100,000,000 | 16,672,021 | 83,327,979 | 17 |
| 29. | Sand Authority Fees | 47,000,000 | 21,680,863 | 25,319,137 | 46 |
| | Sub Total | 905,177,623 | 165,198,317 | 739,979,306 | 18 |
| | AIA | | | | |
| 30. | Medical Health Services Fees | 176,430,000 | 144,346,468 | 32,083,532 | 82 |
| 31. | NHIF and Linda Mama Reimbursement EDU Afya Fees | 382,475,700 | 162,199,716 | 220,275,985 | 42 |
| 32. | Universal Health Care Registration Fees | 7,350,000 | 1,542,780 | 5,807,220 | 21 |
| | Sub Total | 566,255,700 | 308,088,963 | 258,166,737 | 54 |
| | TOTAL OWN SOURCE REVENUE | 1,471,433,323 | 473,287,280 | 998,146,043 | 32 |

Source: County Treasury, 2024

2.4 Equitable Share, Conditional Allocations, Loans and Grants Performance

15. In the first half of **FY 2024/25**, **Equitable Share** recorded a performance of **46 percent**, while **Conditional Allocations, including other loans and grants**, achieved a modest **3 percent**. This variance underscores the disparity in fund disbursement, impacting the county's ability to implement planned programs effectively.

| - Table 7. EV 2024/25 C. | a a a m J O m a m t a | | a agenditional a | lleastions leave and | ~~~~ |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------------|----------|
| Table 7: FY 2024/25 Se | econa Uniarie | er Rommanie snar | e. conditional a | Hocamons, loans and | grants |
| | ccona Zuarte | I Liquitable bilar | c, contaitional a | mocurions, round und | 51 41105 |

| Sources | Targets 2024/25 | Actual Receipts as at 31 st | Variance | Performance (%) |
|--|-----------------|---|---------------|--------------------|
| | | December, 2024 | | |
| Equitable share from National Government | 9,767,009,318 | 4,474,584,490 | 5,292,424,828 | 46 |
| Conditional Allocation -Other loans and Grants | 990,048,872 | 31,000,000 | 959,048,872 | 3 |
| Total- 2024/25 | 10,757,058,190 | 4,505,584,490 | 6,251,473,700 | 42 |

Source:County Treasury, 2024

2.4.1 Revenue Trend for FY 2022/23, 2023/24 and 2024/25

16. Over the years' revenue performance has registered significant growth as shown in the table below-

| No | Revenue Source | FY 2022/23 | Performance | Performance | FY 2023/24 | Performance | Performance | FY 2024/25 | Performance | Performance |
|----|--|---------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|----------------|---------------|-------------|
| | | Budget | as at Dec 31, | Rate (%) | Budget | as at Dec 31, | Rate (%) | Budget | as at Dec 31, | Rate (%) |
| | | Estimates | 2022 | | Estimates | 2023 | | Estimates | 2024 | |
| 1. | Equitable Share | 8,132,783,562 | 2,033,195,890 | 25 | 9,096,472,661 | 2,790,302,118 | 31 | 9,767,009,318 | 4,474,584,490 | 46 |
| 2. | Conditional Allocations - (Loans And Grants) | 443,890,645 | 11,745,000 | 3 | 933,842,598 | 500,000 | 0 | 990,048,872 | 31,000,000 | 3 |
| | Other Revenues Sub Total | 8,576,674,207 | 2,044,940,890 | 24 | 10,030,315,259 | 2,790,802,118 | 28 | 10,757,058,190 | 4,505,584,490 | 42 |
| 3. | County Own Generated Revenue- Other Streams | 675,000,000 | 128,981,078 | 19 | 865,000,000 | 145,817,098 | 17 | 905,177,623 | 165,198,317 | 18 |
| | County Own Generated Revenue- AIA | 410,000,000 | 185,150,657 | 45 | 375,000,000 | 222,070,115 | 59 | 566,255,700 | 308,088,963 | 54 |
| | Total OSR | 1,085,000,000 | 314,131,735 | 29 | 1,240,000,000 | 367,887,213 | 30 | 1,471,433,323 | 473,287,280 | 32 |
| | Total OSR & Other Revenues | 9,661,674,207 | 2,359,072,625 | 24 | 11,270,315,259 | 3,158,689,331 | 28 | 12,228,491,513 | 4,978,871,770 | 41 |

Table 8: Revenue Performance Per Source in comparison with quarter Two for FY 2022/23, 2023/24 and 2024/25

Source:County Treasury, 2024

17. Across all revenue categories, the performance rate generally shows a slight increase from FY 2022/23 to FY 2023/24, with the most significant improvement seen in the "County Own Generated Revenue - AIA" category, where the performance rate jumps from 45 percent to 59 percent. The overall performance rate for the combined "Other Revenues" and "County Own Generated Revenue" is 28 percent for FY 2023/24, suggesting that while there is room for improvement, the county is generally meeting a significant portion of its projected revenue targets

| Table 0. Demonstry Demferminen og Dem 64meen | | a min a milita | auna a mat a ma t- | Le for T | V 1011/12 | 3032/24 and $3024/25$ |
|--|------------|----------------|--------------------|----------|------------|-----------------------|
| Table 9: Revenue Performance Per Stream | n in comn | narison wiin | anarier iv | NO IOP P | Y ////// | 20/3/24 300 20/4/25 |
| Tuble 7 mile i child i childhance i chibit cai | n m comp | alloui miui | quality in | | | |
| rubic > file (chuc r crior munee r cribit cu | i ili comp | | quarter v | | 1 2022/209 | |

| No. | Revenue Stream | | 2022/23 | | | 2023/24 | | | 2024/25 | | |
|-----|--------------------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|------------|------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| | | Target | Q2 | Performanc | Target | Q2 | Performanc | Target | Q2 | Performance | |
| | | | Performance | e Rate (%) | | Performance | e Rate (%) | | Performance | Rate (%) | |
| | A) Own Sources | KShs | KShs | | KShs | KShs | | KShs | KShs | | |
| 1. | Advertisement & Wall | 15,000,000 | 2,070,482 | 14 | 20,000,000 | 3,134,139 | 16 | 20,922,470 | 8,633,074 | 41 | |
| | Branding Fees | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2. | Agricultural Cess Fees | 22,000,000 | 6,656,691 | 30 | 18,000,000 | 7,995,868 | 44 | 18,000,000 | 10,128,493 | 56 | |
| 3. | ASK Show Fees | 2,000,000 | - | | 3,000,000 | | - | | | | |
| 4. | Building Materials cess | 5,000,000 | 799,420 | 16 | 3,000,000 | 1,372,625 | 46 | 3,000,000 | 1,126,700 | 38 | |
| | Fees | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5. | Community Information | 500,000 | 25,000 | 5 | 1,000,000 | 113,950 | 11 | 1,000,000 | 76,740 | 8 | |
| | Centres Fees | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6. | Conservancy Fees | 10,000,000 | 651,600 | 7 | 6,000,000 | 826,950 | 14 | 6,000,000 | 653,269 | 11 | |
| 7. | Coop Audit services Fees | 300,000 | 46,500 | 16 | 300,000 | 38,300 | 13 | 300,000 | 34,700 | 12 | |
| 8. | Development Approvals | 35,000,000 | 7,140,688 | 20 | 45,000,000 | 8,585,170 | 19 | 48,000,000 | 8,035,847 | 17 | |
| | Fees(all lands | | | | | | | | | | |
| | development fees | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9. | Fines and Penalties Fees | 5,100,000 | 380,902 | 7 | 1,000,000 | 534,000 | 53 | 1,000,000 | 1,209,027 | 121 | |

| No. | Revenue Stream | | 2022/23 | | 2023/24 | | | 2024/25 | | |
|-----|--|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------|--------------------------|-------------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| | | Target | Q2 Performance | Performanc e Rate (%) | Target | Q2 Performance | Performanc e Rate (%) | Target | Q2 Performance | Performance Rate (%) |
| | A) Own Sources | KShs | KShs | | KShs | KShs | | KShs | KShs | |
| 10. | Fire certificate Fees | 200,000 | 104,800 | 52 | 1,000,000 | 133,100 | 13 | 1,400,000 | 275,950 | 20 |
| 11. | Hire of County Facilities | 200,000 | 123,450 | 62 | 1,000,000 | 256,000 | 26 | 1,000,000 | 1,138,550 | 114 |
| 12. | Liquor License Fees | 60,000,000 | 13,236,300 | 22 | 70,000,000 | 5,850,901 | 8 | 70,000,000 | 7,009,331 | 10 |
| 13. | Market Entrance Fees | 45,000,000 | 11,508,681 | 26 | 45,000,000 | 14,992,212 | 33 | 45,000,000 | 14,234,399 | 32 |
| 14. | Motor Vehicle./Cycle Reg. Fees | 5,000,000 | 470,100 | 9 | 3,000,000 | 340,903 | 11 | 3,500,000 | 332,000 | 9 |
| 15. | Parking Fees | 40,000,000 | 10,599,802 | 26 | 43,000,000 | 12,882,017 | 30 | 44,000,000 | 16,079,260 | 37 |
| 16. | Plot Rates/Rent Fees & other dues | 120,000,000 | 4,242,079 | 4 | 170,000,000 | 6,746,237 | 4 | 196,855,153 | 11,813,072 | 6 |
| 17. | Renewal Fees(Kiosks) | 6,000,000 | 567,000 | 9 | 7,000,000 | 1,016,000 | 15 | 7,000,000 | 726,200 | 10 |
| 18. | Single Business Permits /Application Fees | 135,000,000 | 15,871,525 | 12 | 200,000,000 | 18,845,250 | 9 | 200,000,000 | 15,188,475 | 8 |
| 19. | Stall Rent Fees | 3,200,000 | 916,700 | 29 | 7,700,000 | 2,468,401 | 32 | 8,700,000 | 3,798,000 | 44 |
| 20. | Stock Market Fees | 15,000,000 | 3,490,058 | 23 | 11,000,000 | 4,661,880 | 42 | 11,000,000 | 4,416,747 | 40 |
| 21. | Stock Movement Fees | 5,000,000 | 1,086,395 | 22 | 7,000,000 | 2,157,345 | 31 | 7,000,000 | 1,981,435 | 28 |
| 22. | Veterinary Health Fees | 15,000,000 | 3,243,400 | 22 | 13,000,000 | 3,390,258 | 26 | 17,500,000 | 4,654,433 | 27 |
| 23. | Water & Environment Fees- Consent, NEMA mining, penalties | 7,000,000 | 277,830 | 4 | 3,000,000 | 280,360 | 9 | 3,500,000 | 422,100 | 12 |
| 24. | Weights & Measures Fees | 1,500,000 | 478,280 | 32 | 2,000,000 | 776,600 | 39 | 2,500,000 | 726,300 | 29 |
| 25. | Other Revenues(Direct deposits, Insurance compensation and Salary Refund) | | | | | 44,000 | | | 3,658,895 | |
| 26. | Agriculture- Agricultural Training Conference Fees | 5,000,000 | 81,000 | 2 | 3,000,000 | 1,547,810 | 52 | 3,000,000 | 4,674,940 | 156 |
| 27. | Agriculture- Mechanization Fees | 2,000,000 | - | | 2,000,000 | 1,256,617 | 63 | 2,000,000 | 492,200 | 25 |
| 28. | Public health Services Fees | 25,000,000 | 3,908,450 | 16 | 33,000,000 | 3,574,851 | 11 | 36,000,000 | 5,325,297 | 15 |
| 29. | Makueni Fruit Processing Plant Fees | 60,000,000 | 25,367,000 | 42 | 100,000,000 | 27,894,000 | 28 | 100,000,000 | 16,672,021 | 17 |
| 30. | Sand Authority Fees | 30,000,000 | 15,368,026 | 51 | 46,000,000 | 14,101,355 | 31 | 47,000,000 | 21,680,863 | 46 |
| | Normal Streams Sub Total | 675,000,000 | 128,981,078 | 19 | 865,000,000 | 145,817,098 | 17 | 905,177,623 | 165,198,317 | 18 |

| No. | Revenue Stream | 2022/23 | | | 2023/24 | 2023/24 | | | 2024/25 | | |
|-----|-------------------------|--------------|-------------|------------|---------------|-------------|------------|---------------|-------------|-----------------|--|
| | | Target | Q2 | Performanc | Target | Q2 | Performanc | Target | Q2 | Performance | |
| | | | Performance | e Rate (%) | | Performance | e Rate (%) | | Performance | Rate (%) | |
| | A) Own Sources | KShs | KShs | | KShs | KShs | | KShs | KShs | | |
| 31. | Medical Health Services | 140,000,000 | 65,197,312 | 47 | 120,000,000 | 99,485,510 | 83 | 176,430,000 | 144,346,468 | 82 | |
| | Fees | | | | | | | | | | |
| 32. | NHIF and Linda Mama | 240,000,000 | 117,448,344 | 49 | 250,000,000 | 120,088,605 | 48 | 382,475,700 | 162,199,716 | 42 | |
| 33. | Universal Health Care | 30,000,000 | 2,505,000 | 8 | 5,000,000 | 2,496,000 | 50 | 7,350,000 | 1,542,780 | 21 | |
| | Registration Fees | | | | | | | | | | |
| | AIA Sub Total | 410,000,000 | 185,150,657 | 45 | 375,000,000 | 222,070,115 | 181 | 566,255,700 | 308,088,963 | 54 | |
| | Total Own Source | 1,085,000,00 | 314,131,734 | 29 | 1,240,000,000 | 367,887,213 | 30 | 1,471,433,323 | 473,287,280 | 32 | |
| | Revenue | 0 | | | | | | | | | |

Source:County Treasury, 2024

2.4.2 Receipts into Makueni County Revenue Fund(CRF) for Half year of FY 2024/25

18. The total receipts into Makueni County Revenue Fund(CRF) during the period under review amounted to KShs. 3,710,156,133 mainly from National government disbursements and Own Source Revenue receipts. This excludes health AIA that are utilized at the health facilities.

2.4.3 Exchequer Disbursements from the National government

19. The Equitable share receipts transferred to Makueni County Revenue Fund amounted to Kshs. 3,526,383,006 for the half year of FY 2024/25, representing 40 percent of the approved Equitable share.

2.4.4 Funds released to the Makueni Operational Accounts (approvals by COB)

- 20. The Office of Controller of budget approved funds withdrawals totaling Kshs. 3,607,204,725 from Makueni County Revenue Fund; Kshs. 3,165,258,117.00 (88%) to Makueni County Executive and Kshs 441,946,608.00 (12%) to Makueni County Assembly.
- 21. The funds released to the County Executive's Operational Accounts for development and recurrent expenditures amounted to Kshs. 247,734,925.00 (8 percent) and Kshs. 2,917,523,192.00 (92 percent) respectively.

2.5 FY 2024/25 Half Year Expenditure Performance

2.5.1 Overall Expenditure Performance for the First Half of FY 2024/25

22. In the first half of FY 2024/25, the county's total expenditure reached Kshs 3,908,832,700, with an overall absorption rate of 32 %. The County Executive utilized Kshs 3,469,847,687 from its Kshs 11,243,024,522 budget, reflecting a 31% absorption rate, while the County Assembly spent Kshs 441,946,608 of its Kshs 985,466,991 allocation, achieving a 45 % absorption rate. The reported expenditure accounted for 14 %t development, 61% personnel emoluments and 25 % Operations and Maintenance.

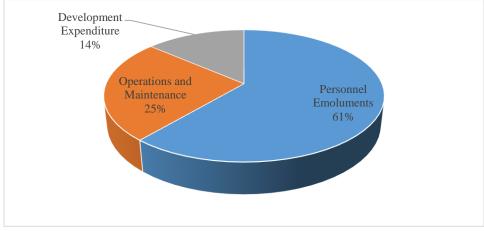


Figure 2:Overall Expenditure Performance for the First Half of FY 2024/25

2.5.2 FY 2024/25 Half Year Expenditure by Economic Classification

23. The total recurrent expenditure for the period stood at Kshs 3,374,361,163, with the County Executive accounting for Kshs 2,935,376,150 and the County Assembly Kshs 438,985,013. Development expenditure totaled Kshs 534,471,537, reflecting a 12 percent absorption rate. Table 8 below presents a summary of expenditure by economic classification.

| Economic Classification | FY 2023/24 Supplementary | Expenditures as at 31st | Absorption Rate(%) | FY 2024/25 Supplementary | Expenditures as at 31st | Absorption Rate (%) |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | Budget (1) Estimates | December, 2023 | Kate(76) | Budget(1) Estimates | December, 2024 | Kate (76) |
| County Executive | | | | | | |
| Salaries | 4,263,420,536 | 1,444,936,651 | 34 | 4,746,548,777 | 2,184,174,400 | 46 |
| O&M | 2,470,359,862 | 600,106,858 | 24 | 2,276,147,942 | 751,201,750 | 33 |
| Recurrent | 6,733,780,398 | 2,045,043,509 | 30 | 7,022,696,719 | 2,935,376,150 | 42 |
| Development | 3,487,533,413 | 251,148,916 | 7 | 4,220,327,803 | 534,471,537 | 13 |
| Sub Total | 10,221,313,811 | 2,296,192,425 | 22 | 11,243,024,522 | 3,469,847,687 | 31 |
| County Assembly | | | | | | |
| Salaries | 345,094,338 | | 0 | 451,423,604 | 208,673,280 | 46 |
| O&M | 536,958,622 | | 0 | 454,698,372 | 230,311,733 | 51 |
| Recurrent | 882,052,960 | 455,197,051 | 52 | 906,121,976 | 438,985,013 | 48 |
| Development | 66,948,488 | - | 0 | 79,345,015 | 0 | 0 |
| Sub Total | 949,001,448 | 455,197,051 | 48 | 985,466,991 | 438,985,013 | 45 |
| Total Budget | | | | | | |
| Salaries | 4,608,514,874 | 1,444,936,651 | 31 | 5,197,972,381 | 2,392,847,680 | 46 |
| O&M | 3,007,318,484 | 600,106,858 | 20 | 2,730,846,314 | 981,513,483 | 36 |
| Recurrent | 7,615,833,358 | 2,045,043,509 | 27 | 7,928,818,694 | 3,374,361,163 | 43 |
| Development | 3,554,481,901 | 251,148,916 | 7 | 4,299,672,819 | 534,471,537 | 12 |
| Total Budget | 11,170,315,259 | 2,751,389,476 | 25 | 12,228,491,513 | 3,908,832,700 | 32 |

Source:County Treasury, 2024

2.5.3 Departmental Expenditures

24. In the first half of FY 2024/25, the County Attorney had the highest absorption rate at 54%, followed by the County Public Service Board at 48%. The Department of Health Services recorded the highest absolute expenditure, totaling Kshs 1,887,901,940. Table 9 presents departmental expenditures by economic classification with their absorption rates.

| S/No | Departments | FY 2024/25 | Salaries | O&M | Total | Development | Total | Overall |
|------|---|----------------|---------------|--------------|----------------------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| | | Supplementary | Expenditure | Expenditur | Recurrent | Expenditure | Expenditure | Absorption |
| | | Budget (1) | 31st | e as at 31st | Expenditure | 31st | as at31st | (%) |
| | | Estimates | December, | December, | as at 31st | December, | December, | |
| | | | 2024 | 2024 | December, | 2024 | 2024 | |
| 1 | Governorship | 521.048.407 | 27.515.165 | 85,209,935 | 2024 112,725,100 | | 112.725.100 | 22% |
| 2 | County Attorney | 47,740,335 | 9,967,968 | 15,674,597 | 25,642,565 | _ | 25,642,565 | 54% |
| 3 | County Automey | 464,245,270 | 29,383,716 | 33,369,113 | 62,752,829 | - | 62,752,829 | 14% |
| 4 | Devolution, Public Participation, County administration and | 347,591,285 | 108,052,097 | 38,900,872 | 146,952,970 | | 146,952,970 | 42% |
| 4 | Special Programs | 547,591,265 | 108,032,097 | 38,900,872 | 140,932,970 | - | 140,932,970 | 4270 |
| 5 | Finance and Socio-Economic Planning | 550,078,932 | 113,348,833 | 122,006,479 | 235,355,312 | _ | 235,355,312 | 43% |
| 6 | Agriculture, Livestock, Fisheries and Cooperative Development | 613,912,435 | 112,255,166 | 8,716,502 | 120,971,668 | 23,374,394 | 144,346,062 | 24% |
| 7 | Makueni County Fruit Development and Marketing Authority | 82,054,584 | ,, | 7,926,417 | 7,926,417 | 4,994,474 | 12,920,891 | 16% |
| 8 | ICT, Education and Internship | 1,205,838,148 | 358,814,067 | 22,467,828 | 381,281,895 | 6,579,980 | 387,861,875 | 32% |
| 9 | Gender, Children, Youth, Sports and Social Services | 291,589,787 | 25,983,013 | 5,620,933 | 31,603,946 | 8,454,300 | 40,058,246 | 14% |
| 10 | Health Services | 4,236,924,624 | 1,225,707,019 | 280,126,452 | 1,505,833,471 | 382,068,469 | 1,887,901,940 | 45% |
| 11 | Trade, Marketing, Industry, Culture and Tourism | 180,206,485 | 29,495,000 | 25,867,445 | 55,362,445 | 459,440 | 55,821,885 | 31% |
| 12 | Infrastructure, Transport, Public Works, Housing and Energy | 1,100,236,837 | 41,359,858 | 14,547,232 | 55,907,090 | 23,574,238 | 79,481,327 | 7% |
| 13 | Lands, Urban Planning & Development, Environment and Climate | 629,129,656 | 28,452,363 | 10,885,558 | 39,337,921 | 54,440,830 | 93,778,751 | 15% |
| | Change | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Wote Municipality | 125,445,616 | | 29,651,853 | 29,651,853 | 304,400 | 29,956,253 | 24% |
| 15 | Emali-Sultan Hamud Municipality | 74,790,011 | | 7,117,178 | 7,117,178 | 490,398 | 7,607,576 | 10% |
| 16 | Water and Sanitation | 638,440,094 | 41,004,534 | 15,080,493 | 56,085,027 | 28,629,295 | 84,714,322 | 13% |
| 17 | Sand Authority | 62,753,699 | 12,085,867 | 14,722,998 | 26,808,865 | 1,101,320 | 27,910,185 | 44% |
| 18 | County Public Service Board | 70,998,317 | 20,749,736 | 13,309,863 | 34,059,599 | 0 | 34,059,599 | 48% |
| 19 | Total (County Executive | 11,243,024,522 | 2,184,174,400 | 751,201,750 | 2,935,376,150 | 534,471,537 | 3,469,847,687 | 31% |
| 20 | County Assembly | 985,466,991 | | | 438,985,013 | 0 | 438,985,013 | 45% |
| | Total Budget | 12,228,491,51 | 2,184,174,4 | 751,201,7 | 3,377,322,7 | 534,471,53 | 3,908,832,7 | 32% |
| | | 3 | 00 | 50 | 58 | 7 | 00 | |

Source:County Treasury, 2024

2.5.4 Expenditure by Programme and Sub programme

25. The County adopted the programme based budgeting across county departments and agencies. The performance of the programmes and sub programmes is illustrated in table below:

| Programme | y Programme and Sub Pr Sub-Programme | FY 2024/25 St | ipplementary | Actual Expenditure | e as of 31st December | Absorpti | on Rate (%) |
|--|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| C | 0 | Budget(1) | | | 024 | - | |
| | | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditur e | Development Expenditure |
| Land, Physical Planning & | & Mining | | | | | | |
| Programme 1: General administration & planning | SP1. General administration & planning | 65,444,726 | - | 32,161,256 | - | 49% | |
| Programme 2: : Land Survey & Mapping | SP2. Land Survey & Mapping | 1,926,181 | 36,566,757 | 400,292 | 4,591,490 | 21% | 13% |
| Programme 3 : Urban planning | SP3. 1 Urban planning | 4,700,000 | 48,352,239 | 4,125,000 | 4,852,395 | 88% | 10% |
| Programme 4: Mining mapping & development | SP4. 1 Mining mapping & development | 1,080,000 | 1,600,000 | - | - | 0% | 0% |
| Programme 5: Environment management and protection | SP 5. 1 Environment management and protection | 10,353,253 | 459,106,500 | 2,651,373 | 44,996,944 | 26% | 10% |
| | Sub Total | 83,504,160 | 545,625,496 | 39,337,921 | 54,440,830 | 47% | 10% |
| Wote Municipality | | | | | | | |
| Wote Municipality | SP 1. 1 Wote Municipality | 67,931,605 | 57,514,011 | 29,651,853 | 304,400 | 44% | 1% |
| | Sub Total | 67,931,605 | 57,514,011 | 29,651,853 | 304,400 | 44% | 1% |
| Emali-Sultan Hamud Mu | nicipality | | | · · · | · · | | |
| Emali-Sultan Hamud Municipality | SP 1.1 Emali-Sultan Municipality | 32,044,280 | 42,745,731 | 7,117,178 | 490,398 | 22% | 1% |
| | Sub Total | 32,044,280 | 42,745,731 | 7,117,178 | 490,398 | 22% | 1% |
| Sand Authority | | | | | | | |
| General administration & planning | SP 1.1: General administration & Planning | 57,753,699 | 5,000,000 | 26,808,865 | 1,101,320 | 46% | 22% |
| | Sub Total | 57,753,699 | 5,000,000 | 26,808,865 | 1,101,320 | 46% | 22% |
| Health Services | | | | | | | |
| General administration & planning | SP1. 1 General administration & planning | 2,658,433,749 | 913,117,034 | 1,290,160,700 | 357,610,553.60 | 49% | 39% |
| Curative health care services | SP2. 1 :Curative health care services | 363,415,723 | 31,235,847 | 156,284,323 | 1,284,763.00 | 43% | 4% |
| Preventive and Promotive health care services | SP3. 1 Preventive and Promotive health care services | 94,820,972 | 175,901,300 | 59,388,448 | 23,173,152.25 | 63% | 13% |

Table 12: Expenditure By Programme and Sub Programmes

| Programme | Sub-Programme | FY 2024/25 Su Budget(1) | | | e as of 31st December 024 | Absorption Rate (%) | |
|---|---|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditur e | Development Expenditure |
| | Sub Total | 3,116,670,444 | 1,120,254,181 | 1,505,833,471 | 382,068,469 | 48% | 34% |
| | , Public works , Housing & I | | - | - | | | |
| General administration & planning | SP1. 1 General administration & planning | 92,976,455 | 20,386,455 | 44,733,071 | 8,289,897 | 48% | |
| Road Transport | SP2.1 : Road transport | 19,092,000 | 849,665,385 | 1,717,360 | 15,284,341 | 9% | 2% |
| Infrastructure development | SP3.3: Infrastructure development | 550,000 | | 250,000 | | 45% | |
| Energy Infrastructure & development | SP4.1:Energy Infrastructure & development | 17,265,899 | 100,300,643 | 9,206,659 | | 53% | 0% |
| | Sub Total | 129,884,354 | 970,352,483 | 55,907,090 | 23,574,238 | 43% | 2% |
| ICT, Education and Inter | | , , | | , , , | | | |
| General administration & planning | SP1. 1 General administration & planning | 728,195,605 | - | 363,175,201 | - | 50% | |
| Early childhood development education | SP2.1 : Early childhood development education | 18,431,871 | 178,747,807 | 2,505,920 | 219,436 | 14% | 0% |
| Technical training & non- formal education | SP3.3: Technical training & non-formal education | 1,050,000 | 57,701,060 | 50,000 | 5,044,644 | 5% | 9% |
| Support to Education and Library Services | SP4.1:Support to Education and Library Services | 155,602,357 | 59,500 | 12,714,949 | - | 8% | 0% |
| ICT Infrastructure & Systems Development | SP5.1:ICT Infrastructure & Systems Development | 17,800,000 | 29,317,694 | 1,232,900 | 1,315,900 | 7% | 4% |
| Internship, Mentorship and volunteerism | SP6.1: Internship, Mentorship and volunteerism | 18,932,254 | | 1,602,925 | - | 8% | |
| | Sub Total | 940,012,087 | 265,826,061 | 381,281,895 | 6,579,980 | 41% | 2% |
| Trade, Industry & Cooper | ratives | | | | | | |
| General administration & planning | SP1. 1 General administration & planning | 116,877,767 | - | 46,877,633 | - | 40% | |
| Trade development & promotion | SP2.1; Trade development & promotion | 7,800,000 | 35,219,270 | 4,056,475 | 459,440 | 52% | 1% |
| Industrial development and promotion | SP3. 1 Industrial development and | 5,750,000 | 1,000,000 | | | 48% | |
| • | promotion | | | 2,761,176 | - | | |
| Tourism development & promotion | SP4. 1 Tourism development & promotion | 2,096,088 | 2,000,000 | - | - | 0% | 0% |
| Culture, Art and the Music promotion | SP5. 1 Culture, Art and the Music promotion | 7,963,360 | 1,500,000 | 1,667,162 | _ | 21% | 0% |

| Programme | Sub-Programme | FY 2024/25 St Budget(1) | | | e as of 31st December 024 | Absorption Rate (%) | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditur e | Development Expenditure |
| | Sub Total | 140,487,215 | 39,719,270 | 55,362,445 | 459,440 | 39% | 1% |
| | Sports, and Social Services | | | | | | |
| General administration & | P1: General | 62,357,267 | - | 28,099,596 | | 45% | |
| planning | administration & planning | | | | - | | |
| Gender and Social | P2: Gender and Social | 17,746,486 | 74,670,295 | 3,063,350 | | 17% | 3% |
| Development | Development | | | | 2,152,500 | | |
| Sports development | P3; Sports development | 24,176,567 | 15,923,154 | 441,000 | - | 2% | 0% |
| Youth empowerment | P4; Youth empowerment | 38,144,013 | 58,572,004 | - | 6,301,800 | 0% | 11% |
| | Sub Total | 142,424,334 | 149,165,453 | 31,603,946 | 8,454,300 | 22% | 6% |
| County Attorney | | | | | | | |
| General Administration & | P1: General | 42,540,335 | 5,200,000 | 25,642,565 | - | 60% | - |
| Support Services | administration & planning | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 42,540,335 | 5,200,000 | 25,642,565 | | 60% | |
| Governorship | | | | · · · · | • | | |
| General Administration & | P1: General | 521,048,407 | | 112,725,100 | | 22% | |
| Support Services | administration & planning | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 521,048,407 | - | 112,725,100 | | 22% | |
| County Secretary | | | • | | | | • |
| Leadership & | SP1. 1 Leadership & | 464,245,270 | | 62,752,829 | | 14% | |
| coordination of | coordination of | , , | | , , | | | |
| departments | departments | | | | | | |
| • | Sub Total | 464,245,270 | - | 62,752,829 | | 14% | |
| CPSB | | , , | | . , , | | 1 | |
| Public Service Human | SP2: Public Service | 70,998,317 | | 34,059,599 | | 48% | |
| Resource Management | Human Resource | | | | | | |
| and Development. | Management and | | | | | | |
| - | Development. | | | | | | |
| | Sub Total | 70,998,317 | | 34,059,599 | | 48% | |
| Finance & Socio Economi | c Planning | | | | · | · | • |
| General Administration & | SP1: General | 371,417,537 | 48,834,973 | 176,252,873 | - | 47% | 0% |
| Support Services | administration & planning | | | | | | |
| Public Financial | Sub-Programme | 11,907,568 | - | 7,539,204 | - | 63% | |
| Management | 2.1:Financial Accounting | | | | | | |
| - | services | | | | | | |
| | Sub-Programme 2.2; | 43,150,000 | - | 18,643,871 | - | 43% | |
| | Budget formulation, | | | | | | |
| | coordination and | | | | | | |
| | management | | | | | | |

| Programme | Sub-Programme | FY 2024/25 S Budget(1) | | | e as of 31st December 024 | Absorption Rate (%) | |
|--|--|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|
| | | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditur e | Development Expenditure |
| | Sub-Programme 2.3; Internal audit services | 7,300,000 | - | 2,670,231 | - | 37% | |
| | Sub-Programme 2.4; Resource mobilization | 39,338,022 | - | 18,085,820 | - | 46% | |
| | Sub-Programme 2.5; Supply chain management services | 2,850,000 | | 1,688,625 | - | 59% | |
| | Sub-Programme 2.6; Economic planning | 9,289,525 | | 4,553,586 | - | 49% | |
| | Sub-Programme 2.7; Monitoring & Evaluation | 7,100,000 | - | 3,060,798 | - | 43% | |
| | Sub-Programme 2.8; County Statistics | 5,100,000 | - | 2,103,657 | - | 41% | |
| | Sub-Programme 2.9; Enterprise Risk Management | 991,308 | | - | - | 0% | |
| | Sub-Programme 2.10; Assets Management | 2,800,000 | - | 756,646 | - | 27% | |
| | Sub Total | 501,243,960 | 48,834,973 | 235,355,312 | - | 47% | 0% |
| | pation, County Administrati | | | 1 | 1 | • | |
| General Administration & Planning | SP1: General Administration & Planning | 244,563,390 | 37,500,000 | 118,306,760 | | 48% | 0% |
| Participatory Development .& civic education | SP2: Participatory Development .& civic education | 19,514,800 | - | 9,110,316 | | 47% | |
| Research, Documentation and Knowledge Management | SP3: Research, Documentation and Knowledge Management | - | - | - | | | |
| Coordination of Service Delivery and Enforcement | SP4 : Coordination of Service Delivery and Enforcement | 29,811,534 | 941,225 | 15,706,380 | | 53% | |
| Disaster Risk Preparedness and Mitigation | SP5 : Disaster Risk Preparedness and Mitigation | 10,988,336 | 300,000 | 3,242,514 | | 30% | |
| Alcoholic Drinks Control and Licensing | SP6: Alcoholic Drinks Control and Licensing | 3,972,000 | - | 587,000 | | 15% | |
| 6 | Sub Total | 308,850,060 | 38,741,225 | 146,952,970 | - | 48% | 0% |

| Programme | Sub-Programme | FY 2024/25 S Budget(1) | | | as of 31st December 024 | Absorption Rate (%) | | |
|--|---|---------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditure | Development Expenditure | Recurrent Expenditur e | Development Expenditure | |
| General administration & planning | SP1: General Administration & Planning | 98,952,701 | 10,652,500 | 51,594,107 | 1,892,980 | 52% | 18% | |
| Water infrastructure Development | SP 2.1: Water harvesting and storage | 3,840,000 | 196,985,876 | 1,540,000 | 5,400,900 | 40% | 3% | |
| - | SP2: Piped water supply infrastructure | 3,680,000 | 197,983,312 | 1,540,000 | 3,020,400 | 42% | 2% | |
| | SP.3: Ground water development | 3,380,000 | 122,965,705 | 1,410,920 | 18,315,015 | 42% | 15% | |
| | Sub Total | 109,852,701 | 528,587,393 | 56,085,027 | 28,629,295 | 51% | 5% | |
| Agriculture, Livestock, Fi | sheries And Cooperative Dev | velopment | · · · | · · · | | | | |
| General administration & planning | SP1: General Administration & Planning | 236,994,981 | 184,526,856 | 114,974,076 | 8,143,336 | 49% | 4% | |
| Land, Crop development & productivity | SP 2: Land, Crop development & productivity | 2,581,308 | 78,680,099 | 1,435,000 | 2,355,295 | 56% | 3% | |
| Agribusiness and information management | SP3; Agribusiness and information management | 5,223,982 | 30,846,053 | 1,846,813 | - | 35% | 0% | |
| Livestock Production, Management and Development | SP 4:Livestock Production, Management and Development | 10,950,000 | 57,606,381 | 2,541,206 | 12,875,762 | 23% | 22% | |
| Cooperative Development | SP 5:Cooperative Development | 1,900,000 | 4,602,775 | 174,573 | - | 9% | 0% | |
| | Sub Total | 257,650,271 | 356,262,164 | 120,971,668 | 23,374,394 | 47% | 7% | |
| Makueni Fruit Developme | ent and Marketing Authority | 7 | • | | | | | |
| General Administration & Support Services | P1: General administration & planning | 35,555,220 | 46,499,364 | 7,926,417 | 4,994,474 | 22% | 11% | |
| | Sub Total | 35,555,220 | 46,499,364 | 7,926,417 | 4,994,474 | 22% | 11% | |
| County Assembly | · | | · · · | | | • | - | |
| Legislation and Representation | SP1: Legislation and Representation | 906,121,976 | 79,345,015 | 438,985,013 | - | 48% | 0% | |
| | Sub Total | 906,121,976 | 79,345,015 | 438,985,013 | - | 48% | 0% | |
| Total County Budget | | 7,928,818,694 | 4,299,672,820 | 3,374,361,163 | 534,471,537 | 43% | 12% | |

Source:County Treasury, 2025

2.6 Sectoral Performance, FY2021/22-2023/24

2.6.1 Water, Sanitation, Environment and Natural Resources

a. FY 2023/24 Financial performance

26. The sector's expenditure for FY 2023/24 was KShs 609,843,458, compared to a budget of KShs 812,653,774, resulting in a 75 percent absorption rate. This reflects a five percent increase from the 70 percent recorded in FY 2022/23. Figure 3 below illustrates the sector's budget, expenditure, and absorption rates over the medium term.

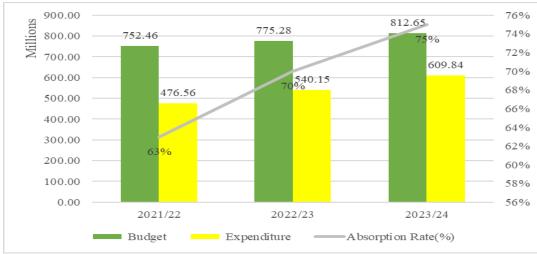


Figure 3: Water Sector, FY 2021/22- FY 2023/24 Expenditure performance *Source: County Treasury, 2024*

b. FY 2023/24 Non-Financial Performance Review

- 27. The goal of the sector is to provide adequate safe water for domestic and commercial use, as well as water for irrigation, to enhance food and nutritional security for the citizens of Makueni County. Currently, the water demand stands at 60,000 cubic meters per day, while water production is only 30,000 cubic meters per day. Safe water coverage is at 46 percent, with an average distance of 4 kilometers to the nearest water source, compared to safe water coverage of 36 percent and an average distance of 7 kilometers in the financial year 2018/2019.
- 28. During the review period, a total of 23 earth dams and 8 sand dams were constructed or rehabilitated. Additionally, 37 boreholes were developed, and 159 kilometers of water pipeline were constructed, connecting 77 water points/kiosks and 65 markets, schools, and government institutions. The sector also solarized 29 water projects and automated 31 water points in the county to reduce operational and maintenance costs in the water schemes, thereby addressing non-revenue water.
- 29.
- 30. The sector has initiated five flagship water and irrigation projects: AKWASH Kalawa, the Athi-Tunguni-Kilema water project, Mulima Earth Dam, Ngosini Earth Dam, and the Miangeni irrigation scheme in Kalawa ward. Once completed, these schemes will increase safe water production by 5,000 cubic meters and add at least 500 acres of irrigation.

- 31. In environmental conservation, the government collaborated with stakeholders in the forestry subsector to plant 531,620 seedlings across the county, achieving a survival rate of 64.5 percent. A total of 30 Ward Sand Management Committees were established to oversee sustainable sand extraction practices, environmental conservation, and resource management.
- 32. Furthermore, a participatory county climate risk assessment was conducted, involving 900 community members who identified climate hazards, risks, and their impacts in their respective wards. Through this process, the local community prioritized and addressed climate risks, developed strategic interventions, and created ward climate action plans for each of the 30 wards. These ward climate action plans served as the foundation for developing the Makueni County Climate Action Plan 2023.

FY 2024/25 Half Year Performance

a. Financial Performance

33. The total half year expenditure for the sector for the FY 2024/25 is KShs 108,096,829 which translates to an absorption rate of 15 percent against the total budget of KShs. 701,193,793. The absorption rates for recurrent and development were 47 percent and 6 percent respectively.

| Economic Classification | FY 2024/25 Supplementary(1) Budget Estimates | Expenditures As At 31st December 2024 | Absorption Rate (%) |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|------------------------|
| Recurrent Expenditure | | | |
| Operations | 50,511,556 | 23,175,813 | 46% |
| Maintenance | 9,743,303 | 2,100,000 | 22% |
| Operations and Maintenance | 60,254,859 | 25,275,813 | 42% |
| Personnel Emoluments | 107,351,541 | 53,090,401 | 49% |
| Total Recurrent | 167,606,400 | 78,366,214 | 47% |
| Development Expenditure | | | |
| Capital Expenditure | 533,587,393 | 29,730,615 | 6% |
| Total Budget | 701,193,793 | 108,096,829 | 15% |

Table 13: Expenditure By Programme and Sub Programmes

34. The total expenditure constituted 49% personnel emoluments, 28% development and 23% on operations and maintenance.

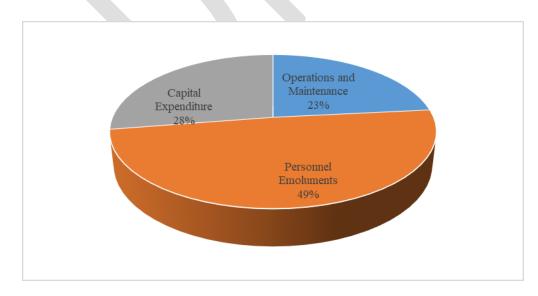


Figure 4:Water sector Expenditure by main economic classification

Source: County Treasury, 2025.

b. Non-Financial Performance

35. During the first half of FY 2024/25, the department carried out a project prefeasibility study, constructed a sand dam and four earth dams, developed nine boreholes, laid pipelines for six water projects and trained four water schemes. On the other hand, the authority carried out six sensitization forums on sand conservation and targeted to construct two sand dams and review the Makueni County Sand Conservation and Utilization Act, 2015.

2.6.2 Agriculture and Rural Development

a. Financial Performance

36. The revised budget for the financial year 2023/24 amounted to KShs. 1.001 billion, with KShs. 699.19 million (69.8%) allocated to development and KShs. 302.24 million (29.2%) for recurrent expenditure. The total expenditure for the period under review stood at KShs. 635.87 million, translating to an absorption rate of 63%, a notable drop from the 93% recorded in FY 2022/23. The absorption rate for recurrent expenditure was 86%, while development expenditure stood at 54%.

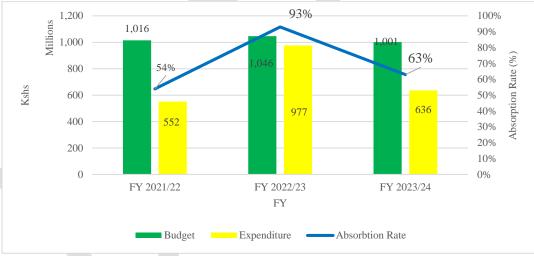


Figure 5: Expenditure trends sector of Agriculture and Rural Development

37. A key factor behind the decline in absorption was the non-disbursement of KShs. 247.39 million in conditional grants, including KShs. 162.56 million for the Fertilizer Subsidy Programme, KShs. 63.34 million for the De-Risking and Value Enhancement (DRIVE) project, and KShs. 21.49 million for the Livestock Value Chain Support Project. These funds, which were managed directly by the national government, affected the county's ability to fully utilize its allocated budget.

b. Non-financial Performance

38. During the FY 2023/24, the government accelerated efforts in enhancing food and nutrition security through the sustainable management of crop and livestock resources and the prudent management of cooperatives. The sector made significant milestones as highlighted in the programmes below.

- 39. **Crop Development & Productivity:** Efforts to increase production and productivity was enhanced through distribution of 48,478 metric tonnes of certified seeds to 24,239 beneficiaries. The initiative led to the production of 2,193.6 Metric Tons (MT) of cereal grains. To enhance fruit production and reduce cost of production, the government provided fruit seedlings to farmers.
- 40. In the FY 2023/24, the county government initiated the establishment of low pest zone covering 4,000Ha (10,000 farmers) in upper Makueni/Mbooni zones while also managing another low pest Zone of 4700 Ha established on Kibwezi in 2019. Key activities included supply of fruit fly management technologies-(30,000 Traps and baits and 10,000 solarized bags) and 10,000 farmers were trained on Good Agricultural Practices.
- 41. Livestock Resources Management and Development: Over the period under review, government-initiated programmes to promote dairy development, meat value chain development, and fisheries enhancement. Milk production increased by 5 percent and beef production by 20 percent as compared in FY2022/23 with an increased number of farmers engaging in dairy and livestock production. Fisheries enhancement effort led to increased fish production from 8 Tons in FY 2022/23 to 8.6 Tons in FY 2023/24. The county also supported the provision of 2316 Artificial Insemination (AI) services for dairy cattle. The government conducted vaccination190,724 animals (cattle, sheep and goats) against foot and mouth disease, Lumpy Skin Disease (LSD) and Contagious Caprine Pleuropneumonia (CCPP). Further, the department vaccinated 11,094 dogs in rabies endemic wards.
- 42. The county launched the of Makueni Agricultural Training Centre (ATC) as an Agricultural Technical Vocational Education and Training Centre (ATVET) which 60 school-based trainees (youths) in Horticulture (25), Dairy (13), and Poultry (22) were recruited.
- 43. **Co-operative Development:** To strengthen cooperative governance and compliance, the government conducted nine cooperative audits to ensure transparency and accountability. Over 2,000 coffee farmers accessed the Coffee Cherry Advance Revolving Fund, which improved their liquidity and allowed them to enhance their coffee production and household income. During the period under review, the county established 18 ward-based saving and credit cooperative societies under the National Agricultural and Rural Inclusion Growth Project (NARIGP) which are now in operation.
- 44. **Makueni County Fruit Development and Marketing Authority**: The Authority purchased 593,460 kilograms of mangoes through five cooperatives at a rate of KShs 20 per kilogram, benefiting 2,800 farmers. Additionally, 281,600 kilograms of mango puree was processed, enhancing the value of the fruit and providing a stable market for farmers. The plant generated revenue amounting to KShs 35,932,588.
- 45. **Fertilizer Satellite Depots:** the county government in partnership with NCPB implemented the last mile distribution of the subsidized fertilizer to areas that are close to farmers. The county initiated and operationalized seven (7) satellite depots as follows: Kitise Satellite in Kitise-Kithuki ward, Kithumani Satellite in Mbitini ward, Kasikeu Satellite in Kasikeu ward, Mukuyuni Satellite in Ukia ward, Nunguni Satellite in Kilungu ward, Kikima Satellite in Mbooni ward and Tawa Satellite in Kisau/Kiteta ward.
- 46. A total of **5,319.2 MT of planting and top dressing subsidized fertilizer** was procured by farmers for October, November and December 2023 season and March, April and May 2024. Over 25% of the fertilizer was sold from the 7 satellite depots. Further, under the

National Agricultural Value Chain Project, the County registered over187,000 farmers who are now able to receive subsidized fertilizer

FY 2024/25 Half Year Financial Performance

a. Financial Performance

47. The total expenditure for the first half of FY 2024/25 was Ksh. 144,346,062 which translated to an absorption rate of 24 percent against an annual allocation of Kshs 613,912,435.

| Expenditure Item | FY 2024/25 Supplementary(1) Budget Estimates | Expenditures As At 31 st December 2024 | Budget Absorption |
|------------------|---|--|-------------------|
| Operations | 30,049,740 | 8,175,332 | 27% |
| Maintenance | 3,090,000 | 541,171 | 18% |
| Sub Total | 33,139,740 | 8,716,502 | 26% |
| Personnel | 224,510,531 | 112,255,166 | 50% |
| Total Recurrent | 257,650,271 | 120,971,668 | 47% |
| Development | 356,262,164 | 23,374,394 | 7% |
| Total Budget | 613,912,435 | 144,346,062 | 24% |

Table 14: Budget Summary and Expenditure as at 31st December 2024

48. The department spend 78 per cent on personnel emoluments, 6 percent on operations and maintenance and 16 percent on capital expenditure.

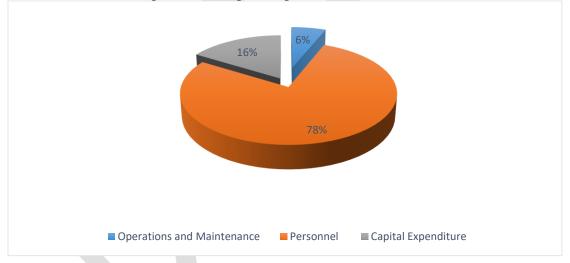


Figure 6:FY 2024/25 Half Year Non-Financial Performance

b. Non-Financial Performance

49. The sector achieved significant milestones in the first half of FY 2024/25, focusing on enhancing agricultural productivity and supporting food security.

a) Lands, Crop Development & Productivity

50. During the first half of 2024.25, the government distributed assorted certified seeds, totaling 36.782 metric tonnes, to 18,277 farmers across ten wards, including Kako Waia, Mbooni, Tulimani, Kalawa, Ilima, Kilungu, Kasikeu, Mukaa, Ivingoni Nzambani, and Mbitini. This strategic distribution included green grams (5.512 MT), beans (3.806 MT), and maize (27.464 MT). The seeds, planted in over 1,542 hectares, are projected to yield more than 1,000 metric tonnes of produce, thereby significantly contributing to food security in the community.

- 51. In addition to the seed distribution, the government provided 535 kilograms of pasture seeds to 167 farmers, enhancing livestock feed availability. Coffee production also received a boost with the distribution of 26,600 seedlings to various cooperative societies: Kikima received 20,100 seedlings, Kithangathini 4,517, Kithumani 878, and Masokani 1,105. Such efforts are aimed at improving coffee yields and providing a sustainable income for farmers.
- 52. The operationalization of the Wote aggregation and packhouse has marked a pivotal development in the agricultural sector. This facility has enabled the export of approximately 483,446 mangoes (Apple and Kent varieties) to international markets, including Oman, Dubai, Qatar, and the UK. The collaboration with five exporters underscores the government's commitment to promoting the region's agricultural products on a global scale.

b) Livestock Resources Management and Development

- 53. The management of livestock resources has also been a priority, with various vaccination programs aimed at maintaining animal health. Vaccination efforts have included 48 cattle vaccinated against Contagious Bovine Pleuropneumonia (CBPP), alongside substantial numbers against Foot and Mouth Disease (FMD) and Lumpy Skin Disease (LSD), with 20,494 and 68,293 vaccinations administered, respectively. Moreover, 71,393 goats were vaccinated against Contagious Caprine Pleuropneumonia, demonstrating a comprehensive approach to livestock health.
- 54. The poultry sector benefited as well, with 1,321 birds vaccinated against Fowl Pox and over 16,000 against Newcastle Disease. The slaughter statistics reveal an impressive output, with 9,306 beef carcasses, 3,630 sheep, 18,306 goats, and 41 pigs recorded, totaling 31,283 carcasses. These efforts not only enhance food production but also contribute to the livelihoods of local farmers.

c) Cooperatives Development

55. During the reporting period, the department conducted 13 cooperative audits and facilitated the formation of 22 new cooperative societies. The implementation of pre-cooperative trainings and the organization of 31 Annual General Meetings (AGMs) have strengthened the cooperative movement, enabling farmers to collaborate and maximize their potential.

d) National Agriculture Value Chain Development Programme (NAVCDP)

56. The National Agriculture Value Chain Development Programme (NAVCDP) has played a crucial role in supporting agricultural initiatives and cooperative development in the region. In its first phase, 187,557 farmers were registered, indicating a robust engagement in agricultural activities. To further enhance capacities, 120 members of SACCO management and supervisory committees (60 females and 60 males) and five cooperative officers underwent training on SACCO financial operations manuals, Environmental and Social Safeguards (ESS), and Grievance Redress Mechanisms (GRM). This training is pivotal for improving the efficiency and effectiveness of SACCO operations. 62,556 beneficiaries were enrolled in 4,958 Community Interest Groups (CIGs) and Vulnerable and Marginalized Groups (VMGs).

2.6.3 Transport, Infrastructure, Public Works, Energy and ICT

a. FY 2023/24 Financial Performance

57. In FY 2023/24, the sector had a budgetary allocation of KShs. 730,698,958 which comprised of KShs. 570,628,702 for development and KShs. 160,070,255 for recurrent budget. The total expenditures amounted to KShs. 564,616,139.39, achieving a 77 percent absorption rate a decline from 87 percent recorded in FY 2022/23. Recurrent absorption recorded 76 percent and development 79 percent. Figure 8 illustrates budgetary allocation, expenditure and absorption rate trend for the sector.

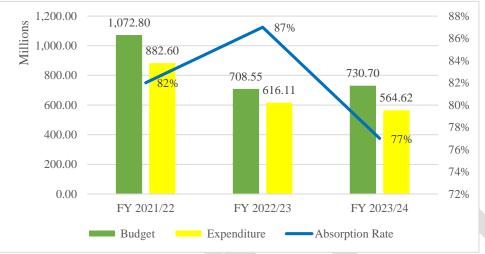


Figure 7:FY 2023/24 Sector Fiscal Performance *Source: County Treasury*

b. FY 2023/24 Non-Financial Performance

- 58. Electricity connection to households grew from 6 percent in 2009 to 20.4 percent in 2019, KNBS Census Reports, largely due to the Last Mile Electricity Connectivity efforts. In the period under review, the county installed a 205 KWp grid-tied solar system at Makueni County Referral Hospital. The county connected 586 households through the REREC program, and installing 6 high-mast floodlights, 78 solar streetlights, and 63 grid-powered streetlights. In partnership with Strathmore University and the World Resources Institute the county developed that will guide energy development and promotion across the county.
- 59. The government opened 445.3 km of roads, graded 1,273.4 km, gravelled 102 km, constructed 12 drifts, installed 2,190 meters of culverts, and built 813 gabion boxes.

FY 2024/25 Half Year Performance

a. Financial Performance

60. In the first half of FY 2024/25, the department had total expenditure of KShs 79,481,327 against a budget of KShs 1,100,236,837, resulting in a seven percent absorption rate. The department utilized KShs 55,907,090 for recurrent expenditures and KShs 23,574,238 for development, representing absorption rates of 43 percent and two percent, respectively. The total expenditure incurred during the period was 52% on personnel emoluments, 30% on development activities and 18% on operations and maintenance.

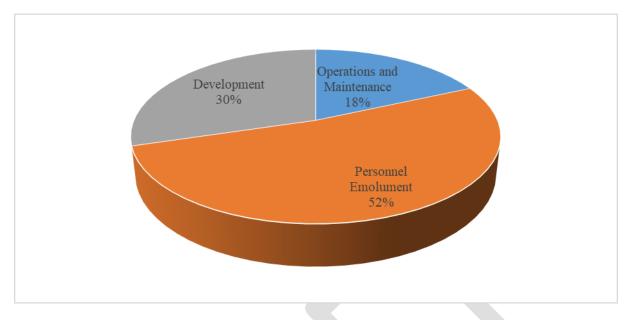


Figure 8: Infrastructure, Expenditure Summary per Economic classification for Transport Department

b. FY 2024/25 Half Year Non-Financial Performance

- 61. In road development, the department has implemented six sub-programmes, focusing on improving infrastructure and increasing connectivity through upgrading and maintaining road networks. These include spot improvement, road improvement, MTF, fuel levy, emergency road works, rehabilitation and routine maintenance of roads programmes.
- 62. The Government has opened 5km, maintained 300km and rehabilitated 5km. additionally, three drifts were constructed and 13,050 m of catch water mitre drains excavated to improve road drainage. The county government, in partnership with Strathmore University and the World Rescue Institute, launched Makueni County Energy Plan (2023-2032). The plan is focuses on providing clean, sustainable, reliable and affordable energy solutions while addressing local energy challenges and ensuring compliance with national laws. The County Government, in collaboration with the Council of Governors and UK PACT, organized a three-day conference attended by representatives from 46 counties on Climate Compatible Growth aimed at promoting peer-to-peer learning on the productive use of renewable energy and strengthening climate resilience. A 205kWp grid-tier solar system was commissioned at Makueni County Referral Hospital, which is expected to save the facility Ksh 7 million annually, demonstrating a commitment to green energy and cost-saving initiatives
- 63. To bolster security measures around market and urban areas and ensure extended business operating hours, the government has Installed 2 -20M High mast floodlights at Kathyaka in Kikumbulyu North ward and Yinthungu Kitise- Kithuki ward, 20 streetlights along Kwa Mulei Kivandini and Mbooni SC hospital to DCC office in Kikima, contributing to the overall safety and well-being of the community.

2.6.4 Health Services

64. In FY 2023/24, the sector recorded an expenditure of KShs. 3,158,479,120 against a budget of KShs. 3,804,087,746 representing an absorption rate of 83 percent which was a drop of

9 percent compared to FY 2022/23. The figure 9 provides details of the budget allocation, expenditures, and absorption rates for the last three years.

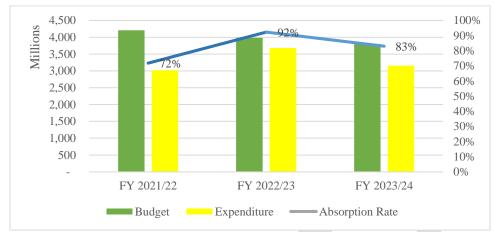


Figure 9: Budget Vs Expenditure Performance

65.

- The government supported preventive and promotive health services, where delivery under 66. skilled personnel increased from 88 percent in 2022 to 89 percent in 2023. This slight increase resulted from continuous outreaches and the construction of more maternity wards. The percentage of women attending at least 4 Antenatal Care (ANC) visits also increased from 64 percent to 68 percent. This target was achieved due to the introduction of Group ANC and more health education. However, immunization coverage remained stagnant at 98 percent, mainly due to erratic commodity (vaccines) supply. The proportion of pregnant women who were supplemented with Iron and Folic Acid Supplementation (IFAS) increased from 98 percent to 100 percent due to the availability of commodities. However, there is a challenge with the consumption of IFAS. To address this, the sector will enhance the outreach program on the importance of the supplement. Furthermore, the proportion of children aged 6-59 months who were supplemented with Vitamin A increased from 80 percent to 82 percent. This resulted from the availability of commodities and continuous outreaches to Early Childhood Development centres. Additionally, 1,230 villages were declared Open Defecation Free (ODF) against a target of 500, significantly improving sanitation status.
- 67. In curative and rehabilitation services, the average length of hospital stay reduced from 5.4 days to 4.5 days. The laboratory services improved, where 50 percent of health facilities have established sample referral networks and 65 percent of laboratories are enrolled in external quality assurance schemes. The drug fill rate increased from 60 percent to 65 percent which is an improvement though there need for an improved supply of health commodities and technologies. A total of 5,400 households were registered under the Makueni Care Scheme. The National Hospital Insurance Fund (NHIF) coverage increased from 10 percent to 15 percent of the county population.
- 68. On Infrastructure development, 3 new health facilities were constructed, while others were upgraded and equipped to offer comprehensive healthcare services. The government automated health service by acquiring Digital Health Commodities Management Systems, piloted in 13 health facilities. An end-to-end automation of health services through the County Integrated Health Management Information System (CIHMIS) dumped as "Afya

Makueni" was also established. The system helps in tracking health products, revenue and patient management.

FY 2024/25 Half Year Performance

a. Financial Performance

69. The total department expenditure for the half year of the FY 2024/25 was KShs 1,887,901,940 against budget of KShs 4,236,924,624 which translated to an absorption rate of 45 percent.

| Economic Classification | FY 2024/25 Supplementary(1) Budget | Expenditures As At 31 st December 2024 | Absorption Rate (%) |
|-------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------|
| | Estimates | Determber 2024 | |
| Recurrent Expenditure | | | |
| Operations | 522,558,198 | 244,475,698 | 47 |
| Maintenance | 139,028,797 | 35,650,755 | 26 |
| Sub Total | 661,586,995 | 280,126,452 | 42 |
| Personnel | 2,455,083,449 | 1,225,707,019 | 50 |
| Total Recurrent | 3,116,670,444 | 1,505,833,471 | 48 |
| Development Expenditure | | | |
| Capital Expenditure | 1,120,254,180 | 382,068,469 | 34 |
| Total Budget | 4,236,924,624 | 1,887,901,940 | 45 |

Table 15: Health Department Summary of budget and expenditures

70. The total expenditure constituted personnel emoluments 65 percent, operations and maintenance 15 per cent and development expenditure 20 percent. The figure 12 shows the departmental expenditures per economic classification.

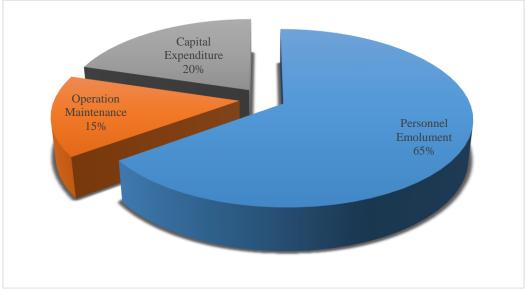


Figure 10: Department of Health Services Expenditure per Economic Classification

b. FY 2024/25 Half Year Non-Financial Performance

71. During the period under review, immunization coverage improved to 100 percent and the Proportion of labs with sample referral networks improved to 65 percent. Additionally, 69 percent of pregnant mothers attended at least 4 antenatal care (ANC) visits. These

improvements are attributed to increased follow-ups, health education, the purchase of additional cold chain equipment and the establishment of more immunization sites. Regarding the community's nutrition, 96 percent of ANC mothers were supplemented with Iron Folic Acid (IFAS), while 82 percent of children aged 6 to 59 months were supplemented with vitamin A. The sector has also drafted a Nutrition and Food Security Policy which once approved will promote county nutrition and attract funds from other development partners. The county has made great milestones in preventive and Promotive healthcare with the department conducting 16 medical outreach campaigns, a surgery camp in Makueni CRH with which over 400 patients were treated and discharged. Through improved partnerships the department has benefited with different sorts of equipment in different facilities improving the quality of care among the residents. The department has enhanced community strategy by equipping the CHPs with monthly stipends and additional commodities, this has in turn improved the number of patients screened for NCDs.

2.6.5 Social Protection, Education, and Recreation

i. Education and Internship Sub-Sector

a. Financial Performance

72. In FY 2023/24, the sub-sector had a budgetary allocation of KShs. 951,485,403. An allocation, KShs. 701,571,576 was for recurrent and KShs. 249,913,827 for development. The absorption rate for the year was 80 percent a decrease from 90 percent recorded in FY 2022/23.

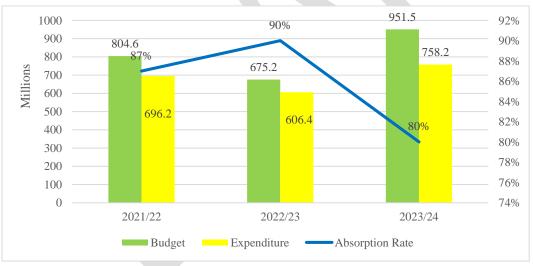


Figure 11: Education and Internship Sub Sector Performance

b. FY 2023/24 Non-Financial Performance Review

73. In the fiscal year 2023/24, the sector achieved substantial progress across diverse programmes. During the period under review, the government made notable strides to increase access to quality Early Childhood Development Education (ECDE) through construction of 37 ECDE centres, converted 954 ECDE teachers, supplied learning materials to 1,197 ECDE centres through capitation and 38,728 learners participated in music festivals. CTTI capitation benefited4,417 trainees and infrastructure development carried out in 12 CTTIs. 14,388 and 675 needy students benefited with bursaries and

scholarship respectively. The county offered internship and attachment opportunities to 100 and 785 trainees respectively.

FY 2024/25 Half Year Performance

a. Financial Performance

74. The department utilized KShs. 381,281,895 against a budget of KShs. 940,012,087 on recurrent which represents 41 percent absorption rate. The total expenditure constituted of 6 percent operation and maintenance, 92 percent personnel emolument and 2 percent development. The department utilized KShs. 6,579,980 against a budget of KShs. 265,826,061 on development which represents two percent absorption rate. The highest development expenditure of KShs 5,044,644 was realized on CTTI Development and capitation followed by KShs 1,315,900 on Government Automation.

| Economic Classification | FY 2024/25 | Expenditures As At 31 st | Absorption Rate (%) |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Supplementary(1) Budget | December 2024 | |
| | Estimates | | |
| Operations | 19,851,846 | 5,754,042 | 29 |
| Maintenance | 205,402,357 | 16,713,786 | 8 |
| Sub-total | 225,254,203 | 22,467,828 | 10 |
| Personnel Emoluments | 714,757,884 | 358,814,067 | 50 |
| Total Recurrent | 940,012,087 | 381,281,895 | 41 |
| Capital Expenditure | 265,826,061 | 6,579,980 | 2 |
| Totals | 1,205,838,148 | 387,861,875 | 32 |

 Table 16: Expenditure Summary for FY 2024/25 half year

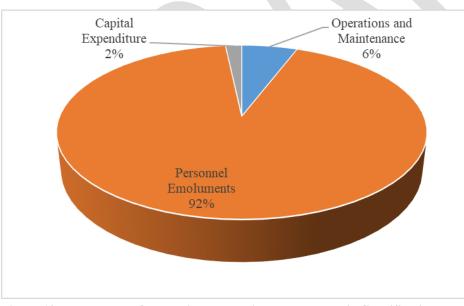


Figure 12:Department of Education Expenditure by Economic Classification

b. FY 2024/25 Half Year Non-Financial Performance

75. The department recruited 28 ECDE teachers to replace those who had exited service, awarded 125 and 206 youths with internship and attachment opportunities respectively. A

total of 15,712 citizens accessed community library and Resource Centre services in the first half of FY 2024/25

ii. Gender and Social Services Sub-Sector

FY 2023/24 Performance

a. Financial Performance

76. In the fiscal year 2023/2024, the sub sector of Gender, Children, Culture and Social Services spent a total of KShs. 203,738,076.65 against the total departmental allocation of KShs. 227,910,428.34 representing 89 percent absorption rate.

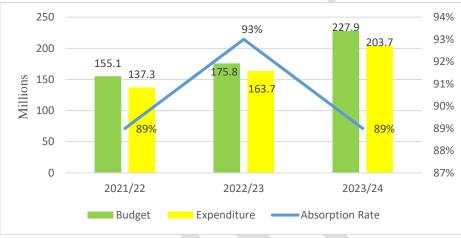


Figure 13:Gender and social services expenditure performance

- 77. The government provided support to vulnerable groups by assisting 1,832 elderly persons and 1,800 persons with disabilities (PWDs) with food and non-food items, while 206 individuals with disabilities received assorted assistive devices. Additionally, 210 elderly persons benefited from NHIF insurance subscriptions, and 93 community groups were equipped with tents and chairs. To promote dignity among youth, 1,600 teenage boys and girls received dignity packs.
- 78. In skills development, 128 apprentices were engaged, 97 youths trained in master crafts, and 101 youths equipped with driving skills. In sports and talent development, the county organized competitions at three levels—ward ("Ligi Mashinani"), sub-county, and county ("Supa Cup")—with teams awarded cash prizes, sports gear, and equipment. The county also participated in the Kenya Youth Intercounty Sports Association (KYISA) games in Kilifi, leading to two youths being scouted for professional sports. Additionally, sports infrastructure was improved through the levelling of five playing fields, enhancing opportunities for local talent development.

b. FY 2024/25 Half Year Financial Performance

79. In the first half of FY 2024/25, the department utilized KShs 40,058,246 out of its KShs 291,589,787 allocation, resulting in a 14 percent absorption rate. Recurrent expenditure absorption stood at 22 percent, while development expenditure was at 6 percent

| | | Expenditures As At 31st December 2024 | Absorption Rate (%) |
|------------|------------|--|---------------------|
| Operations | 27,516,241 | 2,512,583 | 9 |

Table 17:Expenditure Analysis per Economic Classification

DRAFT 2025 MAKUENI COUNTY FISCAL STRATEGY PAPER(CFSP) FOR PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

| Maintenance | 62,942,067 | 3,108,350 | 5 |
|----------------------|-------------|------------|----|
| Sub-total | 90,458,308 | 5,620,933 | 6 |
| Personnel Emoluments | 51,966,026 | 25,983,013 | 50 |
| Total Recurrent | 142,424,334 | 31,603,946 | 22 |
| Capital Expenditure | 149,165,453 | 8,454,300 | 6 |
| Totals | 291,589,787 | 40,058,246 | 14 |

80. The total expenditure for the department comprised of 65 percent personnel emoluments, 21 percent development and 14 percent operations and maintenance.

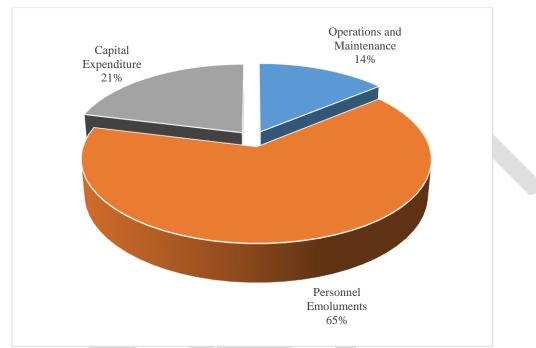


Figure 14:Gender ,Expenditure by Main Economic Classification

FY 2024/25 Half Year Non-Financial Performance

81. During the first half of FY 2024/25, 400 PWDs were supported with assorted assistive devices. In efforts to enhance dignity and promote menstrual hygiene among adolescent girls and boys, the county government, in partnership with the State Department of Protection, supported 150 boys and 150 girls with dignity packs.

2.6.6 General Economic and Commercial Affairs

a. Financial Performance

82. The sector allocation increased from KShs. 103,116,273.74 in FY 2021/22 to KShs. 168,577,604.56 in FY 2023/24 with an expenditure of KShs. 149,022,544 representing 88 percent a decline from 91 percent reported in FY 2022/23.

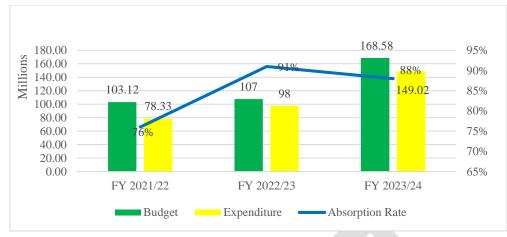


Figure 15:Trade Budget, Expenditure and Absorption Rate

b. Non-Financial Performance

- 83. The sector has fostered a conducive business environment by capacity building 1,218 MSMEs to enhance their entrepreneurial skills, leading to a 13.3 percent growth in the informal sector. Trade fair practices were strengthened, resulting in a 10 percent increase in businesses complying with the Weights and Measures Act. Additionally, a trade fair was successfully conducted alongside the Kenya Music and Cultural Festival. A total of 30 vendors were integrated into the Soko Makueni platform, surpassing the set target of 15, to enable better market access.
- 84. The Tourism Sector Performance Report 2022 reveals a remarkable 70.45 percent increase in international tourist arrivals compared to 2021, welcoming 1.5 million visitors. The government enhanced its role in tourism development by; facilitating tourism stakeholders' participation in the East Africa Regional Tourism Expo, supporting the formation of the Makueni Tourism Association, and formulating terms and conditions for the development of the Destination Makueni online platform. The subsector has also strengthened the capabilities of 52 hospitality service providers and tourism stakeholders by offering training and facilitating peer-to-peer learning experiences at tourism facilities within our county.

FY 2024/25 Half Year Performance

a. Financial Performance

85. The total expenditure for the first half of the FY 2024/25 was KShs 55,821,885 against a budget allocation of Kshs 180,206,486 which translated to an absorption rate of 31 percent. During the period the expenditure on Personnel emoluments had the highest absorption rate at 50 percent while development had the lowest at 1 percent absorption rate.

| Economic FY 2024/25 Supplementary(1) Bud | | Expenditures As At 31 st | Absorption Rate |
|--|-------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Classification | Estimates | December 2024 | (%) |
| Operations | 10,700,000 | 2,072,962 | 19 |
| Maintenance | 70,797,215 | 23,794,482 | 34 |
| Sub total | 81,497,215 | 25,867,445 | 32 |
| Personnel | 58,990,000 | 29,495,000 | 50 |
| Total Recurrent | 140,487,215 | 55,362,445 | 39 |
| Capital Expenditure | 39,719,271 | 459,440 | 1 |

Table 18:Summary of Budget and Expenditures

DRAFT 2025 MAKUENI COUNTY FISCAL STRATEGY PAPER(CFSP) FOR PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

| Total Budget | 180,206,486 | 55,821,885 | 31 |
|--------------|-------------|------------|----|
| 10th 2 daget | 100,200,100 | | |

86. The department total expenditure comprised of 53 personnel emoluments,46 percent operation and maintenance and 1 percent development.

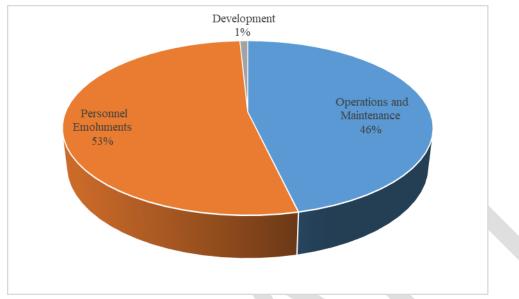


Figure 16:Expenditure percentage per economic classification

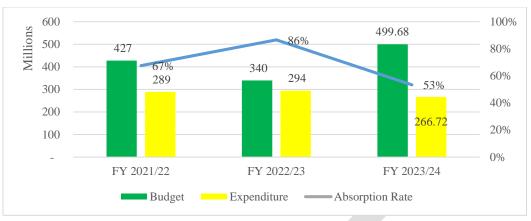
b. FY 2024/25 Half Year Non-Financial Performance

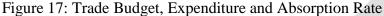
87. During the period, the department conducted eight trainings and ninety-two MSMEs participated on basic business management skills such as book keeping, marketing strategies, business finance and value addition of products. Additionally, the department managed to verify 2538 equipment and collected a revenue of KShs. 333,960 during the exercise.

2.6.7 Lands and Urban Development FY 2023/24 Performance

a. Financial Performance

88. The sector received a budget of KShs. 499,678,441 composing of; KShs. 64,072,444 for Wote Municipality, KShs. 54,200,165 for Emali-Sultan Hamud Municipality and KShs. 381,405,832 for Lands, Urban Development, Environment and Climate Change. The sector spent KShs. 266,723,629 translating to an absorption rate of 53 percent, a decline from 86 percent recorded in FY 2022/23 which was occasioned by late disbursement of FLLoCA grant of KShs 142,746,435.





b. Non-Financial Performance

- 89. The sector facilitated issuance of 600 title deeds for public utilities across the county, including ECDE centres, health facilities, churches, water facilities and cattle dips. Wote Township perimeter survey was prepared and approved which serves as the basis for surveying all plots within the township. Local physical and land use development plans for Kathonzweni and Mtito Andei towns were developed and submitted to the County Assembly for approval. The sector initiated urban planning for 6 markets in various wards.
- 90. In Urban infrastructure and development, Solid waste management was enhanced through market cleaning in major markets within the municipalities. The municipalities promoted urban infrastructure through Cabro paving, routine maintenance and repair of flood lights and streetlights in Wote town, Emali, and Sultan Hamud towns as well as enhanced storm water management through unclogging of drainage systems in Wote, Emali and Sultan-Hamud towns.

FY 2024/25 Half Year Financial Performance

a. Financial Performance

91. The total department expenditure for the half year of the FY 2024/25 was KShs 93,778,750.50 against budget of KShs 629,129,655.98 which translated to an absorption rate of 15 percent

| Economic | FY 2024/25 | Expenditures As At 31st | Absorption Rate |
|-----------------------|------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| Classification | Supplementary(1) | December 2024 | (%) |
| | Budget Estimates | | |
| Recurrent expenditure | | | |
| Operations | 66,032,289 | 29,452,452 | 45 |
| Maintenance | 48,758,547 | 3,985,642 | 8 |
| Sub total | 114,790,836 | 33,438,094 | 29 |
| Personnel | 68,689,209 | 28,452,363 | 41 |
| Total recurrent | 183,480,045 | 61,890,457 | 34 |
| Capital expenditure | 645,885,238 | 55,235,628 | 9 |
| Total | 829,365,283 | 117,126,085 | 14 |

Table 19: Department Lands Summary of Budget and Expenditures

Expenditure by Economic Classification

92. The total expenditure constituted of operations and maintenance 29 per cent, development expenditure 47 percent and personnel emoluments 24 percent, the figure below shows the departmental expenditures per economic classification;

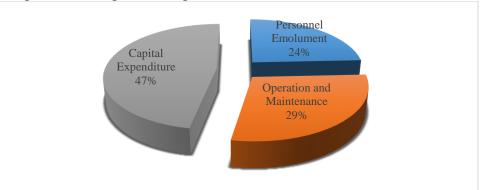


Figure 18: Department Lands Expenditure by Economic Classification

b. FY 2024/25 Half Year Non-Financial Performance

- 93. The department achieved significant urban land use planning and management milestones during the review period. Initiated planning of Tawa through stakeholder engagement and plot validation through LIMS. In the proposed Kee-Mbooni Municipality, the municipality's boundaries were delineated, and the committee's report submitted to the County Executive Committee for adoption. The department carried survey for Yikivumbu market in efforts to enhance security of tenure by issuing allotment letters to plot owners. The department also conducted land clinics in 14 markets across various sub-counties.
- 94. Through the County Climate Resilience Investment (CCRI) Grant and Matching grant, the department initiated implementation of 12 climate-resilient projects across the county. In collaboration with Wote Municipality launched a greening initiative and a tree-growing plan to support seedling survival. The sub-sector also maintained streetlights and floodlights in key markets to ensure proper lighting for night-time business. Public sanitation services were maintained in all 35 markets within the Municipality. In the Emali-Sultan Hamud Municipality, a total of 4,350 meters of drainage systems were opened and unclogged to ensure proper storm water disposal within the markets during the rainy season.

2.6.8 Devolution Sector

95. The Devolution sector comprises Governorship, County Secretary, County Attorney, Finance and Socio-economic Planning, Devolution, Public Participation, County administration and Special Programs, County Public Service Board (CPSB), and County Assembly (CA). During the FY 2023/24, the sector budget was KShs. 1,928.4M, a decline from KShs. 1982.3M in FY 2022/23. The expenditure for the period was Ksh.1733.5M a decline from 1873.2M during the previous financial year. The overall absorption rate for the sector declined from 94 percent in FY 2022/23 to 90 percent in FY 2023/24. The sector's performance improved remarkably between FY 2021/22 and FY 2022/23, with the highest absorption rate of 94% in FY 2022/23.

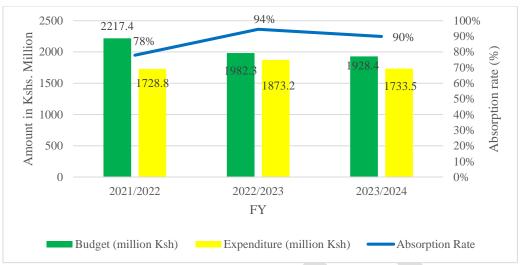


Figure 19: Devolution Sector Expenditure Performance FY 2021/22-FY 2023/24

- 96. During the period under review, the sector made the following milestones;
 - a) **Disaster management:** The fire stations in Makindu and Wote were assorted firefighting and rescue equipment to strengthen response and rescue operations. During the period, the unit responded to 35 fire incidences and rescue operations.
 - **b) Participatory Development and Civic Education:** Over the period under review, 408,025 citizens from 3,612 villages were engaged in formulation of the Annual Development Plan 2024/25, budget feedback, development reviews and policy formulation.
 - c) Public Service Transformation: The government reviewed the County Human Resource Manual and the Staff Establishment during the plan period. Other policy documents developed include; The County Performance Management Framework, Reward and Sanction Framework and Succession Management Policy. All county employees signed performance contracts and were appraised as a way of improving performance and productivity.
 - d) County Administration: The government constructed four administration offices at Kithuki Sub-ward, Ivingoni/Nzambani ward, Mavindini ward and Kilome Sub-County.
 - e) **Resource mobilization:** For the period under review, OSR was KShs 1,045,086,845 representing a performance of 84% against a target of KShs 1,240,000,000. This was a 17% increase from previous financial year of KShs. 891,595,987. The increase is attributed to the introduction of a unified auto-billing regime, the adoption of cashless payment methods and the sensitization of customers for voluntary payments.
 - **f) Data Management:** The government in collaboration with KNBS prepared the County Statistical Abstract 2023, which has guided the planning and budgeting. This has facilitated evidence-based decision-making.

a. FY 2024/25 Half Year Financial Performance

97. The sector incurred an expenditure of Ksh 1,059,434,983 against an allocation of 2,987,169,53 translating to an absorption rate of 35 per cent. the table below indicates that budget performance for the seven departments in the sector.

| S/No | Department | FY 2024/25 Budget Estimates | Expenditure as at 31st December, 2024 | Overall Absorption (%) |
|------|--|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------|
| 1. | Governorship | 521,048,407 | 112,725,100 | 22% |
| 2. | County Attorney | 47,740,335 | 25,642,565 | 54% |
| 3. | County Secretary | 464,245,270 | 62,752,829 | 14% |
| 4. | Devolution, Public Participation, County administration and Special Programs | 347,591,285 | 146,952,970 | 42% |
| 5. | Finance and Socio-Economic Planning | 550,078,932 | 235,355,312 | 43% |
| 6. | County Public Service Board | 70,998,317 | 34,059,599 | 48% |
| 7. | County Assembly | 985,466,991 | 441,946,608 | 45% |
| | Total Budget | 2,987,169,537 | 1,059,434,983 | 35% |

 Table 20: Devolution Financial Performance for FY 2023/24

b. FY 2024/25 Half Year Non-Financial Performance

- 98. During the period under review, the county government made significant strides in resource mobilization, governance, and service delivery. Revenue receipts for the half-year amounted to KShs 4.98 billion, included KShs 3,526,383,006 equitable share, KShs 473,287,280 own source revenue, and KShs 31,000,000 in conditional allocations- other loans and grants. The own source revenue mobilized included KShs 308,088,963 generated by hospitals as AIA and KShs 165,198,317 from normal streams.
- 99. To enhance data-driven decision-making, the government, in partnership with KNBS, developed the County Statistical Abstract 2024. Disaster preparedness and response were also strengthened, with 49 incidents effectively managed in the first half of FY 2024/25. Additionally, 415 liquor premises were inspected and licensed to ensure compliance with regulatory standards.
- 100. Public participation remained a key focus, with 56,000 citizens from 30 wards engaged in the formulation of the Annual Development Plan 2025/26, as well as various policy reviews. In public service transformation, the county approved the County Human Resource Manual and Staff Establishment, ensuring structured workforce management. Performance contracts and appraisals were implemented for all county employees, while 33 new staff were recruited and 290 existing employees received promotions.

3.0 RECENT ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENTS AND OUTLOOK 3.1.Introduction

101. The Central Bank of Kenya (CBK) forecasts a 5.4% GDP growth for 2025, building on an estimated 4.6% expansion in 2024. This growth is anticipated to be driven by the resilience of key service sectors, agriculture, and an expected recovery in private sector credit growth. In recent months, the global economy has faced several key challenges, including fluctuating commodity prices, geopolitical tensions, unemployment and evolving monetary policies. These factors, coupled with regional economic shifts, have had a direct impact on domestic economic performance.

3.2. National Macro-Economic Performance

- 102. In 2024, Kenya's macroeconomic performance exhibited both resilience and challenges across various sectors. The economy expanded by 5 percent in the first quarter, a slight deceleration from the 5.5 percent growth observed in the same period of 2023. This growth was primarily driven by robust performances in Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing (6.1 percent), Real Estate (6.6 percent), Financial and Insurance activities (7 percent), Information and Communication (7.8 percent and Accommodation and Food Services (28 percent).
- 103. In the second quarter, the real GDP growth rate moderated to 4.6 percent, down from 5.6 percent in the corresponding quarter of the previous year. Key contributors to this growth included Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing (4.8 percent), Real Estate (6 percent), Financial and Insurance Activities (5.1 percent), and Wholesale and Retail Trade (4.4 percent). Notably, sectors such as Accommodation and Food Services (26.6 percent) and Information and Communication (7.2 percent) also demonstrated significant expansion. However, contractions in the Mining, Quarrying, and Construction sectors partially offset these gains. The third quarter saw a further slowdown, with the economy growing by 4 percent compared to 6 percent in the same quarter of 2023 (KNBS- Quarterly Gross Domestic Product Third Quarter, 2024). In response to the economic slowdown, the Central Bank of Kenya adjusted its monetary policy to stimulate growth. The benchmark lending rate was reduced from 12.75 percent to 12 percent in October and further to 11.25 percent in December 2024, aiming to encourage private sector credit expansion.

3.2.1. Inflation Outcomes

104. In 2024, Kenya experienced a notable decline in inflation rates, reflecting improved economic stability. According to the Kenya National Bureau of Statistics (KNBS), the year-on-year inflation rate, as measured by the Consumer Price Index (CPI), was 5 percent in April 2024, a decrease from 9.6 percent in October 2022. By November 2024, the year-on-year headline inflation rate was 2.8 percent. In December 2024, the inflation rate increased to 3.0 percent, with price increase in Food and Non-Alcoholic Beverages (4.8 percent) and Transport (0.2 percent), while prices in Housing, Water, Electricity, Gas, and other fuels declined by 0.2 percent

105. The downward trend in food inflation was a significant factor in the overall reduction of Kenya's headline inflation rate, which fell from 5.0 percent in April to 2.8% in November 2024. The moderation in food prices can be attributed to favourable agricultural conditions and effective policy interventions aimed at enhancing food supply chains. The consistent decrease in food inflation throughout 2024 not only alleviated cost pressures on Kenyan households but also contributed to the country's broader economic stability. Maintaining this trend will be crucial for ensuring sustainable economic growth and improving the living standards of the population.

3.2.2. Unemployment

In 2024, Kenya's labour market exhibited resilience. The overall unemployment rate 106. remained relatively low, with the World Bank reporting a rate of 5.4 percent. However, youth unemployment was notably higher, standing at 8.4 percent. Many individuals in the informal sector face unstable job conditions and inadequate compensation. The Kenya National Bureau of Statistics (KNBS) highlighted a decline in the national unemployment rate from 5.3 percent in 2022 to 5.1 percent in 2023, attributing this improvement to economic expansion. This positive trend was supported by a 5.6 percent growth in Real Gross Domestic Product (GDP) in 2023, up from 4.9 percent in 2022. The Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing sector notably rebounded with a 6.5 percent growth in 2023, recovering from a 1.5 percent contraction in 2022 due to favourable weather conditions (KNBS-2024 Economic Survey). Despite these gains, the quality of employment remains a pressing issue. The dominance of informal sector jobs means that many workers lack job security and sufficient income. To address these challenges, initiatives like the World Bank's "Ujasiriamali: Self-Employment and Job Creation for Youth in Kenya" have been implemented to promote self-employment and enhance job quality among the youth.

3.2.3. National 2025 Economic Outlook

- 107. Kenya's economic outlook for 2025 is cautiously optimistic, with projections indicating continued growth and stabilization across key economic indicators. The International Monetary Fund (IMF) forecasts a real GDP growth rate of 5 percent for Kenya in 2025, accompanied by a projected inflation rate of 5.2 percent. The African Development Bank (AfDB) offers a slightly more optimistic projection, anticipating a GDP growth rate of 5.6 percent in 2025. This growth is expected to be driven primarily by the services sector and increased household consumption. The AfDB also projects a decline in inflation to 5.5 percent in 2025, attributing this decrease to the stabilization of food and global prices.
- 108. Domestically, the National Treasury of Kenya maintains a positive outlook, projecting a GDP growth rate of 5.4 percent in 2025. This optimism is based on expectations of robust performance in the services sector and a recovery in agricultural output. The Treasury also anticipates a narrowing fiscal deficit, aiming for a reduction to 5 percent of GDP in 2025 through revenue-led fiscal consolidation efforts. However, these projections are subject to several risks. The World Bank highlights potential challenges such as tight global financing conditions, adverse weather events, political instability in neighbouring countries, and a sluggish recovery in global economic growth. To mitigate these risks, it is recommended that Kenya focuses on building fiscal and external buffers, strengthening disaster preparedness, and accelerating structural economic reforms.

3.3. County Economic Performance and Outlook in 2025: Makueni County

109. Makueni County has demonstrated steady economic growth and resilience, positioning itself as a model for sustainable development in Kenya. As of 2023, Makueni Gross County Product (GCP) was at **Kshs 151.12 Billion**, having expanded by 39 percent from Kshs 108.70 Billion recorded in 2019 and an 11.12 percent increase from Kshs **136 Billion** recorded in 2022. However, its contribution to the national economy remains relatively small, with an average annual growth rate of about 1.1 percent, which is below the national GDP growth rate of 4.6 percent. The county's economy is primarily driven by agriculture, with a focus on value addition in key agricultural products.

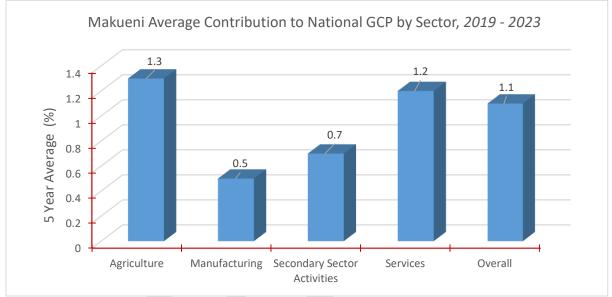


Figure 20: Makueni Average Contribution to National GCP by Sector, 2019 – 2023

- 110. The chart above illustrates Makueni average contribution to the Country's GCP by sector over the period from 2019 to 2023. The local agriculture sector plays a significant role, accounting for 1.3 percent of the country's total agricultural output. According to the 2023 GCP report, Makueni agriculture sector was valued at Kshs. 39 billion, representing 26 percent of the county total GCP, making it the dominant sector in the local economy.
- 111. Conversely, the manufacturing sector remains underdeveloped, with a valuation of Kshs. 5.5 billion in 2023, contributing only 0.5 percent to the national manufacturing sector. The secondary sector, which includes mining, water supply, electricity supply, sewerage, waste management, and construction, collectively contributed 0.7 percent to the sector at the national level. The services sector includes trade, tourism, transport and storage, education, health, and other service-related activities. Makueni contributes 1.2 percent to the sector's total gross value at the national level. Overall, the county Gross County Product (GCP) accounts for 1.1 percent of the national economy.
- 112. Makueni focus on environmental conservation and eco-tourism has further boosted its economic prospects. The presence of Tsavo National Park within its borders attracts local and international tourists, contributing to revenue generation. Infrastructure development is another key driver of growth, with road network expansion and increased household electricity connectivity from 26.2 percent in 2020 to 31.3 percent in 2021. Looking ahead

to 2025, Makueni is expected to continue leveraging agriculture, infrastructure, and ecotourism to drive economic growth. Investments in agro-processing, irrigation schemes, and rural electrification will likely enhance productivity and improve livelihoods across the county. However, challenges such as climate variability, political protests and limited industrialization may hinder rapid economic transformation, necessitating strategic interventions to sustain progress.

4.0 DEVELOPMENT PRIORITIES - FY 2025/26 – 2027/28 MEDIUM TERM EXPENDITURE FRAMEWORK

4.1. Introduction

113. Development priorities for FY 2025/26 and the medium term are guided by the County Integrated Development Plan III, County Annual Development Plan 2025/26, Public inputs from public participation forums held within the County, and engagement of the county working groups which offered the technical analysis of the information towards the sector priorities.

4.2. Key FY 2025/26 Medium-Term Expenditure Framework Policy Shift

114. The Makueni County Fiscal Strategy Paper for FY 2025/26 outlines key policy shifts under the Medium-Term Expenditure Framework. These include:

a) Enhancing Resource Mobilization and Fiscal Sustainability

115. To enhance resource mobilization and fiscal sustainability, the county is transitioning from reliance on traditional revenue collection methods to a more automated system. This will involve increasing Own Source Revenue (OSR) collection through the implementation of revenue automation and expanding revenue streams. Additionally, the county aims to strengthen partnerships with development partners and the private sector to bridge the estimated resource gap of Kshs. 2.21 billion

b) Investment in Water Infrastructure and Climate Change Resilience

116. The county will move from generalized water supply programs to the implementation of Phase II of the Last Mile Water Infrastructure Program (*Kunyaiikya Kiw'u Nduani na Misyini*). This initiative aims to reduce the average distance to improved water sources from 4 km to 2 km. Further, efforts will be made to expand water harvesting, storage, and irrigation schemes. To enhance efficiency, digital metering and payment systems will be introduced in water projects to minimize non-revenue water losses. Governance and sustainability of rural water projects will also be strengthened through the Makueni Rural and Water Board (MARUWAB).

c) Economic Empowerment through Trade and Industrial Development

117. As a key focus area, the county will shift from fragmented market structures with minimal infrastructure support to the development of modern markets, storage facilities, and trade digitization to ease business licensing. Additionally, there will be increased investment in Micro, Small, and Medium Enterprises (MSMEs) to enhance access to affordable credit and stimulate local economic growth.

d) Healthcare Strengthening and Universal Health Coverage

118. Healthcare strengthening and universal health coverage remain central to the county's strategic focus. The county will transition from a basic healthcare service provision model

with limited infrastructure expansion to an approach that increases access to affordable medical care through insurance schemes and subsidies. There will also be an expansion of healthcare infrastructure, including the construction of six model ward health facilities, to improve service delivery and accessibility.

e) Transport, ICT, and Energy Development.

119. The transport, ICT, and energy sectors will also experience significant improvements. The county plans to upgrade rural roads and urban infrastructure, including storm water drainage and street lighting, to enhance connectivity and safety. Additionally, digital governance will be strengthened through the automation of services and the expansion of ICT hubs, ensuring efficient service delivery and access to information. Energy will be enhanced through Green energy development.

f) Public Service Reforms and Governance.

120. Public service reforms and governance enhancements will focus on strengthening performance-based management, workforce planning, and the automation of HR functions through digital transformation and capacity building. Moreover, transparency and citizen participation in governance will be improved through both digital and physical engagement platforms, ensuring inclusivity and accountability.

g) Agriculture and Food Security

121. Agriculture and food security policies will shift from general support to agriculture without specific market-oriented interventions to a focus on enhancing agricultural productivity, value addition, and market access. This will be achieved through increased investment in farm inputs, extension services, and improved post-harvest handling to reduce losses. These strategic shifts aim to enhance service delivery, stimulate economic growth, and promote sustainable development across Makueni County.

4.3. Sector Priorities in the Medium Term

4.2.1 Water, Sanitation, Environment and Natural Resources

- 122. The sector's primary responsibility is to ensure that all residents of Makueni County have access to safe water, sanitation, and hygiene, in accordance with SDG 6, as well as promoting zero hunger through sustainable irrigation development under SDG 2. It also plays a key role in achieving SDG 13 on climate action and SDG 15 on life on land. The sector consists of two sub-sectors: Water, Sanitation & Irrigation, and Environment and Natural Resources, along with agencies such as the Makueni County Sand Conservation and Utilization (MCSC&UA) and the Climate Fund Board. The vision of the sector is: "A people-centred leadership in sustainable natural resource conservation, management, and utilization." The county government will implement interventions for climate change adaptation and mitigation measures such as rehabilitation of wetlands and reforestation.
- 123. The overall goal of the sector is to ensure sustainable development, management, and utilization of natural resources in a clean and secure environment. Specifically, the sector endeavours to ensure:

- a) Access to affordable quality water for household consumption and productive use
- b) Sustainable development of water resources and sanitation infrastructure;
- c) Protection, conservation and restoration of natural resources and environment for sustainable development, posterity and building community resilience;
- d) Climate change resilience in natural resource management.
- e) Build community climate resilience
- f) Enhance environmental quality and standards
- 124. In FY 2025/26, the government will implement phase II of the last mile water infrastructure program (*Kunyaiikya kiw'u nduani na misyini*). The aim of the programme is to reduce the distance to the nearest water source toward the ultimate set distance of within an average of 2 kilometers. The Implementation Strategy will involve;
 - a) Water distribution from existing water sources.
 - b) Automation of water kiosks and digital metered connections to reduce non-revenue water and time spent fetching water.
 - c) Developing a business model plan for every water project to enhance sustainability.
 - d) Promoting individual household water connections through registered Water Service Providers.
 - e) Enhance water connectivity to all public institutions
 - f) Institute measures to address vandalism of water projects
 - g) Solar power and main grid connection for the water projects
 - h) Ensure proper pre-feasibility and feasibility studies of new water projects
 - i) Strengthening the operations of the Makueni Rural and Water Board (MARUWAB) by reviewing and implementing the Water Act and Water Policy
 - j) Building capacity in water management.
 - k) Enhancing irrigated agriculture through the rehabilitation of irrigation schemes, supporting water harvesting, and micro-irrigation at the household level.

| Programme/Focus | Strategic | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 |
|--|---|--|
| Area | Interventions | |
| Water harvesting and storage Ground Water Development | Integrated Water Harvesting, Storage, Treatment & Distribution | a) Construct/desilt/expand/rehabilitate 10 small dams of 50,000M³ and < 500,000M³ b) Construct/rehabilitate 10 sand dams/Weirs with Sumps a) Drill/rehabilitate/equip 30 boreholes |
| Piped water supply infrastructure | | a) Construct 350 km of water pipeline. b) Construct 50 new water points /water kiosks c) Install/construct of 50 water tanks d) Install of 3 water treatment systems in unimproved water sources (CFU, Chlorine dosing units etc.) e) Connect 300 new urban households with piped water. f) Connect 20 urban centres/markets with reliable piped water. g) Connect 20 public institutions with piped water (schools, health centres) h) Install 30 water projects with solar power. |
| Urban and Rural | Enforcement of | a) Support three Water Service Providers to meet over 70 percent |
| Water Governance | Water Act and Policy | compliance as set out in the regulators' guidelines. |

Table 21: Water, Sanitation, Environment and Natural Resources Priorities

| Programme/Focus Area | Strategic Interventions | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 |
|---|---|---|
| | | b) Train 120 community water schemes/ Projects Sustainability Management committees on effective water management and sustainability. |
| Irrigation Development | Enhancing irrigated agriculture | a) Establish/ Rehabilitate 4 irrigation schemes.b) Develop 72 Ha of land under irrigation |
| Forest & Landscape | Protection of County Forests | a) Map, Survey and beacon two (2) County Forests |
| Restoration and Management | Improving management of Forests and Water Catchments | a) Restore of 200 Ha in County Forests and Water Catchment areas b) Restore of 200 Ha of Farmlands through Agroforestry practices c) Conserve of 10Km of Riparian (Riverine) Areas d) Restore of 10Ha of degraded wetlands e) Capacity Build of 2 Community Forest Associations/Organizations |
| | Promotion of Nature-Based Enterprises | a) Establish and manage 8 Nature-based enterprises for forest conservation |
| Pollution Control and Management | Enhancing pollution Control and management measures | a) Routine Environmental Inspections for water, air and noise pollution control b) Undertake Strategic Environmental Assessments, Environmental Impact Assessments and Environmental Audits for County Plans and Development Projects |
| Environmental Education, Advocacy and Research | Strengthen Environmental Education, Advocacy and Research | a) Develop 1 Environmental Best practices demonstration/learning site b) Capacity Build the community and young learners on best Environmental Sanitation and Hygiene practices and Natural Resources Use and Management |
| Sustainable Natural Resource Development | Enhance Sustainable Natural Resources Management | a) Develop Natural Resources Management Legal Frameworks (Mining and mineral Value Addition Bill, Forest and Landscape Restoration Regulations, Environmental Management) b) Routine Monitoring and Inspection of Mining sites for Rehabilitation and Conservation c) Conduct 2 mining feasibility studies d) Develop seven Sand and water conservation structures (Sand dams) e) Conduct two sand stakeholders' engagement forums f) Establish Sand Management Committees g) Map, designate and decommission Sand Harvesting sites h) Conduct routine surveillance of the sand harvesting sites |
| Integrated Waste Management | Improve Solid and liquid waste management | a) Conduct a Feasibility Study for solid waste Value Chainsb) Establish solid waste value chain partnershipsc) Designate, develop and operationalize one Modern Dumpsite |
| Climate Change Mainstreaming | Promote Climate Change resilience building | a) strengthen the established climate change institutional structures b) Review of five (5) Climate Risk Assessment reports c) Implement five (10) public investment climate actions d) Carry out awareness campaigns to promote adoption of energy efficiency/renewable energy technologies |

4.2.2 Agriculture and Rural Development

- 125. The sector contributes to the achievement of SDG No.1 on ending poverty in all its forms and No. 2 on Ending hunger, achieving food security and improved nutrition and promoting sustainable agriculture It comprises of the Department of Agriculture, Livestock, Fisheries and Cooperative Development, Makueni County Fruit Development and Marketing Authority, Makueni Agricultural Training Centre(MATC) and the associated development partners. Agriculture is the cornerstone of the county's economy contributing 27.7% (33.4Billion) of the total Gross County Product (GCP) based on the KNBS Gross County Product Report 2023.Further, the and contributes to economic and socio-economic growth through creation of employment and wealth in the county. The sector will be key in implementing the government agenda on stimulating the local economy for shared prosperity through increased job creation, poverty reduction and wealth creation in line with the BETA model.
- 126. To boost food production and create economic opportunities for youth, the county recruited, commissioned, and trained 210 Agripreneurs. The Agripreneurs will work with the National Agricultural Value Chain Development Project (NAVCDP) to support farmers on best practices in agriculture, pest management, and irrigation, while helping them connect with markets to secure fair prices. They will facilitate access to financial services and link farmers to providers of farming and mechanization services.
- 127. To enhance the government's ability to coordinate agricultural production and deliver services more efficiently, a database for farmers and Agripreneurs is being developed and integrated into the Kenya Integrated Agriculture Information System. In FY 2025/26, the sector will implement the following strategic interventions and activities

| Programme | Strategic Intervention | Planned Activities/Projects for FY 2025/26 |
|--|--|--|
| Agriculture Extension and Capacity Development Programme | i. Enhance agricultural knowledge and skills ii. Boost production, productivity and food security | a) Recruit 15 additional extension services officers b) Facilitate field extension officers (2 litres per day per officer) c) Develop an online platform for extension tracking uploading extension advisories, reporting field observations, disease surveillance and reporting and market information sharing d) Train 96,800 farmers on modern agricultural technologies and crop pest management; e) Train 48,400 farmers on climate-smart agriculture; f) Support 210 Agripreneurs offering extension services at the ward level under the National Agriculture Value Chain Development Project(NAVCDP) g) Promote access to e-extension services by 87,100 farm families. h) Enhanced food and nutrition security - by establishing demos a household level for bucket irrigation(1.4 Million per ward) |
| Value Chain | Promote processing and | a) Establish a Pack house and export supply hub |
| Development | marketing of key value chains | b) Establish warehouse receipt system |
| Programme | | c) Operationalize the Makindu grain facility |

 Table 22:Sector Programmes, Strategic Interventions, and Priority Activities for FY 2025/26

DRAFT 2025 MAKUENI COUNTY FISCAL STRATEGY PAPER(CFSP) FOR PUBLIC PARTICIPATION

| Programme | Strategic Intervention | Planned Activities/Projects for FY 2025/26 |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| | | d) Streamline post-harvest handling, processing, and packaging support farmers to access lucrative markets |
| A | Enhance farmers' access to | by supporting cooperatives, farmers' associations |
| Agricultural Credit & Input | agricultural credit and | Link to SACCOs and ward based co-operatives |
| Programme | subsidized inputs to boost | |
| Tiogramme | productivity. | |
| Agricultural | Increase access to | a) Profiling and building capacity of machinery owners to |
| Mechanization | mechanization services to | provide mechanized services such as plowing, ripping, |
| Programme | improve farming efficiency. | baling, farm pond excavation among others) |
| | | b) Sensitizing and encouraging farmers to adopt the |
| | | mechanized agriculture |
| | | c) Provide mechanization services to 11,000 farmers. |
| Pest and Disease | Strengthen pest and disease | a) Provide farmers with timely and accurate |
| Control | surveillance, reporting, and | information about pest and disease outbreaks, along |
| Programme | control measures. | with recommended control measures |
| | | b) Capacity building of 87,100 farm families on |
| | | integrated pest and disease management |
| | | c) Establish new low pest zones while maintaining and |
| | | expanding existing zones-towards certification of |
| | | 4000ha |
| | | d) Vaccinate 60,000 cattle, 100,000 goats/sheep, 50,000 |
| | | dogs, and 100,000 birds. |
| | | e) Establish crop protection unit-pest control unit |
| Soil and Water | Promote soil and water | Capacity build actors to develop 600 km of conservation |
| Conservation | conservation practices to | structures; and 3,760 hectares. |
| Programme | enhance land productivity and sustainability. | |
| Climate Change | Build resilience against | a) Integrating agro-forestry in all agro-ecological zones |
| Resilience | climate change impacts | targeting 2,000 farmers; |
| Building | through sustainable | b) Establish agro-forestry nurseries; |
| Programme | agricultural practices and risk | c) Strengthen early warning systems in collaboration with |
| 1 rogramme | mitigation. | Kenya Meteorological Department and National |
| | | Drought Management Authority (NDMA) |
| | | d) Engage 12,100 farmers in resilient agriculture; |
| | | e) Provide insurance services to 9,375 farmers for crop |
| | | and livestock |
| | | f) Implement farm level small scale irrigation |
| Cooperative | Strengthen cooperative | a) frequent supervision and auditing of ensure compliance |
| Development | societies to enhance | with statutory requirements |
| Programme | compliance, governance, and | b) Review the county cooperative legislation to align with |
| | economic performance. | national government policy and legislation; |
| | | c) |
| Market Access | Improve market access | d) Establish a market database;(Soko Makueni) |
| Programme | through data-driven | e) Create market linkages for farmers. |
| | approaches and strategic | f) Allocate funds to Kalamba fruit processing plant. |
| | linkages for farmers. | |

| Programme | Strategic Intervention | Planned Activities/Projects for FY 2025/26 |
|---------------|-------------------------------|--|
| Institutional | Strengthen institutional | |
| Capacity | frameworks and governance | Review/develop five policies, acts, and regulations-Agro |
| Development | through policy and regulatory | ecology Policy, Makueni County Agriculture Sector |
| Programme | reviews. | Steering Committee(MaSCOM) Bill , Food Safety Bill, |
| | | Regulations on Coffee, Dairy and Horticulture |
| | | |

4.2.3 Transport, Infrastructure, Public Works, Energy and ICT

- 128. Infrastructure is a key enabler in implementation of BETA, as it provides cost-effective public utilities and essential services. The sector is mandated to provide efficient, affordable, and reliable infrastructure and services to drive the county's socio-economic transformation. Over the medium term, the sector will focus on:
 - a) Enhancing road connectivity through opening, upgrading, rehabilitation, and maintenance of county roads.
 - b) Operationalization of Makueni Roads Service Unit
 - c) Expanding access to reliable and clean energy by promoting green energy solutions and resource development.
 - d) Supporting rural and urban electrification through partnership with REREC and allocating resources to matching grant project.
 - e) Lighting urban centres through installation of street lights and flood lights
 - f) Developing public buildings and other essential infrastructure.
 - g) Promoting affordable housing initiatives.
 - h) Enhancing access to ICT services
- 129. During the 2025/26 MTEF period, the county government will implement interventions to support sustainable road, energy, and public works infrastructure development. Further, the county will enhance ICT infrastructure to support digital services, research and innovation as well as automate 30% of key government services and processes and increase ICT literacy. The proposed interventions include the following:

| Programme | Intervention | Proposed Activities | | |
|----------------|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Road | Road Infrastructure | a) Opening and grading of 50km of road | | |
| Infrastructure | development | b) Grading and gravelling of 30km of road in major towns outside municipalities | | |
| | | c) Gravelling of 135km of county major trunk roads | | |
| | | d) Installation of culverts and other associated drainage works | | |
| | | e) Construct 10 drifts along major rivers | | |
| | Road Maintenance | a) Maintenance 500km of county truck roads | | |
| | | b) Grading of 1500km of county feeder roads | | |
| | | c) Grading of 1500km of county feeder roads | | |
| | | d) Maintenance, grading and murraming of steep areas of the | | |
| | | roads | | |
| | Road for water Programme | a) Excavation of 50,000M ³ of catch water drains | | |
| | | b) Community sensitization on green roads for water | | |

Table 23: Proposed Infrastructure Sector Interventions For FY 2025/26

| Programme | Intervention | Proposed Activities |
|----------------|-----------------------------|--|
| | Makueni Roads Service | a) Operationalization of Makueni Roads Service Unit |
| | Unit | |
| Energy | Rural Electrification | a) Extension of power line, transmission line, transformer |
| Infrastructure | | installations and distribution of electricity to markets, health |
| Development | | facilities, public utilities, schools and households through the |
| | | collaboration with REREC and allocating a matching grant; |
| | Market Lighting | a) Installation of grid and solar integrated floodlights |
| | | b) Installation of Street lights |
| | Green Energy Promotion | a) Solarization of county facilities |
| | and adoption | b) Promotion of clean cooking and biogas solution |
| | | c) Solarization of Makindu level 4 hospital |
| | Maintenance of Energy | a) Maintenance of Tsavo electric fence |
| D 11' 1 | Infrastructure | b) Rehabilitation of the faulty solar lights across the county |
| Public works | Public Infrastructure | a) Development of county infrastructure inventory and |
| infrastructure | | management b) Cabro paving in major towns |
| development | | |
| | | c) Storm water improvementd) Scoping of asbestos public building infrastructure for |
| | | rehabilitation and disposal |
| | | e) Private infrastructure development inspection and |
| | | sensitization clinics |
| Affordable | Proper housing(habitable | a) Promoting affordable housing initiatives. |
| housing | dwelling) | b) Mobilizing community for sustainable housing solutions |
| promotion | C, | c) Establishment of an excellent county appropriate building |
| - | | technology centre |
| ICT and | Enhance internet | a) Connect 14 health facilities and departments to internet |
| Internet | connectivity | b) Provision of internet connectivity at the county HQ |
| Development | | c) Establish 1 DRS |
| Programme | | d) Establish 1 public Wi-Fi hotspots |
| Tiogramme | Improve on ICT literacy and | a) Construct 3 model CICs, equip and operationalize. |
| | innovation | b) Equip and upgrade 16 CICs |
| | | c) Roll out 4 tech and innovation challenges |
| | Enhance automation of | Automate 30% of government services |
| | government services | |
| | Automation of health | Roll-out of CIHMIS to 14 Sub County Hospitals |
| | services | |
| | ICT infrastructure | Enhance access to ICT hardware |
| | E-Knowledge management | Establishment of e-knowledge management database |
| | | |

4.2.4 Health Services

- 130. The sector programs for FY 2025/26 and the MTEF will be aligned with the overarching goal of achieving universal health coverage throughout the county in line with Vision 2030 and the Bottom-Up Economic Transformation Agenda. The government aims to enhance healthcare infrastructure and strengthen the healthcare workforce in preventive, promotive, curative, and rehabilitative services to provide high-quality healthcare to the residents of Makueni. Health financing is also critical to achieving universal health care; therefore, the sector will strengthen resource mobilization across various stakeholders.
- 131. To increase the availability of human capital in the public health sector, the county government will continue to implement Afya Bora Mashinani program as supported by the

National government. This program has engaged over 3,600 community health promoters who provide direct care in households across the country.

- 132. The main focus of the sector in the medium term will be to:
 - a) Increase access to quality and effective promotive, preventive and curative health care services in the county
 - b) Improve the health status of the individual, family, and community by ensuring affordable and available healthcare services
 - c) Ensure the availability of reliable and consistent supply of essential medicines to meet the healthcare needs of the population.
 - d) Provide healthcare professionals with the necessary medical supplies to perform diagnostic tests, administer treatments, and conduct medical procedures.
 - e) Ensure efficient service delivery through prudent management of public resources in all health-related services
- 133. The following sector focus areas and interventions will be geared towards the above deliverables.

| Programme/Focus | Strategic Interventions | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 | |
|--|--|---|--|
| Area | | | |
| Preventive and Promotive Health Care | Enhance access to essential primary health care services | a) Improve WASH and Community-Led Total Sanitation (CLTS) activities by triggering and declaring 50 villages ODF b) Strengthen disease surveillance and response by sample collection (AFP), weekly reporting, and holding quarterly review meetings c) Strengthen school health programs through school health clubs and life skills mentorship in 500 schools. d) Reduce mental health burden among the community through psycho-counselling outreaches. e) Strengthen community strategy by allocating resources for equipment, capacity building, and facilitation for all Community Health Providers. f) Strengthen health promotion services and integrated outreach programs for improved health care services g) Maintain 6 primary care networks | |
| Nutrition | Improve uptake of Reproductive, Maternal, New-born, Child, and Adolescent Health and Nutrition (RMNCAH+N) | a) Carry out awareness campaigns and seminars to improve skilled birth attendants, uptake of family planning, and ANC attendance b) Carry out immunisation advocacy at the community and facility level and improve the vaccine supply chain at all levels c) Set up 6 skill labs for On Job Training (OJT) and mentorship on reproductive health for healthcare givers d) Capacity build youth to increase adolescent health & nutrition awareness among other life skill e) Support nutrition interventions targeting the first 1000 days f) Carry out awareness campaigns and community education to ensure early detection and treatment of cervical cancer | |

 Table 24:Health Sector, Strategic Interventions

| Programme/Focus | Strategic Interventions | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| Area | _ | | | | |
| Curative Healthcare Services | Strengthen curative healthcare services | a) Remodel 6 health facilities to provide 24-hour health care services. b) Establish diagnostic capacity through the purchase of x-ray digital processers in 5 hospitals (Makindu, Kilungu, Matiliku, Kambu and Kisau) c) Timely acquisition of essential health products and technologies to increase drug fill rate from 65% to 70%. d) Purchase of Medical Equipment e) Purchase one ambulance and operationalize 3 non-operational county ambulances. f) Recruit specialists in radiology, anaesthesia and critical court | | | |
| Rehabilitative Healthcare Services | Enhance rehabilitative healthcare services | care a) Distribute rehabilitative equipment and appliances equitably b) Strengthen orthopaedic, physiotherapy and occupational therapy services through the establishment of a workshop c) Conduct community-based rehabilitation services | | | |
| Health Automation | Enhance access to health services through automation | a) Equip health research and innovation unit b) Automate and integrate all healthcare ICT modules into the County Health Management Information System (CHMIS) for effective access to healthcare services | | | |
| | Improve Existing Health Facility Infrastructure | a) Construct male and female wards at Makindu Sub County Hospital b) Construct male and female blocks and renovate maternity block at Kilungu Sub County Hospital c) Renovate of the old block at Tawa Sub County Hospital d) Construct and equip 5 theatre blocks (Mukuyuni, Kalawa, Emali, Kisau, Mutyambua, and Nthongoni) e) Renovate of the outpatient block at Kisau Sub County Hospital f) Equip existing health facilities. g) Construct of male and female wards at Emali Sub County Hospital h) Construction of MCRH incinerator housing i) Construction of two MCRH mortuary cold rooms j) Expansion of specialized services infrastructure | | | |

4.2.5 Social Protection, Education, and Recreation

- 134. Education and training remain a key enabler of the National Government's Bottom-Up Economic Transformation Agenda for inclusive growth. The education, social protection, and recreation sector development agenda seeks to promote access to quality education and training through the capitation program for ECDE centers and CTTIs and Social Safety Nets Programs remain a priority intervention of the geared towards poverty reduction, jobs creation and provision of income opportunities for economically excluded segments of the population. The government in medium term plans to;
 - a) Enhance access to quality education for ECDE and CTTIs,

- b) Enhance support to education through scholarships and bursaries
- c) Enhance youth empowerment through talent development, skills training, and sports and recreation
- d) Provide support to vulnerable and Most at Risk Populations (MARPs) to effectively contribute to the realization of inclusive economic development.

| Programme/Focus | Strategic | Pri | ority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 |
|------------------------|--|----------------|---|
| Area | Interventions | | |
| Early Childhood | Improve ECDE | a) | Construct classrooms in 20 ECDE Centres |
| Development | development | b) | Support 40,000 ECDE learners with capitation |
| Education | at the philom | c) | Capacity build 2,300 ECDE teachers |
| Education | | d) | Enhance ECDE staffing through recruitment of 25 |
| | | | teachers |
| County Technical | Enhance CTTI | a) | Upgrade 12 CTTI through infrastructural development |
| Training | development | | and equipping |
| | | a) | Connect 6 CTTIs to the power grind and solar |
| | | b) | Support 6,500 trainees with CTTI capitation |
| | | c) | Provide programme/specialized training for 60 instructors |
| Support to | Support school | a) | Provide bursaries to 12,500 needy students |
| education | transition and | b) | Support a total of 630 needy and bright students with |
| | retention | | scholarships |
| | Enhance uptake of | a) | Establish 1 library at the county headquarters |
| | Library and resource | b) | Purchase 3,000 information materials |
| | Centres services | c) | Capacity build 23 library staff |
| | | d) | Support full development of e-library |
| Internship, | Promote employment | a) | Enroll 90 interns in the internship programme |
| mentorship and | capacity of youths | b) | Place 600 trainees in the attachment programme |
| Volunteerism | | c) | Offer mentorship to 400 youths |
| Social Protection | Gender Equality & | a) | Women Economic Empowerment Programs by |
| | Women | Í | facilitating access to microfinance, business training, and |
| | Empowerment | | grants for entrepreneurship. |
| | | b) | Establish safe houses, legal aid services, and GBV |
| | | | hotlines to support survivors in Gender-Based Violence |
| | | | (GBV) Response Centres. |
| | | c) | Conduct mentorship and training programs to increase |
| | | | women's involvement in leadership and decision-making |
| | Child Welfare & | a) | Establish safe spaces for vulnerable children, including |
| | Protection | • • | orphans and street children |
| | | b) | Conduct campaigns to educate communities on child |
| | | | rights and protection against abuse. |
| | C 1 C | 1.) | |
| | Social Services & | b) | Support for elderly & provide SHA medical cover, |
| | Social Services & Community Support | c) | Support for elderly & provide SHA medical cover, Facilitate access for assistive devices to PLWD. |
| | | | Support for elderly & provide SHA medical cover, Facilitate access for assistive devices to PLWD. Offer counselling and social reintegration programs for |
| | | c) | Support for elderly & provide SHA medical cover, Facilitate access for assistive devices to PLWD. Offer counselling and social reintegration programs for individuals recovering from addiction, violence or |
| Youth Services | Community Support | c) d) | Support for elderly & provide SHA medical cover, Facilitate access for assistive devices to PLWD. Offer counselling and social reintegration programs for individuals recovering from addiction, violence or trauma. |
| Youth Services | Community Support Youth Empowerment | c) | Support for elderly & provide SHA medical cover, Facilitate access for assistive devices to PLWD. Offer counselling and social reintegration programs for individuals recovering from addiction, violence or trauma. Provide funding and mentorship for youth-led businesses |
| Youth Services | Community Support | c) d) a) | Support for elderly & provide SHA medical cover, Facilitate access for assistive devices to PLWD. Offer counselling and social reintegration programs for individuals recovering from addiction, violence or trauma. Provide funding and mentorship for youth-led businesses and start-ups. |
| Youth Services | Community Support Youth Empowerment | c) d) | Support for elderly & provide SHA medical cover,Facilitate access for assistive devices to PLWD.Offer counselling and social reintegration programs forindividuals recovering from addiction , violence ortrauma.Provide funding and mentorship for youth-led businessesand start-ups.Partner with businesses and education department to offer |
| Youth Services | Community Support Youth Empowerment | c) d) a) | Support for elderly & provide SHA medical cover, Facilitate access for assistive devices to PLWD. Offer counselling and social reintegration programs for individuals recovering from addiction, violence or trauma. Provide funding and mentorship for youth-led businesses and start-ups. |

Table 25: Sector Priorities in The Medium Term

| Programme/Focus | Strategic | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--|
| Area | Interventions | |
| Sport and Talent Development | Grassroots Sports Development | Organize local leagues Ligi Mashinani, Supa Cup and KYISA competitions to nurture young talent |
| | Infrastructure Development | Upgrade sports facilities, playing fields, and community centres |
| | Elite Athlete Development | Support outstanding athletes |
| | Inclusion in Sports | Promote participation of PWDs in adaptive |

4.4.6. General Economic and Commercial Affairs

- 135. The sector will focus on reengineering MSMEs by building the capacity of traders across the county through the SBDC program, which has been running since the year 2022. Market sanitation efforts will ensure that 256 markets are cleaned, public toilets are constructed, and dumpsites are managed to adhere to environmental hygiene and sanitation standards according to the Environment Act 2023. Market management committees will be established across the county to ensure efficiently management of markets and combating issues related to market infrastructure vandalism. The County will endeavour to provide conducive business environment through constructing, upgrading, and renovating local market sheds.
- 136. Marketing county produce and products has made progress in recent months. However, compliance with CAP 513 standards on weights and measures still remains a challenge. The sector will establish a multipurpose laboratory to ensure that products and produce in and out of Makueni meet the minimum thresholds for the international market.
- 137. Despite its diverse tourism offerings and rich cultural heritage, the economic impact has not been significant. The government, in collaboration with stakeholders, aims to promote both local and cultural products in the international arena. The government will focus on developing local products and enhancing the capacities of stakeholders such as hoteliers, cultural and heritage experts, and tour guides.

138. The sector will focus on the following in FY 2025/26 and the MTEF:

- a) Enhance both farm and nonfarm trade activities in the county
- b) Promote cottage industries development in the county
- c) Enhance tourism products and activities
- d) Increase earnings from the Arts and Cultural and Creative Industries in the county
- 139. During the FY 2025/26, the government will implement the following programme priorities and strategic interventions:

| Programme/Focus | Strategic | | Pr | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 | |
|------------------------|---------------|-----|----|---|--|
| Area | Interventions | | | | |
| Trade development and | Business | Re- | a) | Capacity build 1500 MSMES on new business methods and | |
| promotion | Engineering | | | practices | |
| | 0 0 | | b) | Construct and renovate 4 market sheds | |
| | | | c) | Construct 10 public toilets | |
| | | | d) | Clean 175 markets and manage waste | |
| | | | e) | Digitize 100 business payments procedures | |
| | | | f) | Introduce 4 new market days | |
| | | | g) | Develop Market structure and Worksite policy | |

Table 26: General Economic and Commercial Affairs Sector priorities

| Programme/Focus | Strategic | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 |
|---|--|--|
| Area | Interventions | |
| Industrial | Cottogo industry | h) Verify 8500 Weight and measure equipment and collect a revenue of Kshs. 1,800,000 i) Inspect 1000 Business premises a) Value add 20 meduate |
| | Cottage industry | a) Value add 20 productsb) Establish SEZ infrastructure |
| Development and Promotion | development | |
| Tourism Development and Promotion | Revitalize tourism in the county | a) Develop high value niche products (sports and eco-tourism activities) b) Develop 2 new tourism circuits c) Hold 2 tourism promotion forums d) Capacity build 20 hoteliers in collaboration with key partners such Utalii training collage |
| Arts and Creative Industries and Culture Development and Promotion | To preserve culture and heritage | a) Map and document 25 traditional medical practitioners b) Digitize and document 10 Akamba traditional /indigenous knowledge and cultural expressions c) Operationalize Mukamba Cultural Centre d) Hold 2 music and cultural festivals e) Design Akamba dressing code |

4.2.6 Lands and Urban Development

- 140. The sector's primary objective is to promote the security of land tenure, urban planning, and development. It encompasses land surveying and titling, urban planning, and the municipalities of Wote and Emali-Sultan Hamud. The County Government will continue to strengthen land tenure security, as well as urban planning and development.
- 141. The medium term priorities will be aimed at the following objectives;
 - a) Promote security of land tenure by undertaking survey, mapping and titling of public land, land verification and validation to resolve ownership disputes and surveying of market centres which have physical land use and development plans.
 - b) Implement the Makueni Ardhi System, integrating Makueni LIMS and EDAMs, using modern and innovative approaches to manage public land and process land development applications.
 - c) Build community climate resilience, forest conservation and management
 - d) Enhance environmental quality and standards
 - e) Prepare and implement local physical and land use development plans
 - f) Develop urban infrastructure, market lightning, waste disposal and sanitation.
- 142. This will be accomplished in the medium term through the following actions;

Table 27: Lands and Urban Development Strategic Interventions

| Programme/Focus | Strategic | | Priority Activities FY 2025/26 | |
|-----------------|---------------|------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Area | Interventions | | | |
| | | | | |
| Land Survey, | a) | Enhance | i. | Facilitate issuance of 2,000 title deeds |
| Mapping and | | security of land | ii. | Resolving land disputes across in the county |
| Titling | | tenure | iii. | Facilitating the purchase of land for strategic investment |
| Thing | b) | Acquisition of | | opportunities across the county |
| | | land for | iv. | Survey 6 markets across the county |

| Programme/Focus | Strategic | Priority Activities FY 2025/26 |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|
| Area | Interventions | |
| Land Digitization and Management | strategic investments Strengthen Land administration and management | a) Establish perimeter boundaries for markets b) Prepare market survey files for Mtito Andei, Emali, Tawa and Sultan |
| Physical Planning and Development | Support urban planning and infrastructure development | a) Prepare and implement 6 market urban land plans b) Enhance development control and compliance in urban areas with approved Physical and Land Use Development Plans c) Verify and validate plots in Makueni Ardhi System d) Operationalize Kee – Mbooni Municipality e) Establish Kibwezi Municipality and confer Township status |
| Urban Development | Improve urban areas' liveability | a) Tarmacking of 3kms of urban roads. b) Cabro pave 2KMs of walkways in urban roads in Emali and Wote Municipalities c) Grading and graveling 4KMs of roads in within the municipalities d) Develop 2KMs of non-Motorable road network in urban areas e) Install 4 high mast floodlights within the municipalities f) Purchase 1 skip loader and 5 skip bins for Emali and Wote municipalities g) Carry out storm water management within the municipalities h) Open and unclog drainage systems in the Municipalities i) Street name major streets in Wote town |

4.2.7 Devolution Sector

- 143. The sector comprises departments that play the coordinating and facilitative role in the county. They include Governorship, County Secretary, County Attorney, Department of Finance and Socio Economic Planning, Department of Devolution, Public Participation, County Administration & Special Programs, County Public Service Board and County Assembly.
- 144. In the FY 2025/26 and the Medium-Term Budget, the Sector has prioritized programs and projects aligned with the Bottom-Up Economic Transformation Agenda and the 2023-2027 CIDP. These programmes and sub-programmes are designed to address citizens' needs, thereby enhancing service delivery. The Sector will continue to improve efficiency and effectiveness in service delivery, promote comprehensive public financial management, intensify resource mobilization, and strengthen monitoring and evaluation.
- 145. The main objective of the sector is to ensure effective and efficient running of the county affairs. Specifically, the sector aims at achieving the following:
 - a) Enhance human resource management systems and structures
 - b) Promote transparent and accountable management of public resources
 - c) Improve performance, service delivery and efficiency
 - d) Empower the citizenry to engage in meaningful participation in development activities
 - e) Increase county government effectiveness, retain knowledge and continuous improvement

- f) Strengthen use of data for planning and tracking implementation of development policies, strategies, programmes and projects
- g) Efficient and effective disaster preparedness, mitigation, response, management and mainstreaming
- h) Enact implementable laws, policies, and undertake objective oversight and inclusive representation of interests of the public

| Table 28:Sector Programmes, Strategic Interventions, and Priority Activities/Projects for FY 2025/26 | | | | |
|--|--------------------------|---|--|--|
| Programme/Focus | Strategic Interventions | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 | | |
| Area | | | | |
| Public Service Management Reforms | | | | |
| Public Service | Succession Planning, | a) Develop a succession planning, talent | | |
| Management Reforms | Talent management | management motivation and employee | | |
| /Human Resource | Motivation and | engagement plan/strategy. | | |
| Productivity | Engagement | | | |
| - | Productivity | a) Monitor the county performance management | | |
| | Mainstreaming | system through periodic performance appraisals | | |
| | 0 | b) Implement performance-based rewards and | | |
| | | sanctions system | | |
| | | c) Develop a framework of delegated authority for | | |
| | | Authorized Officers | | |
| | Employee Engagement | a) Conduct regular employee satisfaction and | | |
| | and Well-Being | engagement surveys | | |
| | | b) Implement work-life balance initiatives such as flexible working hours, mental health support, | | |
| | | wellness programs, and stress management | | |
| | | training. | | |
| | Staff Capacity | a) Training of staff in accordance with the County | | |
| | Development & Values- | Training Policy and training needs Assessment | | |
| | Based Leadership | b) Develop and implement a Makueni Induction | | |
| | Dusea Deadership | manual | | |
| | | c) Formulation of career progression guidelines and | | |
| | | competency development framework | | |
| | Citizen-Centered Service | a) Automation of services and leveraging technology | | |
| | Design | in public communication for transparency and | | |
| II | Terranezza envelanza | accountability a) Development of human Resource plans | | |
| Human resource | Improve employee | a) Development of human Resource plansb) Employee wellness programme | | |
| management and | productivity | c) Roll out of new payroll system(UHR) | | |
| Development | | d) Carry out of HR and Skills Audit | | |
| County Leadership, Governance and Coordination | | | | |
| County Leadership, | Enhance working | a) Construction of a Sub County office | | |
| Governance and | environment for | b) Construction of six Ward offices | | |
| Coordination | decentralized units | | | |
| | Coordination, | a) Coordination and dissemination of public | | |
| | management and | information on the status of implementation of the | | |
| | supervision of | Government development agenda | | |
| | Government functions | b) Facilitation and coordination of citizen | | |
| | | participation in the development of policies and | | |
| | | plans and delivery of services | | |

tions and Priority Activities/Projects for FV 2025/26 Table 28. Sector Prog

| Programme/Focus | Strategic Interventions | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 |
|------------------------------|---------------------------|--|
| Area | | |
| | Improve public | a) Enhance visibility on county projects and |
| | communication | programmes. |
| | | b) Strengthen stakeholder relationships. |
| | | c) Increase information accessibility and finalize communication strategy |
| Strategic Partnerships | Strengthening Public | a) Create strong linkages between the Directorate of |
| developed | Private Partnerships | Strategic Partnerships and departments by |
| acveropea | (PPP) coordination. | appointing Departmental Partnership Coordinators |
| | | b) Train staff in target areas in external resource |
| | | mobilization |
| | | c) Establish a Partnership Resource Centre (PrC) |
| | | Formulate and operationalize an External Resource Mobilization Strategy |
| | | e) Identify partner information needs and effective |
| | | communication channels |
| | Institutionalise Partner | a) Co-create and implement sector priorities and |
| | Caucuses | plans |
| | | b) Organize periodic reflections and reviews |
| | | c) Develop joint work plan for project |
| | Strengthen county legal | implementationa) Receiving sermons, drafting of pleadings & |
| | processes | submissions/ court attendances & consultations |
| | processes | with relevant departments and agencies |
| | | b) Drafting and attestation of legal instruments |
| | | c) Conveyancing |
| | | d) Monitor implementation of the National and |
| | | County legislationsManagement of legal instruments executed by the |
| | | e) Management of legal instruments executed by the County to ensure compliance |
| | | f) Conduct Legal audit |
| | | g) Sensitization of staff on national values and |
| | | principles and Chapter Six on Integrity |
| Enforcement | Strengthening | a) Strengthen institutional capacity through staff |
| Compliance | Enforcement and | recruitment and training (Purchase of enforcement |
| | compliance of county | uniforms, Tools and Equipment; radio walkie talkies, road barriers, vehicle clamps, clubs, |
| | laws and regulations. | Purchase of vehicles and motorcycles & Staff |
| | | facilitation) |
| | | b) Enhance intergovernmental collaborations and |
| | | relations with other stakeholders |
| | | c) Conduct public awareness on the importance of |
| Dauticinatory Davidany | nont Civic Education Desc | compliance and encourage citizen reporting |
| | Strengthening devolution | arch, documentation and knowledge managementa) Formulation of the county project implementation |
| Participatory Development | and enactment of legal | a) Formulation of the county project implementation and management bill, 2024 |
| Enhancement | Ũ | b) Training and operationalization of the |
| Emilancement | and policy framework | Development committees |
| | necessary for devolved | c) Inclusion in community in participation and |
| | service delivery | decision-making |
| | Increasing mobilization | d) Community feedback program |
| | Increasing mobilization, | e) Capacity building/mentorship to PMCs and PSCsf) Enhancing youth led public participation |
| | platforms and | f) Enhancing youth led public participation framework |
| | participation for | Hune work |

| Programme/Focus | Strategic Interventions | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Area | | |
| | marginalized communities | g) Refurbing the county's participatory processes through digitization in collaboration with FLLoCA and KDSP Programs h) Figure 1 and F |
| | | h) Strengthening County Grievance Redress Mechanism |
| | | i) Strengthening community led development initiatives |
| Strengthening Civic | Increasing access to | a) Development of civic education curriculum |
| Education and access | information, | b) County Civic Education Framework |
| to information | Transparency and | c) Undertaking civic education forums/activities |
| | accountability enhanced | d) Operationalization of the ward based community resource centers |
| | | e) Social accountability initiatives |
| | | f) Open Governance program |
| Centre for Research, | Operationalization of the | a) Operationalization of the departmental |
| documentation and | Centre for Research, | committees for research, documentation and |
| Knowledge | documentation and | knowledge management |
| management | Knowledge management | b) Establish an E-platform for Research, |
| management | Knowledge management | Documentation and knowledge management |
| | | (ONE-STOP Devolution Knowledge Hub) |
| | | c) Finalization of the Research and Knowledge |
| | | management strategy and policy |
| | | d) Equipping of the centre for research, |
| | | documentation and knowledge management |
| Capacity development | Operationalization of the | a) Registration of the School for Devolution and |
| and Technical support | School for devolution | Community Led Developmentb) Recruitment and capacity building of the next |
| for a working | and community led | cohort at the School for Devolution and |
| devolution | development | Community Led Development |
| | | c) Management, review and reporting of the |
| | Enhancement of Kenya | devolution support programs |
| | devolution support | d) Creation and operationalization of devolution |
| | program | capacity development structured and sector |
| | | working group |
| | | e) Devolution governance program –KDSP II |
| Disaster Risk Mitigatio | | |
| Disaster Management | Enhance coordination of | a) Carry out strategic and periodic surveys to inform |
| and Coordination | special programs and | vulnerability of our citizens |
| | emergency relief efforts. | b) Purchase of Food and non-food items to cushion |
| | | disaster stricken households |
| | | c) Coordination of disaster response, relief, |
| | Integrate Disaster Disl- | rehabilitation and reconstruction exercises |
| | Integrate Disaster Risk | a) Mainstreaming of DRR into county development |
| | Reduction (DRR) into | projects by training of county technical staff on mainstreaming disaster mitigation interventions |
| | county development | into project and Programmes |
| | planning. | inte project une riegrammes |

| Programme/Focus Area | Strategic Interventions | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 |
|---|--|---|
| | Strengthen fire response capacity across the county and a disaster risk management (DRM) information system | a) Establishment and Equipping of fire stations at strategic locations (Tawa, Sultan Hamud and Kambu). b) Maintenance and routine equipping of the established fire stations c) Training and capacity building of Fire fighters and disaster response teams d) Sensitize the public on various disaster preparedness a) Preparation of Disaster management/ contingency plan(s), b) Development and Review of Disaster management/Response plans |
| Alcoholic Drinks Control, Licensing &Coordination | Coordination of alcoholic drinks control. | a) Sensitization for Application & award of liquor licenses. b) Carry out strategic and periodic inspection of alcohol premises c) Enforcement for compliance and general control of liquor businesses |
| | Public education on alcoholic drinks control Operationalization of Makueni County Alcoholic drinks control act, 2014. | a) Community rehabilitation and psychosocial support. a) Formulate alcoholic drinks control guidelines and regulations. |
| | Promoting long term health and well-being. | a) Provide after-care Services |
| Result based Monitorin | ng and Evaluation manager | |
| Result based Monitoring and Evaluation | Enhance result based Monitoring and Evaluation management | a) Reengineering of monitoring, evaluation, reporting and learning in the county.b) Finalization and implementation of the County |
| management | | knowledge management policy c) Operationalization of Monitoring and Evaluation Policy and guidelines d) Strengthen the county statistical systems. e) Implement County integrated monitoring and Evaluation Systems(CIMES) guidelines f) Preparation of annual County M&E Plans g) Prepare and disseminate County Ward profiles |
| Resource Mobilization | | |
| Revenue Mobilization | Optimal collection of Own Source Revenue | a) Deepening revenue automation to enable instalment payment of licenses, half year and quarterly permits, license discounting for timely full compliance, as well as self-service portal b) Enhance compliance through market outreach clinics and identification of revenue champions in various markets c) Staff training on key skills in revenue collection and reporting d) Face lifting and renovation of ward offices to improve client experience |

| Programme/Focus | Strategic Interventions | Priority Activities/Projects FY 2025/26 |
|----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Area | | |
| Public Finance Manag | ement | |
| Public Finance | Enhance fiscal discipline | a) Implementing Programme Based Planning and |
| Management | | Budgeting, |
| C . | | b) Enhancing documentation, management and |
| | | reporting of the County Assets, |
| | | c) Undertaking annual expenditure review, |
| | | d) Automate budget execution process, |
| | | e) Strengthening internal controls and systems. |

5.0 RESOURCE ENVELOPE FOR THE FY 2024/25 – 2026/27 MEDIUM TERM EXPENDITURE FRAMEWORK

5.1 County Fiscal Outlook

146. The government is dedicated to enhancing resource mobilization as a crucial component in achieving the county's socio-economic transformation. It seeks to reduce dependence on equitable transfers from the national government, which have been increasing at a diminishing rate. To this end, the county will implement programs aimed at stimulating local economies for shared prosperity through job creation and poverty reduction, ultimately increasing household income. Consequently, these initiatives will boost county revenue to support its development agenda. Additionally, the government will strengthen partnerships with development partners, donors, and private investors to secure more funding for this initiative.

5.2 Revenue Allocation to County Governments

147. According to 2025/26 Budget Policy Statement (BPS), counties are expected to be allocated an equitable revenue share of KShs 405.1 billion which is an increase of KShs 14 billion from KShs 391.1 billion allocated in FY 2024/25. The proposed equitable share for FY 2025/26 of Ksh 405.07 billion is equivalent to 25.79 percent of the last audited and approved actual revenues raised nationally of KShs 1,570,563 million for FY 2020/21 pursuant to Article 203(3) of the Constitution.

| Budget Item | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 |
|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1. Baseline (i.e. Allocation in the Previous FY) | 370,000 | 370,000 | 385,425 | 387,425 |
| Adjustment for RMLF | - | - | 10,933 | |
| 2. Adjusted equitable share base | 370,000 | 370,000 | 374,492 | |
| Adjustment for Revenue Growth | - | 15,000 | 16,625 | 17,644 |
| Conversion for Conditional Allocation Grants for | - | - | - | |
| Equitable Share (RMLF, Level 5 Hospitals, | | | | |
| Compensation for User Fees Foregone and | | | | |
| Rehabilitation of Youth Polytechnics) | | | | |
| Equalization Fund | - | - | - | |
| Transfer of Library Services | - | 425 | - | |
| Computed Equitable Revenue Allocation | 370,000 | 385,425 | 391,1 | 405,069 |

 Table 29:Revenue Allocation to County Governments in Millions

Source; National BPS, 2025.

Table 30: Revenue Allocation to County Governments by Category in Millions

| | Type/Level of Allocation | | 2021/22 | 2022/23 | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 |
|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| А | County Equitable Share | 316,500 | 370,000 | 370,000 | 385,425 | 387,425 | 405,069 |
| В | Additional Conditional Allocations, of which: | 30,204 | 39,880 | 22,359 | 46,362 | 42,002 | 67,962 |
| | a) GoK Funded | - | 7,537 | 5,200 | 13,161 | 4,584 | 12,894 |
| | b) Allocations from proceeds of loans and grants | | 32,334 | 17,159 | 33,202 | 35,659 | 55,068 |
| С | Total County Allocations (A+B) | 346,704 | 409,880 | 392,359 | 431,787 | 429,427 | 473,031 |

Source: National BPS, 2024.

5.3 FY 2025/26 County Government Resource Envelope

148. The FY 2025/26 revenues are projected to reduce to KShs 10,942,050,409 from KShs 11,197,443,178 in FY 2024/25 representing a drop of 2 percent. The reduction is

contributed by the drop of conditional allocation from grants and donors as highlighted in Table 30. The budget will be funded from three main sources namely: equitable share -81 percent, conditional allocations 5 percent and own source revenue at 14 percent.

| FY 2023/24 | FY 2024/25 | FY 2025/26 | FY 2026/27 | FY 2027/28 |
|---------------|--|--|---|--|
| Actuals | Printed Estimates | Projection | Projection | Projection |
| 7,779,024,084 | 8,762,816,136 | 8,878,000,000 | 8,878,000,000 | 8,878,000,000 |
| | | | | |
| 1,045,086,844 | 1,444,578,170 | 1,500,000,000 | 1,600,000,000 | 1,700,000,000 |
| 424,510,797 | 990,048,872 | 564,050,409 | 564,050,409 | 564,050,409 |
| | | | | |
| 9,248,621,725 | 11,197,443,178 | 10,942,050,409 | 11,042,050,409 | 11,142,050,409 |
| | Actuals 7,779,024,084 1,045,086,844 424,510,797 | ActualsPrinted Estimates7,779,024,0848,762,816,1361,045,086,8441,444,578,170424,510,797990,048,872 | ActualsPrinted EstimatesProjection7,779,024,0848,762,816,1368,878,000,0001,045,086,8441,444,578,1701,500,000,000424,510,797990,048,872564,050,409 | ActualsPrinted EstimatesProjectionProjection7,779,024,0848,762,816,1368,878,000,0008,878,000,0001,045,086,8441,444,578,1701,500,000,0001,600,000,000424,510,797990,048,872564,050,409564,050,409 |

| , | Table 31: Fiscal | Revenues for | 2025/26-20 | 27/28 MTEF P | eriod in KShs |
|---|---------------------|--------------|------------|--------------|---------------|
| | 1 uolo 51. 1 liseul | nevenues for | 2025/20 20 | | |

Source: Makueni County Treasury Projections, 2025.

5.4 Own Source Revenue Mobilization

149. The county has continuously enhanced its revenue mobilization strategies which resulted to a growth of 17 percent in the total revenues mobilized in FY 2023/24. The county projects to mobilize KShs 1,500,000,000 as own source revenue. The projections are expected to increase to KShs 1,700,000,000 in the medium term.

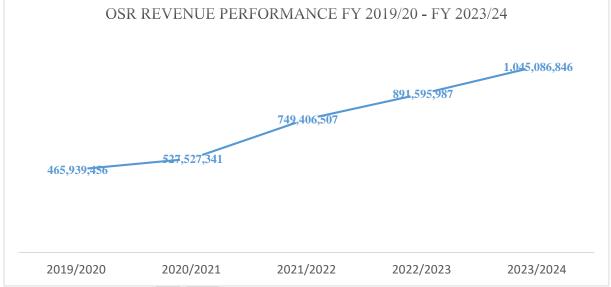


Figure 21: County Own Source Revenue for FY 2019/20 -2026/27 *Source: County Treasury, 2025.*

- 150. Over the last three years, the county has managed to grow OSR by 39% from Kshs 749,406,507 in the FY 2021/22 to 1,045,086,846 in the FY 2023/2024. The OSR has grown by an average of 23% since FY 2019/20 to FY 2023/24 as shown in Figure 1. The proportion contribution of OSR funding of the county budget has also continued to grow standing at 11% in the FY 2023/2024 from below 10% in the previous years. We envision to grow this proportion to 20% by the year 2027.
- 151. To attain the set targets, the county has an Own Source Revenue mobilization strategy in place with four specific objectives;

- a. Broadening the tax base by ensuring minimal tax evasion and bringing more customers on board as opposed to increasing tax rate.
- b. Adoption of technology and data/evidence driven revenue mobilization.
- c. Continuous stakeholder engagement.
- d. Continuous improvement.
- 152. Key measures which seek to enhance compliance, deepen automation, and enhance ease of doing business are being implemented as follows-

a) Business and Liquor Licensing Streams

- i. Introduction of instalment payment for licenses to ease the burden on the one off payment which has impended compliance by some of the customers
- ii. Incentivize customers who pay early through introduction of discounts on the prescribed fee for licenses
- iii. Introduce half yearly and quarterly licenses for new customers
- iv. Designate revenue champions from amongst the leadership of business community especially the markets committees to enhance level of compliance
- v. Institute a performance based facilitation for own source revenue mobilization where good collectors are incentivized to collect more through a rewards system to be implemented on monthly basis.
- vi. Establish an online customer service portal to enable customers register and pay for their business licenses obligations with ease
- vii. Conduct revenue customer satisfaction survey and implement the findings

b) Land Based Revenue Streams

- i. Adoption of markets by officers
- ii. Mapping of all properties in a GIS system
- iii. Continuous market outreach through the various plot owner's association in the various markets
- iv. Decentralization of Land Approval Committees to the Ward level
- v. Operationalization of ArdhiMakueni portal, self-service portal for property owners
- vi. Provision of land ownership documents including transfer documents

c) Unstructured Revenue streams

- i. Close market supervision in all major and minor markets
- ii. Ensuring key streams are paid on monthly through auto billing to the respective clients (matatu; market slabs; bodaboda payments)
- iii. Undertake mapping of all market sheds and slabs and establish a database
- iv. Mapping of all parking slots in the county
- v. Develop and implement guidelines on Market Entrance Fees
- vi. Continuous maintenance and watering all stock yards during
- vii. Establish new cess points

d) AIA and Hospital Revenue Streams

- i. Supporting the entities and Municipalities to prepare Revenue Enhancement Strategies (Wote Municipality; Emali/Sultan Hamud Municipality; Sand Authority; Makueni Fruit Processing Plant and Water Companies)
- ii. Coordination of SHA claims and collection from the County Treasury
- iii. On boarding the SHA claims officers in the main revenue reporting and tracking system for coordination.
- iv. Capacity building of the Medical Superintendents on revenue mobilization strategies and reporting.

5.5 External Resource Mobilization, Strengthening Partnerships and Collaborations

- 153. The resource basket is decreasing at an increasing rate; the county government must seek alternative sources of development funds. To this end, the government has established a desk to engage development partners both locally and internationally. However, there are policy gaps that need to be addressed when pursuing development through partnership. Therefore, the government will:
 - a) Develop a County Public Private Partnerships (PPP) policy.
 - b) Create a County Public Investments (PIM) framework.
 - c) Strengthen the External Resource Mobilization Unit and Strategic Partnerships Directorate to ensure enhanced donor funding through Requests for Proposals (RFPs), responses to competitive grants, and improved donor intelligence.
 - d) Engage county stakeholders in developing clear coordination mechanisms to align stakeholder priorities with county priorities.
 - e) Create an enabling environment for private sector investment and innovation to generate employment and income opportunities for the local population.
 - f) Leverage on regional organizations, including the South Eastern Kenya Economic Bloc (SEKEB), to attract investment opportunities to the county.

5.6 Conditional Allocations, Loans and Grants

154. Over the years, the county government has seen a decline in the actual Conditional Allocations, Loans, and Grants it has received. In FY 2023/24, the actual grants fell by 4%, decreasing from **KShs 441.02 Million** in FY 2022/23 to **KShs 424.51 Million**. To address this, the government plans to strengthen its collaboration with development partners and the national government to secure funding for specific county development initiatives through conditional allocations, loans, and grants.

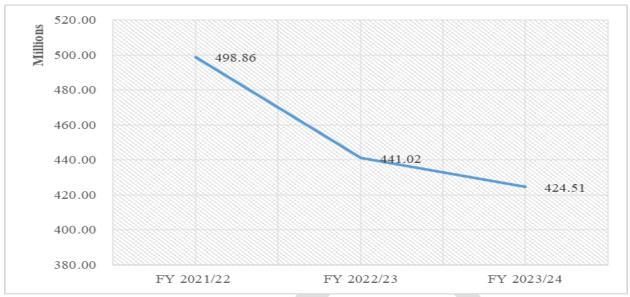


Figure 22: Conditional Allocations, Loans and Grants

Source: County Treasury, 2025.

155. For FY 2025/26, projected funding from these sources is expected to rise significantly, increasing from **KShs 424.51 Million** to **KShs 564 Million** in the medium term. This funding aims to support various developmental programs and projects across multiple sectors, including agriculture, health, infrastructure, climate change, and urban development.

Table 32: Conditional Allocation, loans and grants per department

| Conditional Grants | Sectors/Departments | Anticipated Conditional Allocation in FY 2025/26 |
|---|----------------------|---|
| IDA(World Bank) Credit National Agricultural Value Chain Development Project(NAVCDP) | Agriculture | 151,515,152 |
| KDSP-II Grant | Devolution | 37,500,000 |
| Community Health Promoters (CHPs) Project | Health Services | 113,700,000 |
| Nutrition International Donor funding | Health Services | 21,013,780 |
| DANIDA- Primary healthcare in devolved context | Health Services | 11,407,500 |
| Urban Institutional Grant (UIG) - World Bank | Lands Urban Planning | 35,000,000 |
| | & Development, | |
| | Environment & | |
| | Climate Change | |
| IDA (World Bank) Credit Financing Locally-Led Climate Action | Lands Urban Planning | 11,000,000 |
| (FLLoCA) Program, County Climate Institutional Support (CCIS) | & Development, | |
| Grant | Environment & | |
| | Climate Change | |
| IDA (World Bank) Credit Financing Locally-Led Climate Action | Lands Urban Planning | 142,746,435 |
| (FLLoCA) Program, County Climate Resilience Investment (CCRI) | & Development, | |
| Grant | Environment & | |
| | Climate Change | |

| Conditional Grants | Sectors/Departments | Anticipated Conditional Allocation in FY 2025/26 |
|--|---------------------|---|
| IDA (World Bank Credit: Kenya Urban Support Project(KUSP)- | Wote Municipality | 20,083,771 |
| Urban Development Grant (UDG) | | |
| IDA (World Bank Credit: Kenya Urban Support Project(KUSP)- | Emali Sultan | 20,083,771 |
| Urban Development Grant (UDG) | Municipality | |
| Total | · | 564,050,409 |

5.7 Expenditure Projections

156. The FY 2025/26 revenues are projected to reduce to KShs 10,942,050,409 from KShs 11,197,443,178 in FY 2024/25 representing a drop of 2 percent. The recurrent expenditure is projected to be KShs 7,550,014,783 an increase of 1 percent from KShs 7,475,252,895 in the printed estimates for FY 2024/25. The development expenditure is estimated to be KShs 3,392,035,627 representing 31 percent of the total county budget. The revenue projections are as provided in the table below;

| Expenditure Economic Classification | FY 2023/24 Supplementary Budget Estimates (2) | Cumulative Expenditure as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2024/25 Budget Estimates | FY 2024/25 Supplementary Budget 1 | FY 2025/26 Expenditure Ceilings | FY 2026/27 Projected Budget Estimates | FY 2027/28 Projected Budget Estimates |
|---|---|--|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Operation and Maintenance | 3,196,757,365 | 2,714,370,066 | 2,645,481,656 | 2,730,846,314 | 2,355,416,539 | 2,473,187,366 | 2,596,846,734 |
| Personnel Emolument | 4,653,837,805 | 4,228,042,007 | 4,829,771,239 | 5,197,972,381 | 5,194,598,244 | 5,454,328,156 | 5,727,044,564 |
| Recurrent Sub Total | 7,850,595,170 | 6,942,412,073 | 7,475,252,895 | 7,928,818,695 | 7,550,014,783 | 7,927,515,522 | 8,323,891,298 |
| Capital Expenditure | 3,331,739,932 | 2,071,594,972 | 3,722,190,283 | 4,299,672,819 | 3,392,035,627 | 3,561,637,408 | 3,739,719,279 |
| Total Budget | 11,182,335,102 | 9,014,007,045 | 11,197,443,178 | 12,228,491,514 | 10,942,050,410 | 11,489,152,930 | 12,063,610,577 |

 Table 33:Expenditure Projections

5.8 Overall Deficit, Borrowing and Financing

- 157. In line with prudent fiscal management and sustainable public finance principles, the county government will implement a balanced budget for the FY 2025/26. This means that all planned expenditures will be fully funded through equitable share allocations, own-source revenue, conditional grants, and other allowable funding streams. The county remains committed to ensuring that expenditures are aligned with realistic revenue projections to avoid fiscal deficits and maintain financial stability. Emphasis will be placed on enhancing revenue collection efficiency, eliminating unnecessary expenditures, and prioritizing high-impact development programs within available resources.
- 158. The county government does not intend to borrow in the 2025/26 financial year and will instead focus on optimizing existing resources to finance key programs. By strengthening internal revenue mobilization mechanisms and ensuring prudent expenditure management, the county aims to maintain fiscal discipline while delivering essential services to residents. Additionally, continued efforts will be made to improve transparency and accountability in financial management, ensuring that spending is efficient and aligned with the county's development priorities.

5.9 Management and Payment of Pending Bills

- 159. The County accumulated pending bills amounting to KShs 686,830,831.87 which composed of recurrent pending bills of KShs 499,591,973.66 and development pending bills of KShs 187,238,858.21 in FY 2023/24. The County budgeted for these pending bills in FY 2024/25 and has managed to pay KShs 492,046,419.84 accounting for 72% of the pending bills. The government plans to pay the remaining pending bills balance of Kshs 115,949,310.03 by 30th June 2025.
- 160. Payment in relation to LAP Fund of Kshs 78,835,102 will be budgeted and paid in the next two Financial Years as per the MOU. During the MTEF period, the County Government will prepare a balanced budget, meaning that the estimated expenditure will be equal to the total revenue generated and seek to realize the budgeted revenues so that all planned programs are not hampered. This will prevent cases of deficit financing and ensure that there are no pending bills at the end of the financial year. The County will prepare a supplementary budget to re-allocate funds for any pending bills that may arise at the end of a Financial Year.

5.10 Medium Term Debt Management Strategy

- 161. Debt management focuses on maintaining fiscal discipline and sustainability by ensuring that borrowing is aligned with the county's development goals, as outlined in the planning documents. The 2025 Makueni County's Medium-Term Debt Management Strategy (MTDMS) outlines the county's approach to managing public debt and ensuring fiscal prudence and sustainability. The county prioritizes financing high-impact projects, such as infrastructure and social services, while managing risks through careful selection of borrowing instruments. By balancing internal revenue generation with prudent borrowing, the County aims to keep debt levels within manageable limits, ensuring that debt servicing does not undermine essential public services or future growth.
- 162. According to the 2020 credit rating conducted by Global Credit Rating (GCR) on behalf of the National Treasury, World Bank, and Commission on Revenue Allocation (CRA), Makueni County demonstrates a robust capacity to manage debts below KShs. 2 Billion.
- 163. As per Section 179(1) of the PFM Regulations 2015, the County's public debt should not exceed twenty percent (20%) of the most recent audited revenues approved by the county assembly. Based on the audited revenues for FY 2023/24 of KShs. 9,874,379,548 Makueni County is eligible for loans up to a maximum of KShs. 1,974,875,910. Looking ahead, Makueni County is actively exploring avenues to expand its resource base through the following initiatives; Infrastructure bonds, municipal bonds and green bonds over the medium term.

5.11 Fiscal Sensitivity Analysis

164. The government conducted a sensitivity analysis on resource mobilization to assess the impact of revenue source performance on the county's resource envelope. This analysis evaluated how each revenue stream; equitable share, conditional allocations, and own-source revenue would be affected based on trends observed over the past three years. The findings provide insights into how these variables influence overall budget performance.

| Scenarios | | Worst | | | | Best |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| Revenue Source | Equitable Share Transfers | Delay by 3 Months | Delay by 2 Months | Delay by 1 Months | No Delays in Transfers | No Delays in Transfers |
| | OSR Mobilized | 69% | 82% | 84% | 86% | 100% |
| Equitable Share | 8,878,000,000 | 6,658,500,000 | 7,398,333,330 | 8,138,166,670 | 8,878,000,000 | 8,878,000,000 |
| Conditional Allocation | 564,050,409 | 389,194,782 | 462,521,335 | 473,802,344 | 485,083,352 | 564,050,409 |
| Own Source Revenue | 1,500,000,000 | 1,035,000,000 | 1,230,000,000 | 1,260,000,000 | 1,290,000,000 | 1,500,000,000 |
| Budget Mobilized | 10,942,050,409 | 8,082,694,782 | 9,090,854,666 | 9,871,969,013 | 10,653,083,352 | 10,942,050,409 |
| Possible Budget Deficit | | 2,859,355,627 | 1,851,195,743 | 1,070,081,396 | 288,967,057 | - |

 Table 34: Revenue Sensitivity Analysis

Source; County Treasury, 2025

- 165. The analysis examines revenue performance over the past three years, outlining four worstcase scenarios and one best-case scenario. A "what-if" assessment indicates that if revenue performance falls to 69% and equitable share disbursement is delayed by three months, the county will face a budget deficit of KSh 2,859,355,627 exceeding its borrowing capacity. However, if revenue performance improves to 82% with a two-month delay in equitable share, the deficit would reduce to KSh 1,851,195,743. In the previous fiscal year, revenue performance stood at 84%, and if maintained, the county would experience a deficit of KSh 1,070,081,396 with a one-month delay in equitable share disbursement. The most likely worst-case scenario assumes equitable share is released on time and revenue collection improves to 86%, resulting in a deficit of KSh 288,967,057.
- 166. The fiscal deficit continues to widen as county own-source revenue (OSR) underperforms. Recent budgets have been based on macroeconomic assumptions that have largely fallen short, with only minor deviations in exchequer receipts and OSR performance. Lower projected budget targets pose a risk to the county's fiscal space in the future. To mitigate the risk of a widening budget deficit, the government will strengthen resource mobilization and ensure timely requisition of equitable share from the National Government.
- 167. Persistent shortfalls in OSR projections have contributed to revenue gaps in the budget. While recent Rapid Results Initiatives (RRIs) have improved OSR collection to 84%, this still falls short of the target. The sensitivity analysis assumes that Gross County Product (GCP), interest rates, and inflation will remain stable in the medium term.

5.12 Transfer to Entities

168. The government shall continue to promote independence of all government entities through timely provision of funds to the entities and enhancement of revenue mobilization strategies thus reducing over-reliance on the county exchequer. The resources account for the transfers to county agencies and authorities that include; the Makueni Sand Authority, Makueni County Fruit Development and Marketing Authority, Wote Municipality, Emali-Sultan Hamud Municipality and water companies.

5.13 Fiscal Responsibility Principles

- 169. In line with the Constitution, the PFM Act Cap. 412, the PFM Regulations, and in keeping in line with prudent and transparent management of public resources, the county government will largely adhere to the fiscal responsibility principles as set out in the statute as follows:
 - a) The County Government's recurrent expenditure shall not exceed the county government's total revenue.

In FY 2025/26, the county government plans to incur a recurrent expenditure of Ksh 7,550,014,783 against a projected revenue of Ksh 10,942,050,409, thus remaining within the limits of the PFM Act.

b) Over the medium term, a minimum of 30% of the County budget shall be allocated to development expenditure.

The allocation to development in FY 2025/26 projected estimates will be Ksh. 3,392,035,626 which translates to 31 per cent of the county budget.

c) The County Government's expenditure on wages and benefits for public officers shall not exceed a percentage of the County government revenue as prescribed by the regulations.

The County Government's share of wages and employee benefits to revenues will be 47% which exceeds the statutory requirement of 35% of the county government's revenue. This is attributed to mandatory salary and benefit increments for staff. To address this, the county has limited the hiring of new staff to filling only vacant positions resulting from retirements or departures. The government is also enhancing its resource mobilization strategies to reduce the wage bill from the current 46% to the required 35%.

- d) Over the medium term, the County government's borrowings shall be used only for the purpose of financing development expenditure and not for recurrent expenditure. The county government will ensure that any borrowing as stipulated in the debt management strategy 2025 will be for financing development expenditure.
- e) Public debt and obligations shall be maintained at a sustainable level as approved by the County Government (CG).

The county government will ensure prudent fiscal management to mitigate the accumulating any pending bills.

f) Fiscal risks shall be managed prudently.

The government has prudently managed its fiscal risks across several key areas to ensure financial stability. To achieve this, the county government identified possible fiscal risks and devised mitigation measures to manage them. The county has established an audit committee that plays a key role in identifying, quantifying, and managing fiscal risks going forward

g) A reasonable degree of predictability with respect to the level of tax rates and tax bases shall be maintained, taking into account any tax reforms that may be made in the future

The county government will ensure a reasonable degree of predictability in tax rates and tax bases by maintaining consistent tax policies, utilizing forecasting models for revenue projections, implementing gradual tax reforms, and engaging stakeholders to ensure transparency and compliance.

5.14 Risk Mitigation Framework for FY 2025/26 – FY 2027/28 Medium Term

This section outlines the potential risks in the medium term and the mitigation measures 170. the county will put in place to ensure the risks are mitigated. Table 35: Risks and mitigation measures

| Table 55: Risks and mitigation measures | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Risk | Key Areas Of Uncertainty | Mitigation Measures | | | | |
| Climate Change Related Fiscal Risks to the Economy | Frequent and extreme weather events ranging from droughts, floods, and landslides, causing major socio-economic and developmental challenges to the economy. | Investment in resilient infrastructure across sectors such as energy, water resources, agriculture, and tourism. | | | | |
| crystallization of Contingent liabilities | Fiscal uncertainty may arise from pending or threatened legal actions, regulatory investigations, or contractual obligations. | Continuous monitoring of the contingent liabilities to avoid fiscal risks in the budget year in the event they happen. Operationalize the enterprise risk management policy | | | | |
| Policy decisions that impact revenue collection in the county. | Increase in fees and levies outlined in the Finance Act is expected to significantly decrease the compliance rate. Additionally, waivers and concessions may hinder the achievement of revenue projections. | Strengthen the mobilization of external and Own Source Revenue. Enhance strategic partnerships and engage stakeholders more effectively. | | | | |
| Capital decisions with significant resource requirements | Mass recruitment to achieve optimal staffing levels will result in significant budgetary demands. Embarking on flagship projects without conducting pre-feasibility studies will lead to unforeseen expenses. | Freeze the recruitment of new staff. Enhance project conceptualization and implementation. | | | | |

6.0 COUNTY HORIZONTAL RESOURCE ALLOCATION

- 171. The following criteria will serve as a guide for allocating resources:
 - a) Linkage of programmes with the value chains of the Bottom-Up Economic Transformation Agenda priorities;
 - b) Linkage of the programme with the priorities of 2023-27 County Integrated Development plan;
 - c) Linkage of programmes that support mitigation and adaptation of climate change;
 - d) Completion of ongoing projects, viable stalled projects and payment of verified pending bills;
 - e) Degree to which a programme addresses job creation and poverty reduction and stimulating local economy;
 - f) Degree to which a programme addresses the core mandate of the department/agencies, Expected outputs and outcomes from a programme and
 - g) Cost effectiveness, efficiency and sustainability of the programme;

6.1 Recurrent Ceilings

6.1.1 Personnel Emoluments

172. The personnel ceilings have been arrived at by considering the current wage bill and gaps on existing county staff in all departments in the current financial year and projected for FY 2025/26. This takes consideration of all mandatory annual wage bill, basic salary increment and conversion of health workers and absorption USAID staff and recruitment of municipal staff in line with staff establishment. In the medium term, the government will put in place strategies to ensure that all pending gratuities are paid and ensure that the wage bill does not increase beyond the limits provided for in the PFM Act. The table below provides personnel ceilings in the medium term period.

| Department | FY 2023/24 Supplementar y Budget Estimates (2) | Cumulative Expenditure as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2024/25 Salary Budget Estimates | FY 2024/25 Supplement ary Budget 1 | FY 2025/26 Salary Ceilings | FY 2026/27 Projecte d Budget Estimat es | FY 2027/28 Projected Budget Estimates |
|---|---|--|---|---|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Governorship | 71.88 | 52.56 | 55.03 | 55.03 | 57.78 | 60.67 | 63.70 |
| County Secretary | 312.70 | 306.92 | 58.77 | 406.61 | 61.71 | 64.79 | 68.03 |
| County Attorney | 14.07 | 2.30 | 19.94 | 19.94 | 20.93 | 21.98 | 23.08 |
| Devolution, Public Participation, County administration and Special Programs | 212.70 | 179.30 | 216.10 | 216.10 | 226.91 | 238.26 | 250.17 |
| Finance and Socio-Economic Planning | 225.24 | 168.20 | 226.70 | 226.70 | 238.03 | 249.93 | 262.43 |
| Agriculture, Irrigation, Livestock, Fisheries and Cooperative Development | 243.80 | 210.49 | 224.51 | 224.51 | 235.74 | 247.52 | 259.90 |
| Makueni Fruit Development and Marketing Authority | 18.89 | - | 16.60 | 16.60 | 17.43 | 18.30 | 19.22 |
| ICT, Education and Internship | 493.08 | 391.31 | 714.76 | 714.76 | 750.50 | 788.02 | 827.42 |
| Gender, Children, Youth, Sports and Social Services | 37.01 | 31.97 | 51.97 | 51.97 | 54.56 | 57.29 | 60.16 |
| Health Services | 2,326.88 | 2,290.16 | 2,455.08 | 2,455.08 | 2,697.84 | 2,832.73 | 2,974.37 |
| Trade, Marketing, Industry, Culture and Tourism | 41.21 | 39.11 | 58.99 | 58.99 | 61.94 | 65.04 | 68.29 |
| Infrastructure, Transport, Public Works, Housing and Energy | 76.59 | 40.01 | 82.72 | 82.72 | 86.86 | 91.20 | 95.76 |

Table 36: Personnel Emoluments Ceiling FY 2025/25 (in Millions)

| Department | FY 2023/24 Supplementar y Budget Estimates (2) | Cumulative Expenditure as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2024/25 Salary Budget Estimates | FY 2024/25 Supplement ary Budget 1 | FY 2025/26 Salary Ceilings | FY 2026/27 Projecte d Budget Estimat es | FY 2027/28 Projected Budget Estimates |
|--|---|--|---|---|----------------------------------|---|--|
| Lands, Urban Planning & Development, Environment and Climate change | 53.12 | 44.65 | 56.90 | 56.90 | 59.75 | 62.74 | 65.87 |
| Wote Municipality | - | - | 2.95 | 2.95 | 3.10 | 3.26 | 3.42 |
| Emali Municipality | - | - | 8.83 | 8.83 | 12.61 | 13.24 | 13.90 |
| Water and Sanitation | 70.67 | 49.52 | 82.01 | 82.01 | 86.11 | 90.41 | 94.94 |
| Sand Conservation and Utilization Authority | 21.26 | 18.64 | 25.34 | 25.34 | 26.61 | 27.94 | 29.34 |
| County Public Service Board | 34.93 | 31.51 | 41.50 | 41.50 | 43.57 | 45.75 | 48.04 |
| Sub Totals | 4,254.05 | 3,856.63 | 4,398.71 | 4,746.55 | 4,741.98 | 4,979.08 | 5,228.03 |
| County Assembly | 345.09 | 371.41 | 431.07 | 451.42 | 452.62 | 475.25 | 499.01 |
| Sub Totals | 4,599.14 | 4,228.04 | 4,829.77 | 5,197.97 | 5,194.60 | 5,454.33 | 5,727.04 |

Source; County Treasury, 2025

6.1.2 Operation and Maintenance

- 173. The operations and maintenance ceilings are predetermined limits for departments and Semi-Autonomous Government Agencies (SAGAs) which were capped by considering the following:
 - a) Sectoral non-discretionary and mandatory expenditure items.
 - b) Departmental and SAGAs' devolved and transferred functions in line with the sector mandates.
 - c) Other operating costs that support the implementation of departmental programmes and projects in line with government development priorities.
- 174. The tabulated operations and maintenance (O&M) budget ceilings for FY 2025/26 are as follows:

| Table 37: Operation a | nd Maintenance | Budget Ceiling | s in Millions |
|-----------------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| - abie correspondence | | Dunger Coming | |

| Department | FY 2023/24 Supplementary Budget Estimates (2) | Cumulative Expenditure as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2024/25 Budget Estimates | FY 2024/25 Supplementa ry Budget 1 | FY 2025/26 O&M Ceilings | FY 2026/27 Projected Budget Estimates | FY 2027/28 Projected Budget Estimates |
|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Governorship | 398.62 | 390.31 | 483.70 | 466.02 | 455.55 | 478.33 | 502.24 |
| County Secretary | 107.25 | 101.94 | 76.40 | 57.63 | 58.04 | 60.94 | 63.99 |
| County Attorney | 34.78 | 34.25 | 28.90 | 22.60 | 30.37 | 31.88 | 33.48 |
| Devolution, Public Participation, County administration and Special Programs | 112.49 | 111.80 | 107.75 | 92.75 | 80.38 | 84.40 | 88.62 |
| Finance and Socio- Economic Planning | 288.23 | 270.70 | 316.19 | 274.55 | 300.44 | 315.46 | 331.23 |
| Agriculture, Irrigation, Livestock, Fisheries and Cooperative Development | 58.44 | 50.63 | 39.49 | 33.14 | 31.46 | 33.04 | 34.69 |
| Makueni Fruit Development and Marketing Authority | 31.46 | 29.86 | 23.63 | 18.95 | 18.57 | 19.50 | 20.47 |
| ICT, Education and Internship | 208.49 | 194.03 | 111.37 | 225.25 | 85.42 | 89.69 | 94.17 |
| Gender, Children, Youth, Sports and Social Services | 98.53 | 87.58 | 21.39 | 90.46 | 23.23 | 24.39 | 25.61 |
| Health Services | 946.10 | 571.87 | 633.76 | 661.59 | 628.71 | 660.15 | 693.15 |
| Trade, Marketing, Industry, Culture and Tourism | 107.47 | 95.69 | 83.98 | 81.50 | 68.43 | 71.85 | 75.45 |
| Infrastructure, Transport, Public Works, Housing and Energy | 83.48 | 81.05 | 56.02 | 47.16 | 43.46 | 45.63 | 47.92 |
| Lands, Urban Planning & Development, Environment and Climate change | 41.14 | 36.50 | 28.90 | 26.60 | 27.36 | 28.73 | 30.17 |
| Wote Municipality | 48.98 | 48.68 | 69.17 | 64.98 | 62.69 | 65.82 | 69.11 |
| Emali-Sultan Hamud Municipality | 27.65 | 27.68 | 26.98 | 23.21 | 25.25 | 26.52 | 27.84 |
| Water and Sanitation | 40.81 | 39.49 | 35.36 | 27.84 | 29.69 | 31.18 | 32.73 |

| Department | FY 2023/24 Supplementary Budget Estimates (2) | Cumulative Expenditure as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2024/25 Budget Estimates | FY 2024/25 Supplementa ry Budget 1 | FY 2025/26 O&M Ceilings | FY 2026/27 Projected Budget Estimates | FY 2027/28 Projected Budget Estimates |
|--|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|----------------------------------|--|--|
| Sand Conservation and Utilization Authority | 42.67 | 42.02 | 26.25 | 32.41 | 29.58 | 31.06 | 32.62 |
| County Public Service Board | 37.89 | 37.00 | 36.67 | 29.50 | 28.49 | 29.91 | 31.41 |
| Sub Totals | 2,714.49 | 2,251.07 | 2,205.91 | 2,276.15 | 2,027.12 | 2,128.48 | 2,234.90 |
| County Assembly | 536.96 | - | 439.57 | 454.70 | 328.29 | 344.71 | 361.94 |
| Sub Totals | 3,251.45 | 2,251.07 | 2,645.48 | 2,730.85 | 2,355.42 | 2,473.19 | 2,596.85 |

Source; County Treasury, 2025

6.2 Development Ceilings

- 175. The following criteria was used in apportioning capital budget:
 - a) Promotion of water agenda through last mile water connectivity across all wards by mapping and distributing of critical water pipelines to public institutions and households
 - b) Promoting two value chain per ward and revitalizing extension services to ensure the county supports economic livelihoods. The major value chains proposed for development include mango, pulses, chicken dairy, industrial crops, meat and honey which are all ward based.
 - c) Promotion of comprehensive health coverage by upgrading six health facilities model health facilities which will be funded under the ward allocation.
 - d) SHA/SHIF registration to increase uptake of health insurance in efforts to realize universal health coverage across the county.
 - e) Youth development and entrepreneurship and sports development across the 30wards
 - f) *On-going projects:* emphasis was given to completion of on-going capital projects and in particular infrastructure projects with high impact on poverty reduction, equity and employment creation
 - g) Alignment of strategic projects to conditional allocations and grants of KShs 564,050,409 based on the actuals of FY 2023/24. The priority projects are for community health promoters, agriculture value chain programmes and projects, support nutrition, and building climate change initiatives.
 - h) *Counterpart funds:* priority was given to adequate allocations for donor counterpart funds which is the portion that the Government must finance in support of the projects financed by development partners; and
 - i) *Strategic policy interventions:* further priority was given to policy interventions covering the local economy, social equity and environmental conservation.
- 176. The government in the medium term will strengthen sector working groups to conceptualize projects and programmes towards stimulating the local economy for shared prosperity. The following table provides breakdown of development ceilings per department;

| No | Department | FY 2023/24 Supplementary Budget Estimates (2) | Cumulative Expenditure as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2024/25 Budget Estimates | FY 2024/25 Supplementary Budget (1) Estimates | FY 2025/26 Development Ceilings | FY 2026/27 Projected Estimates | FY 2027/28 Projected Estimates |
|----|------------------|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| 1 | Governorship | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 2 | County Secretary | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| 3 | County Attorney | 0.00 | 0.00 | 9.30 | 5.20 | 15.00 | 15.75 | 16.54 |
| 4 | Devolution, | 22.83 | 21.58 | 37.50 | 38.74 | 81.20 | 85.26 | 89.52 |
| | Public | | | | | | | |
| | Participation, | | | | | | | |
| | County | | | | | | | |
| | administration | | | | | | | |

 Table 38:Development Ceilings for FY 2025/26 (in Millions)

| No | Department | FY 2023/24 Supplementary Budget Estimates (2) | Cumulative Expenditure as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2024/25 Budget Estimates | FY 2024/25 Supplementary Budget (1) Estimates | FY 2025/26 Development Ceilings | FY 2026/27 Projected Estimates | FY 2027/28 Projected Estimates |
|----|---|--|--|--------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| | and Special Programs | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Finance and Socio-Economic Planning | 54.79 | 25.17 | 28.80 | 48.83 | 72.00 | 75.60 | 79.38 |
| 6 | Agriculture, Livestock, Fisheries and Cooperative Development | 699.19 | 374.95 | 261.86 | 356.26 | 298.32 | 313.23 | 328.89 |
| 7 | Makueni County Fruit Development and Marketing Authority | 58.05 | 58.04 | 56.50 | 46.50 | 60.00 | 63.00 | 66.15 |
| 8 | ICT, Education and Internship | 249.91 | 166.65 | 321.80 | 265.83 | 148.00 | 155.40 | 163.17 |
| 9 | Gender, Children, Youth, Sports and Social Services | 92.38 | 75.56 | 164.82 | 149.17 | 181.36 | 190.43 | 199.95 |
| 10 | Health Services | 531.11 | 296.46 | 1062.73 | 1120.25 | 1055.52 | 1108.29 | 1163.71 |
| 11 | Trade, Marketing, Industry, Culture and Tourism | 19.89 | 14.22 | 34.25 | 39.72 | 38.98 | 40.93 | 42.98 |
| 12 | Infrastructure, Transport, Public Works, Housing and Energy | 570.63 | 443.55 | 841.26 | 970.35 | 277.00 | 290.85 | 305.39 |
| 13 | Lands, Urban Planning & Development, Environment and Climate change | 287.14 | 71.75 | 336.22 | 545.63 | 465.55 | 488.83 | 513.27 |
| 14 | Wote Municipality | 15.09 | 15.06 | 54.88 | 57.51 | 49.40 | 51.87 | 54.46 |
| 15 | Emali-Sultan Hamud Municipality | 26.55 | 22.52 | 74.15 | 42.75 | 45.40 | 47.67 | 50.05 |
| 16 | Water, Sanitation and Irrigation | 627.00 | 452.05 | 396.12 | 528.59 | 527.00 | 553.35 | 581.02 |
| 17 | Makueni Sand Conservation and Utilization Authority | 10.23 | 10.21 | 10.00 | 5.00 | 45.31 | 47.58 | 49.96 |
| 18 | County Public Service Board | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 | 0.00 |
| | Sub Totals | 3264.79 | 2047.77 | 3690.19 | 4220.33 | 3360.04 | 3528.04 | 3704.44 |
| 19 | County Assembly | 66.95 | | 32.00 | 79.35 | 32.00 | 33.60 | 35.28 |
| | | 3331.74 | 2047.77 | 3722.19 | 4299.67 | 3392.04 | 3561.64 | 3739.72 |

7.0 ANNEXES

ANNEX I: DEPARTMENTAL CEILINGS

| No | DEPARTMENT | FY 2023/24 Supplementary Budget Estimates (2) | Cumulative Expenditure as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2024/25 Budget Estimates | FY 2024/25 Supplementary Budget (1) Estimates | FY 2025/26 SALARIES CEILINGS | FY 2025/26 O&M CEILINGS | FY 2025/26 Recurrent Ceilings | FY 2025/26 Development Ceilings | FY 2025/26 Projected Estimates | FY 2026/27 Projected Estimates | FY 2027/28 Projected Estimates |
|----|--|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | Governorship | 470,500,469 | 442,865,921 | 538,726,380 | 521,048,407 | 57,781,847 | 455,549,523 | 513,331,370 | - | 513,331,370 | 538,997,938 | 565,947,835 |
| 2 | County Secretary | 419,944,772 | 408,857,845 | 135,167,432 | 464,245,270 | 61,705,804 | 58,038,069 | 119,743,873 | - | 119,743,873 | 125,731,066 | 132,017,620 |
| 3 | County Attorney | 48,854,412 | 36,552,227 | 58,139,383 | 47,740,335 | 20,932,733 | 30,365,052 | 51,297,785 | 15,000,000.00 | 66,297,785 | 69,612,674 | 73,093,308 |
| 4 | Devolution, Public Participation, County administration and Special Programs | 348,028,177 | 312,682,542 | 361,354,957 | 347,591,285 | 226,909,613 | 80,376,689 | 307,286,302 | 81,200,000.00 | 388,486,302 | 407,910,617 | 428,306,148 |
| 5 | Finance and Socio-Economic Planning | 568,266,296 | 464,070,348 | 571,685,688 | 550,078,932 | 238,032,549 | 300,439,321 | 538,471,870 | 72,000,000.00 | 610,471,870 | 640,995,464 | 673,045,237 |
| 6 | Agriculture, Livestock, Fisheries and Cooperative Development | 1,001,427,385 | 636,068,386 | 525,864,115 | 613,912,435 | 235,736,058 | 31,463,779 | 267,199,837 | 298,315,152.00 | 565,514,989 | 593,790,738 | 623,480,275 |
| 7 | Makueni County Fruit Development and Marketing Authority | 108,406,142 | 87,894,000 | 96,728,696 | 82,054,584 | 17,432,207 | 18,568,228 | 36,000,435 | 60,000,000.00 | 96,000,435 | 100,800,457 | 105,840,480 |
| 8 | ICT, Education and Internship | 951,485,403 | 751,983,806 | 1,147,927,227 | 1,205,838,148 | 750,495,778 | 85,419,204 | 835,914,982 | 148,000,000.00 | 983,914,982 | 1,033,110,731 | 1,084,766,268 |
| 9 | Gender, Children, Youth, Sports and Social Services | 227,910,428 | 195,115,977 | 238,170,630 | 291,589,787 | 54,564,327 | 23,230,298 | 77,794,625 | 181,357,540.00 | 259,152,165 | 272,109,773 | 285,715,262 |
| 10 | Health Services | 3,804,087,746 | 3,158,479,120 | 4,151,573,822 | 4,236,924,624 | 2,697,837,621 | 628,711,752 | 3,326,549,374 | 1,055,517,280.00 | 4,382,066,654 | 4,601,169,987 | 4,831,228,486 |
| 11 | Trade, Marketing, Industry, Culture and Tourism | 168,577,605 | 149,022,544 | 177,220,000 | 180,206,485 | 61,939,500 | 68,432,815 | 130,372,315 | 38,980,000.00 | 169,352,315 | 177,819,930 | 186,710,927 |
| 12 | Infrastructure, Transport, Public Works, Housing and Energy | 730,698,958 | 564,616,139 | 980,006,373 | 1,100,236,837 | 86,855,701 | 43,460,631 | 130,316,332 | 277,000,000.00 | 407,316,332 | 427,682,148 | 449,066,256 |

| No | DEPARTMENT | FY 2023/24 Supplementary Budget Estimates (2) | Cumulative Expenditure as at 30th June 2024 | FY 2024/25 Budget Estimates | FY 2024/25 Supplementary Budget (1) Estimates | FY 2025/26 SALARIES CEILINGS | FY 2025/26 O&M CEILINGS | FY 2025/26 Recurrent Ceilings | FY 2025/26 Development Ceilings | FY 2025/26 Projected Estimates | FY 2026/27 Projected Estimates | FY 2027/28 Projected Estimates |
|----|---|--|--|-----------------------------------|--|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 13 | Lands, Urban Planning & Development, Environment and Climate change | 381,405,832 | 152,895,827 | 422,022,717 | 629,129,656 | 59,749,962 | 27,364,011 | 87,113,974 | 465,553,977.00 | 552,667,951 | 580,301,348 | 609,316,415 |
| 14 | Wote Municipality | 64,072,444 | 63,740,305 | 127,009,066 | 125,445,616 | 3,102,149 | 62,686,312 | 65,788,461 | 49,400,000.00 | 115,188,461 | 120,947,885 | 126,995,279 |
| 15 | Emali-Sultan Hamud Municipality | 54,200,165 | 50,205,248 | 109,955,810 | 74,790,011 | 12,610,000 | 25,254,598 | 37,864,598 | 45,400,000.00 | 83,264,598 | 87,427,827 | 91,799,219 |
| 16 | Water, Sanitation and Irrigation | 738,489,298 | 541,064,407 | 513,491,577 | 638,440,094 | 86,109,521 | 29,690,877 | 115,800,399 | 527,000,000.00 | 642,800,399 | 674,940,419 | 708,687,439 |
| 17 | Makueni Sand Conservation and Utilization Authority | 74,164,476 | 70,861,950 | 61,593,879 | 62,753,699 | 26,609,597 | 29,584,536 | 56,194,132 | 45,311,677.30 | 101,505,810 | 106,581,100 | 111,910,155 |
| 18 | County Public Service Board | 72,813,647 | 68,500,576 | 78,167,260 | 70,998,317 | 43,574,446 | 28,487,637 | 72,062,083 | - | 72,062,083 | 75,665,187 | 79,448,446 |
| | Sub Totals | 10,233,333,656 | 8,155,477,168 | 10,294,805,012 | 11,243,024,522 | 4,741,979,413 | 2,027,123,332 | 6,769,102,745 | 3,360,035,626 | 10,129,138,371 | 10,635,595,289 | 11,167,375,054 |
| 19 | County Assembly | 949,001,448 | 371,409,613 | 902,638,166 | 985,466,991 | 452,618,831 | 328,293,207 | 780,912,038 | 32,000,000.00 | 812,912,038 | 853,557,640 | 896,235,522 |
| | Sub Totals | 11,182,335,104 | 8,526,886,781 | 11,197,443,178 | 12,228,491,513 | 5,194,598,244 | 2,355,416,539 | 7,550,014,783 | 3,392,035,626 | 10,942,050,409 | 11,489,152,929 | 12,063,610,576 |

Source; County Treasury, 2025

Annex II: FY 2025/26– FY 2027/28 MTEF Flagships

| No | Department | Project Name | Ward | Description of activities | Proposed Indicative Funding in the MTEF |
|----|-------------------|--|------|---|---|
| 1 | Agriculture | Establishment of Warehouse Receipt system | HQ | Establishment of Warehouse Receipt system | 10,000,000 |
| 2 | Agriculture | Construction of a pack house | HQ | Establishment of a Packhouse: Developing a modern facility for sorting, grading, packaging and creating export market access to fruits farmers-land acquisition, construction of the facility, utilities: warehouse receipt system | 20,000,000 |
| | Agriculture Total | | | | 30,000,000 |

| No | Department | Project Name | Ward | Description of activities | Proposed Indicative Funding in the MTEF |
|----|---|---|------------------|--|---|
| 3 | Emali- Sultan Hamud Municipality | Construction of Open air market- clothing stalls in Emali town- Phase 1 | Emali/Mulal a | Design and construction of Open air market- clothing stalls in Emali town | 60,000,000 |
| 4 | Emali- Sultan Hamud Municipality | Construction of Sultan Hamud Open Air Market - Phase 1 | Kasikeu | Design and construction | 50,000,000 |
| | Emali- Sultan Hamud Municipality Total | | | | 110,000,000 |
| 5 | Gender | Men and Women Empowerment programme | HQ | Men and Women Empowerment programme | 6,000,000 |
| 6 | Gender | Elderly Support programme | HQ | Elderly Support programme | 15,000,000 |
| 7 | Gender | OVC Child support and development programme | HQ | OVC Child support and development programme | 5,000,000 |
| 8 | Gender | Health insurance for vulnerable population | HQ | Health insurance for vulnerable population | 19,000,000 |
| 9 | Gender | Makueni County Empowerment Fund | HQ | Makueni County Empowerment Fund | 14,000,000 |
| 10 | Gender | Ultra poor graduation model | HQ | Ultra poor graduation model | 5,953,500 |
| 11 | Gender | Gender based violence Mitigation Programme | HQ | Gender based violence Mitigation Programme | 4,000,000 |
| 12 | Gender | Makueni county child protection and development centre | HQ | Makueni county child protection and development centre | 25,000,000 |
| 13 | Gender | PWD support programme | HQ | PWD support programme | 4,950,000 |
| 14 | Gender | Youth Empowerment Programme | HQ | Youth Empowerment Programme | 10,000,000 |
| 15 | Gender | Sport Development programme | HQ | Sport Development programme | 20,000,000 |
| | Gender Total | | | | 128,903,500 |
| 16 | Health Services | Mukuyuni Sub-County Hospital | Ukia | Construction of a new hospital multi-storey block | 25,000,000 |
| 17 | Health Services | Model Health Facility | HQ | Conversion of 6 health centers into 24 Hour services | 27,000,000 |
| 18 | Health Services | Construction of Amenity wing in MCRH | HQ | Construction of Amenity wing in MCRH | 30,000,000 |
| | Health Services Total | | | | 82,000,000 |

| No | Department | Project Name | Ward | Description of activities | Proposed Indicative Funding in the MTEF |
|----|---|---|------------------------|---|---|
| 19 | ICT, Education and Internship | Government Automation - Government Automation - CIHMIS Phase two | All | Government Automation - Government Automation - CIHMIS Phase two | 40,000,000 |
| | ICT, Education and Internship Total | | | | 40,000,000 |
| 20 | Infrastructure | Solarization of Makindu Level 4 Hospital | HQ | Solarization of Makindu Level 4 Hospital | 23,000,000 |
| | Infrastructure Total | | | | 23,000,000 |
| 21 | Lands | Planning of Aimi Ma Kilungu trading center | Kiimakiu/Ka lanzoni | Preparation of GIS Based LPLUDP for Aimi Ma Kilungu trading center. | 4,000,000 |
| 22 | Lands | Planning of Kibwezi Town | Kikumbulyu South | Revision of the approved LPLUDP for Kibwezi township | 4,000,000 |
| 23 | Lands | Implementation of Makindu Development Plan | Makindu | Verification of plot ownership, opening up of roads, demarcation of public utilities | 10,000,000 |
| | Lands Total | | | | 18,000,000 |
| 24 | Water | Nunguni water supply | Kilungu | Nunguni water supply | 30,000,000 |
| 25 | Water | Athi-Tunguni Kilema water project phase IV | Makindu | Distribution to Makindu town and Nguumo wards | 40,000,000 |
| 26 | Water | Katilini earth dam distribution | Kiimakiu/Ka lanzoni | Distribution to Salama, Kwa DC, Kautandini, Mavivye, and Mwanyani Markets and parts of Mukaa Ward | 30,000,000 |
| | Water Total | | | | 100,000,000 |
| 27 | Wote Municipality | Construction of municipal offices | Wote Municipality | Purchase of land, Offices construction and Equipping and furniture | 15,000,000 |
| 28 | Wote Municipality | Establishment of Material recovery facility (MRF) /land fill at Kwa Kathoka | Wote Municipality | Establishment of Material recovery facility (MRF) /land fill at Kwa Kathoka | 20,000,000 |
| | Wote Municipality Total | | | | 35,000,000 |
| 28 | Trade | Nunguni Business Centre | Kilungu | Construction of business Centre with the following components: Basement for loading bay and water harvesting tanks, Ground floor for groceries and open air market, First floor for clothing stall and Second and third floor for stalls | 50,000,000 |

| No | Department | Project Name | Ward | Description of activities | Proposed Indicative Funding in the MTEF |
|----|-------------|--------------|------|---------------------------|---|
| | Trade Total | | | | 50,000,000 |
| | Grand Total | | | | 616,903,500 |

Annex III: FY 2025/26 – FY 2027/28 MTEF Own Source Revenue Projections

| No | Sources | FY 2023/24 Targets | FY 2024/25 Budget Estimates Projections | FY 2024/25 Supplementary Budget 1 Estimates Projections | FY 2025/26 Projections | FY 2026/27 Projections | FY 2027/28 Projections |
|----|---|-----------------------|---|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 1 | Advertisement and Wall Branding Fees | 20,000,000 | 20,922,470 | 20,922,470 | 23,960,000 | 24,460,000 | 25,960,000 |
| 2 | Agricultural Cess Fees | 18,000,000 | 18,000,000 | 18,000,000 | 21,600,000 | 23,600,000 | 25,600,000 |
| 3 | ASK Show Fees | 3,000,000 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 4 | Building Materials Cess Fees | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 3,590,000 | 4,890,000 | 5,590,000 |
| 5 | Community Information Centres Fees | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,200,000 |
| 6 | Conservancy Fees | 6,000,000 | 6,000,000 | 6,000,000 | 6,180,000 | 6,500,000 | 7,180,000 |
| 7 | Cooperative Audit Services Fees | 300,000 | 300,000 | 300,000 | 380,000 | 400,000 | 400,000 |
| 8 | Development Approvals Fees (All Lands Development Fees) | 45,000,000 | 48,000,000 | 48,000,000 | 50,000,000 | 53,000,000 | 55,000,000 |
| 9 | Fines and Penalties Fees | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,200,000 | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 |
| 10 | Fire Certificate Fees | 1,000,000 | 1,400,000 | 1,400,000 | 1,200,000 | 3,000,000 | 3,500,000 |
| 11 | Hire Of County Facilities / Equipment /Gym Fees | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,200,000 | 1,200,000 |
| 12 | Liquor License Fees | 70,000,000 | 70,000,000 | 70,000,000 | 73,850,000 | 70,000,000 | 75,850,000 |
| 13 | Market Entrance Fees | 45,000,000 | 45,000,000 | 45,000,000 | 50,000,000 | 50,000,000 | 52,000,000 |
| 14 | Motor Vehicle/Cycle Reg Fees | 3,000,000 | 3,500,000 | 3,500,000 | 3,590,000 | 4,500,000 | 5,000,000 |
| 15 | Parking Fees | 43,000,000 | 44,000,000 | 44,000,000 | 51,510,000 | 51,800,000 | 52,510,000 |
| 16 | Plot Rates/Rent Fees and Other Dues | 170,000,000 | 170,000,000 | 196,855,153 | 180,450,000 | 170,000,000 | 182,800,000 |
| 17 | Renewal Fees (Kiosks) | 7,000,000 | 7,000,000 | 7,000,000 | 8,380,000 | 7,000,000 | 7,000,000 |
| 18 | Single Business Permits /Application Fees | 200,000,000 | 200,000,000 | 200,000,000 | 204,600,000 | 206,600,000 | 208,600,000 |
| 19 | Stall Rent Fees | 7,700,000 | 8,700,000 | 8,700,000 | 9,220,000 | 12,220,000 | 14,220,000 |
| 20 | Stock Market Fees | 11,000,000 | 11,000,000 | 11,000,000 | 13,180,000 | 15,180,000 | 15,180,000 |
| 21 | Stock Movement Fees | 7,000,000 | 7,000,000 | 7,000,000 | 8,380,000 | 10,380,000 | 10,380,000 |
| 22 | Veterinary Health Fees | 13,000,000 | 17,500,000 | 17,500,000 | 17,500,000 | 19,500,000 | 21,000,000 |
| 23 | Water and Environment Fees- Consent, NEMA, Mining, Penalties | 3,000,000 | 3,500,000 | 3,500,000 | 3,590,000 | 5,590,000 | 5,590,000 |
| 24 | Weights and Measures Fees | 2,000,000 | 2,500,000 | 2,500,000 | 2,390,000 | 3,390,000 | 4,000,000 |

| No | Sources | FY 2023/24 Targets | FY 2024/25 Budget Estimates Projections | FY 2024/25 Supplementary Budget 1 Estimates Projections | FY 2025/26 Projections | FY 2026/27 Projections | FY 2027/28 Projections |
|------|---|-----------------------|---|---|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| 25 | Other Revenues(Insurance Compensation, and Salary Refund) | 0 | - | - | 0 | 0 | - |
| 26 | Agriculture- Agricultural Training Conference Fees | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 3,000,000 | 3,590,000 | 5,590,000 | 6,000,000 |
| 27 | Agriculture- Mechanization Fees | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 | 2,000,000 | 2,390,000 | 3,390,000 | 4,000,000 |
| 28 | Public Health Services Fees | 33,000,000 | 36,000,000 | 36,000,000 | 39,530,000 | 45,530,000 | 45,000,000 |
| 29 | Makueni Fruit Processing Plant Fees | 100,000,000 | 100,000,000 | 100,000,000 | 110,890,000 | 137,980,000 | 140,890,000 |
| 30 | Sand Authority Fees | 46,000,000 | 47,000,000 | 47,000,000 | 55,100,000 | 60,100,000 | 62,000,000 |
| Sub | Total | 865,000,000 | 878,322,470 | 905,177,623 | 948,650,000 | 1,000,000,000 | 1,040,650,000 |
| AIA | | | | | | | |
| 31 | Medical Health Services Fees | 120,000,000 | 176,430,000 | 176,430,000 | 176,430,000 | 182,388,000 | 200,430,000 |
| 32 | SHA/SHIF Reimbursement Fees | 250,000,000 | 382,475,700 | 382,475,700 | 367,570,000 | 417,612,000 | 458,920,000 |
| 33 | Universal Health Care Registration Fees | 5,000,000 | 7,350,000 | 7,350,000 | 7,350,000 | | |
| Sub | Total | 375,000,000 | 566,255,700 | 566,255,700 | 551,350,000 | 600,000,000 | 659,350,000 |
| Tota | l Own Source Revenue | 1,240,000,000 | 1,444,578,170 | 1,471,433,323 | 1,500,000,000 | 1,600,000,000 | 1,700,000,000 |

ANNEX IV: FY 2025/26 – FY 2027/28 MTEF KEY PERFORMANCE INDICATORS

A. Water, Sanitation, Environment and Natural Resources Sector.

| Program | Key Performance Indicator | Baseline | | Tar | gets | |
|------------------|--|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| 0 | | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | 2026/27 | 2027/28 |
| Integrated Water | No. of large dams constructed of \geq 750,000M ³ complete with treatment | 0 | 0 | 2 | 0 | - |
| harvesting, | system, distribution and irrigation infrastructure. | | | | | |
| Storage, | No. of medium sized dams of 500,000M ³ constructed/ desilting/ | 0 | 1 | 2 | 1 | 1 |
| Treatment & | expansion/ rehabilitated | | | | | |
| Distribution | No. of small dams of $50,000 \text{ M}^3 \& < 500,000 \text{ M}^3$ constructed/ desilting/ | 12 | 10 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| | expansion/ rehabilitated | | | | | |
| | No. of sand dams/Weirs with Sumps constructed/ rehabilitated | 7 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | No. of Boreholes Drilled /rehabilitated/ Equipped | 37 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| | No. of Rock Catchments Constructed | 0 | 2 | 0 | 5 | 1 |
| | No. of New Water Points /water kiosks constructed | 53 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| | No. of water treatment systems installed in unimproved water sources | 3 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 1 |
| | (CFU, Chlorine dosing units etc.) | | | | | |
| | No. of irrigation schemes established/rehabilitated | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| | No. of urban households with access to piped water | 17,800 | 18,100 | 18,500 | 19100 | 19500 |
| | No. of urban centres/Markets connected with reliable piped water | 35 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| | No. of public institutions connected with piped water (schools, health | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| | centres) | | | | | |
| Urban and Rural | No. of Water Service Providers meeting over 70% compliance as set out | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| Water | in the regulators' guidelines. | | | | | |
| Governance | Proportion of Community water schemes/ projects managed by | 50% | 60% | 70% | 80% | 90% |
| | Sustainability Management Committees meeting the set governance | | | | | |
| | criteria as per the Water Act, 2020. | | | | | |
| | No. of Community water schemes/ projects sustainability management | 100 | 200 | 230 | 250 | 300 |
| | committees' capacity built on effective water management and | | | | | |
| | sustainability. | | | | | |
| Community | No. of community climate actions implemented | 0 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| Climate Change | No. of farmers sensitized on climate smart technologies | 47878 | 48400 | 49000 | 50400 | 51000 |
| resilience and | No. of community members receiving climate information | 0 | 200,000 | 250,000 | 300,000 | 350,000 |
| response | No. of climate information systems developed | 0 | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| Sustainable | No. of sand management committees established | 6 | 30 | 60 | 90 | 120 |
| natural resource | No. of surveyed and designated sand harvesting sites | 5 | 30 | 60 | 90 | 120 |
| utilization and | No. of sand regulations developed or amended | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| environment | No. of EIA reports approved for commercial sand harvesting sites | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| protection | | | | | | |

| Forest | No. of county forests mapped, surveyed and beaconed | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
|---|---|-------|-----|-----|--|-----|
| Conservation and | | | | | | |
| Management | | | | | | |
| Environmental | No. of SEA, EIAs and Environmental Audits done | 6 | 15 | 18 | 21 | 25 |
| safeguards and | No. of reports on soil, water and air quality analysis done | 0 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Conservation and Management Environmental safeguards and compliance Wildlife conservation and management | No. of environmental inspections carried out | 24 | 72 | 84 | 96 | 108 |
| | Area (Ha) of county forests and catchment restored | 301.3 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| | Area (Ha)of farmland under restoration | 188 | 200 | 200 | 200 | 200 |
| | Length (km) of riverine conserved and restored | 30 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | No. of wetland conserved | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | Area (Ha) of degraded wetlands restored | 2 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | No. of functional Community Forest Associations/ organizations trained | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | No. of nature based enterprises established for conservation and | 0 | 8 | 10 | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ | 10 |
| | management of forests | | | | | |
| Wildlife | No. of wildlife enterprises established | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| conservation and | No. of km of electric fence installed | 0 | 20 | 0 | 20 | 0 |
| nvironmental afeguards and ompliance /ildlife onservation and | No. of wildlife incidents handled | 15 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | No. of animal safari walk and orphanage established in partnership with KWS | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |

B. Agriculture and Rural Development Sector

| Programme Name | Key Performance Indicator | Baseline 2023/24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|---|--|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|----------------|
| Agricultural Extension | No. of farmers adopting D.A technologies disaggregated by gender | 102,434 | 87,100 | 96,800 | <u> </u> | 116,100 |
| | No. of farmers trained on integrated pest management in crop | 102,434 | 87,100 | 96,800 | 106,400 | 116,100 |
| | No. of farmers trained in climate smart agriculture technologies | 47,878 | 43,550 | 48,400 | 53,200 | 58,050 |
| Horticulture Value Chain Development | MT produced disaggregated by value chains(mango, citrus, avocado) | 377,337 | 525,939 | 552,418 | 580,158 | 599,020 |
| | Acreage under farming disaggregated by the value chain(Ha) | 33,927 | 42,335 | 44,470 | 46,705 | 48,902 |
| | Value of the produce disaggregated by value chains(KShs) | 10,117,689 | 7,473,901 | 7,852,254 | 8,247,249 | 8,617,340 |
| | Value of puree produced in (*000)KShs | 51,207 | 59,040 | 66,420 | 73,800 | 81,180 |
| | No. of farmers trained on integrated pest management in crop 102,434 87,100 96,800 106,400 116 No. of farmers trained in climate smart agriculture technologies 47,878 43,550 48,400 53,200 58, 525,939 MT produced disaggregated by value chains(mango, citrus, avocado) 377,337 525,939 552,418 580,158 599 Acreage under farming disaggregated by the value chain(Ha) 33,927 42,335 44,470 46,705 48, 64,705 48, 64,705 Value of the produce disaggregated by value chains(KShs) 10,117,689 7,473,901 7,852,254 8,247,249 8,61 Value of puree produced in (*000)KShs 51,207 59,040 66,420 73,800 81, MT of the vegetables produced 27,412 74,191 78,627 82,775 86, | 86,072 | | | | |
| | Area under vegetable farming. (Ha) | 1,717 | 550 | 674 | 459 | 1092.375 |

| Programme Name | Key Performance Indicator | Baseline 2023/24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|-----------------------|--|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|----------------|
| Industrial crops | MT of industrial crops produced disaggregated into specific | 38,420 | 27,892 | 28,812 | 29,778 | 30,789 |
| development | type | | | | | |
| | Acreage (Ha) under industrial crop farming disaggregated into specific type. | 7824 | 21,795 | 22,515 | 23,274 | 24,068 |
| | Values of industrial crops produced disaggregated into specific type (KShs) | - | 389295 | 404138 | 419780 | 436,217 |
| | MT processed coffee | 0 | 260 | 260 | 270 | 300 |
| Grain and Pulses | MT of pulses produced annually | 3,820 | 222805 | 233924 | 245620 | 257916 |
| Value Chain | Annual acreage(Ha) under pulses | 35,710 | 253124 | 265816 | 2026/27 29,778 23,274 419780 270 | 292983 |
| Development | Value of pulses produced annually in KShs Millions | 970,750,000 | 8279715 | 693700 | | 9,584,805 |
| | MT of processed grains at MIGVAP | 0 | 325 | 325 | | 330 |
| | MT of Cereals produced disaggregated by type annually | 181336 | 193842 | 203534 | | 224396 |
| | Annual acreage (Ha) under cereals | 134251 | 150104 | 157609 | 165490 | 173,764 |
| | Value of cereals produced annually in KShs Millions | 3911613 | 4739315 | 4976281 | 5225094 | 5486349 |
| Roots and Tuber crops | MT of cassava produced | 2,332 | 1450 | 1520 | | 1685 |
| Production | Annual acreage (Ha) under cassava | 405 | 225 | 239 | | 264 |
| Agricultural | No of farmers accessing the AMS annually | 9000 | 10500 | 11000 | | 12,000 |
| Mechanization | Amount of OSR collected from the AMS (M) | 3 | 15 | 15 | | 20 |
| Irrigated Agriculture | No. of irrigation schemes established/rehabilitated | 1 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| Promotion | Increase in total areas put under irrigation in Ha | 15.2 | 72 | 72 | 72 | 72 |
| Land development | Length in KM of soil conservation structures | 33.6 | 500 | 600 | 700 | 800 |
| 1 | Area under soil and water conservations in Ha | 3200 | 2950 | 3760 | 5000 | 6500 |
| | No. of farmers adopting and benefitting from the programmes | 14,520 | 8850 | 11250 | 15000 | 19500 |
| | Acreage of rangeland in hectares that has been rehabilitated or restoration | 1850 | 2380 | 3980 | 4200 | 4900 |
| Agriculture extension | No of farmers engaged in New resilient agriculture & livestock enterprises | 28980 | 10880 | 12100 | 13300 | 14512 |
| Poultry development | Annual Population of Poultry disaggregated into specific type | 1,427,828 | 1900500 | 2080000 | 2200100 | 2400000 |
| | Total number of trays of eggs produced annually | 1,234, 778 | 1493000 | 1629000 | 1791000 | 1995500 |
| | MT of poultry meat produced annually | 6,813 | 6593 | 7319 | 8419 | 10030 |
| | MT of poultry meat processed | 0 | 1800 | 2400 | 2400 | 2400 |
| Dairy Development | No. of farmers practicing dairy farming | 19,598 | 10600 | 11100 | 11700 | 12300 |
| - • | Population of dairy cattle in the county | 59,220 | 33200 | 34900 | 36700 | 38500 |
| | Total milk produced annually in '000 litres | 23,317 | 30600 | 32100 | 33700 | 35400 |
| | MT of processed milk | 1,300 | 1750 | 2000 | | 4000 |

| Programme Name | Key Performance Indicator | Baseline 2023/24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|--|--|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|--|----------------|
| Integrated meat | No. of farmers practicing Beef farming | 81,000 | 95000 | 104000 | 114000 | 126000 |
| production and | Population of beef cattle in the county | 199,654 | 239000 | 249000 | 259000 | 269000 |
| marketing | MT of beef from feedlot | 1800 | 2100 | 2500 | 3000 | 35000 |
| | Total beef produced in ('000 Kgs) | 5020 | 4932 | 5129 | 5334 | 5547 |
| | No. of turned Hides & Skins ('000) | 36.5 | 55 | 65 | 70 | 80 |
| | No. of farmers practicing goat and sheep farming | 98,775 | 127000 | 139000 | 153000 | 168000 |
| | Population of sheep and goat in the county | 852,341 | 954000 | 1011000 | 1071000 | 1139000 |
| | Total chevron and mutton produced in (MT)- feedlot | 2,600 | 2624 | 2782 | 2948 | 3125 |
| | No. of farmers practicing pig farming | - | 130 | 160 | 200 | 250 |
| Beekeeping | No. of farmers practicing bee keeping | 6050 | 13300 | 13600 | 13800 | 14100 |
| Development | MT of honey produced | 602 | 660 | 686 | 714 | 742 |
| Fisheries | No. of farmers practicing Aquaculture | 285 | 256 | 300 | 350 | 600 |
| Development | Quantity of fish produced (Tons) | 8.6 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 16 |
| | Proportion of farmers' linked to agriculture financing organization for credit | 0 | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 |
| | No. of farmers benefiting from subsidized farm inputs | - | 75000 | 10000 | 130000 | 150000 |
| Crop, Livestock Pests and Disease Control | Proportion of incidences of notifiable pest and diseases reported and controlled | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | No. of livestock vaccinated | 435,000 | 732200 | 878640 | 1054368 | 12665242 |
| | No. of farms certified as pest and disease free | - | 15 | 20 | 25 | 30 |
| Cooperative | No. of active cooperative | - | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 |
| Movement | % compliance with the statutory requirements | - | 55 | 60 | | 70 |
| development | Annual turnover for cooperative societies (KShs Millions) | - | 230 | 300 | 470 | 520 |
| | Total Share Capital in the cooperative (KShs Millions) | - | 190 | 193 | | 200 |
| | No. of cooperatives accessing the operationalized Cooperative Development funds | - | 30 | 40 | 2026/27 114000 259000 3000 5334 70 153000 1071000 2948 200 13800 714 350 14 60 130000 100% 1054368 | 60 |
| | No. of market data base established | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | MT./Volumes of commodities marketed | 3,500 | 3500 | 5000 | 1000 | 1000 |
| | No. market linkages established | 5 | 5 | 6 | | 6 |
| Policy and Legal Framework | Proportion of Agriculture Sector Transformation Growth Strategy (ASTGS) Implemented | - | 15 | 30 | 50 | 60 |
| Strengthening | No. of policies, ACTs regulations reviewed/developed | 3 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 3 |
| 5 6 | No. of farmers undertaking insurance services for their agricultural ventures | - | 7500 | 9375 | | |

| Programme Name | Key Performance Indicator | Baseline 2023/24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|--|---|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Road Infrastructure | KM. of new road opened/widened | 445.3 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Development Programme | KM. of roads upgraded (paving-tarmac/Cabro) | 0 | 6 | 3.35 | 10 | 10 |
| | KM. of roads rehabilitated (gravelling) | 102 | 150 | 200 | 250 | 300 |
| | Number of drifts constructed | 12 | 20 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | Number of foot bridges constructed | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | No. of bridges constructed/ No. of box culverts constructed | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | M of culverts constructed | 2190 | 1500 | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 |
| Roads Maintenance Program | KMs of roads maintained/rehabilitated (<i>cross cutting roads</i>) | 102 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 |
| | KM. of roads maintained (grading) | 1273.4 | 1500 | 2000 | 2500 | 3000 |
| Green roads for Water Programme | M ³ of catch water drains excavated | 33,965 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 |
| Public Works and Urban | Number of Bus parks constructed | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Infrastructure | Number of lorry parks constructed | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| Development Program | Number of recreation parks and public places constructed | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Number of offices constructed | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | Area of paved parking spaces constructed and non- motorized facilities | 0 | 0 | 10000 | 10000 | 20000 |
| | KMs of storm water drainage channels constructed | 0 | 0 | 13 | 10 | 10 |
| Improvement and maintenance of Public Works Infrastructure | Proportion of rehabilitated public infrastructure | 0 | 50% | 50% | 80% | 100% |
| Built Environment Regulation Program | Number of Built-environment policies developed, enacted and enforced | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Affordable Housing | No. of Policies developed | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Promotion | Number of ABT centres established | 0 | 0 | 1 | 2 | 2 |
| | No of ABT Champions Trained | 0 | 0 | 30 | 0 | 60 |
| | No. of slums upgraded | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | No. of registered public transport operators | 12 | 60 | 65 | 70 | 80 |

C. Transport, Infrastructure, Public Works, Energy and ICT

| Programme Name | Key Performance Indicator | Baseline 2023/24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|---------------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Public transport | Public transport policy developed | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| management | | | | | | |
| Road Safety promotion | % reduction in road traffic incidents | 20 | 40 | 50 | 65 | 75 |
| | No. of champions nominated and trained | 0 | 30 | 60 | 120 | 150 |
| Energy infrastructure | No. of HHs and public amenities connected to | 576 | 650 | 700 | 800 | 900 |
| development | electricity. | | | | | |
| | No. grid powered high mast floodlights installed | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 25 |
| | No. grid powered streetlights installed | 63 | 60 | 60 | 90 | 100 |
| | No. of Agriculture based cooperatives electrified | 0 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 |
| Green Energy Promotion | No. of energy centres constructed | 0 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 4 |
| and adoption | No. of health facilities solarized. | 1 | 2 | 6 | 12 | 24 |
| | No. of new solar street lights installed | 78 | 61 | 100 | 30 | 50 |
| | No. of hybrid floodlights installed. | 1 | 1 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| | No. of trained artisans | 0 | 6 | 30 | 60 | 90 |
| Maintenance and | No. of streetlights maintained | 1905 | 2000 | 2100 | 2200 | 2300 |
| improvement of energy | No. of floodlights maintained | 45 | 60 | 80 | 105 | 135 |
| infrastructure | County energy plan and framework established | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| D. Health Services Sector | | | | | | |

D. Health Services Sector

| Programme | Key Performance Indicator | Baseline | | Targets | | |
|--------------------------------|--|---------------------|----------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | | Baseline 2023/24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
| General Administration | Proportion of facilities embedded with SHA | - | 80 | 90 | 100 | 100 |
| & Planning | No. of Model facilities Established | 0 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| | Average length of stay in hospitals (Days of stay for inpatients) | 4.7 | 4.5 | 4.3 | 4.2 | 4.1 |
| | No. of health facilities automated to Health Management Information System (HMIS) | 1 | 4 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| Curative & rehabilitative | % of facilities stocked with essential drugs | 65% | 70% | 75 | 78 | 80 |
| health care services | % of facilities with lab services | 39% | 40% | 41 | 42 | 43 |
| Preventive and | % of mothers delivering under skilled personnel | 86.3 | 90% | 92% | 94% | 96% |
| Promotive health care services | % of children aged 6 to 59 months supplemented with Vit A | 70.1 | 75 | 80 | 85 | 90 |
| | % of children under one year fully immunized | 98 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | % of women receiving family planning | 62 | 65 | 68 | 69 | 70 |

| Programme | Key Performance Indicator | Baseline | Targets | | | | |
|-----------|---|----------|---------|-----------------|---------|---------|--|
| | | Baseline | Target | | Target | Target | |
| | | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | 2026/27 | 2027/28 | |
| | Proportion of mothers attaining 4 th ANC visit | 70 | 72 | 75 | 77 | 79 | |
| | No. of CHPs with the minimum tool kit | 3,601 | 3,642 | 3,642 | 3,642 | 3,642 | |
| | No. of CHUs equipped | 240 | 242 | 242 | 242 | 242 | |
| | No. of PCNs concepts maintained | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | |

E. Social Protection, Education, and Recreation

| Programme | Key performance indicators | Baseline 2023/24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|--|--|---------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| Support to PWDs, | No. of vulnerable groups accessing the empowerment fund | 68 | 250 | 300 | 350 | 400 |
| OVCs, Senior Citizens | No. of senior citizens enrolled in support programmes | 2340 | 3500 | 4000 | 4500 | 5000 |
| | No of established safe centre for elderly deprived for housing | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Number of PWDs benefitting with adaptive assorted assistive devices | 206 | 1500 | 1000 | 1250 | 1500 |
| | Number of OVC benefitting with assorted items | 6000 | 1000 | 2500 | 3000 | 3000 |
| | Number child protection advocacy forums held | 60 | 80 | 120 | 120 | 120 |
| Menstrual hygiene | No. of beneficiaries of the programme | 1600 | 2000 | 3,000 | 3000 | 3000 |
| Gender Based Violence | No. of safe shelters established | 1 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | No. of GBVRCs established | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Operationalization of the Makueni child protection | Number of children benefitting from rescue and rehabilitation services | 4 | 70 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| and development centre | Number of child protection centres established and operationalized | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Establishment of a Rehabilitation centre for drug and substance abuse addicts | Number of people benefitting from rehabilitation services | 0 | 150 | 200 | 300 | 300 |
| Sports development | No of talent centres developed | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| programme | Number of play fields developed | 5 | 6 | 6 | 7 | 7 |
| Kenya youth intercountry sports association(KYISA) | Number of sports leagues (Ligi Mashinani/Supa Cup/KYISA) conducted in the county | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Youth Empowerment | Number of youths trained | 97 | 5000 | 5000 | 5000 | 5000 |
| Apprenticeship program | Number of youth engaged in MYAP programme | 128 | 350 | 350 | 400 | 400 |
| <i>Ajira kwa Vijana</i> programme | No of youth recruited and placed under <i>Ajira Kwa Vijana</i> Programme | 430 | 2,000 | 1200 | 2,261 | 2300 |
| Ujuzi teketeke | No of youth under <i>Ujuzi teketeke</i> Programme | 93 | 150 | 300 | 450 | 600 |

| Programme | Key performance indicators | Baseline 2023/24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|---------------------------|--|------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Support to youth serving | No of youth serving organizations supported through grants | 0 | 3 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| organizations | | | | | | |
| Bodaboda Support | No. of bodaboda youth trained and licensed | - | 1700 | 1900 | 2000 | 2000 |
| | No. of Bodaboda Sheds Constructed | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Building and construction | No of Youth Trained under Building and construction | - | 30 | 60 | 90 | 120 |
| Early Childhood | No. of ECDE centres constructed/rehabilitated | 37 | 46 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Development | Number of model ECDE centres constructed or upgraded | 0 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| | No. of ECDE pupils enrolled | 38,720 | 45,000 | 50,000 | 53,000 | 55,000 |
| | No. of teachers who have benefitted from relevant training | 0 | 980 | 2400 | 2400 | 2400 |
| | No. of ECDE centres with Feeding programme | 0 | 1197 | 1237 | 1257 | 1277 |
| Support to Education | No. of learners awarded bursary | 14388 | 17000 | 20000 | 23000 | 25000 |
| and Community | No. of new learners awarded scholarships | 100 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| Libraries Services | No. of community Libraries and Resource Centre renovated | 3 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Internship, Mentorship | No of interns engaged | 100 | 90 | 90 | 90 | 90 |
| and Volunteerism | No of youths attached | 558 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| | No of youths engaged in mentorship | 0 | 350 | 400 | 450 | 500 |
| Technical and | No. of model CTTIs constructed/rehabilitated | 0 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Vocational Training | No. of CTTIs rehabilitated/upgraded | 14 | 12 | 7 | 7 | 7 |
| | No. of instructors employed | 0 | 15 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| | No. of instructors trained on relevant programs | 0 | 157 | 157 | 160 | 160 |
| | Total Enrolment CTTI | 4,417 | 5,000 | 6,500 | 8,000 | 8500 |
| | Income generated by CTTIs annually | 1.8m | 3m | 5m | 7m | 10m |

F. General Economic and Commercial Affairs

| Programme | Key Performance Indicators | Baseline | Target | Target | Target | Target |
|----------------------------|---|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | 2026/27 | 2027/28 |
| Trade Development and | No. of entrepreneurs trained to enhance entrepreneurial skills | 120 | 140 | 220 | 250 | 300 |
| Promotion | No. of trade fairs & exhibitions held/participated | 4 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| | No. of traders benefiting from the developed infrastructure | 2700 | 2500 | 2700 | 3000 | 3150 |
| | No. of market centres with solid waste management services | 165 | 170 | 175 | 180 | 190 |
| | % of construction of modern market implemented. | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 |
| Industrial Development and | No. of value addition and innovations in agro-processing | 8 | 10 | 12 | 15 | 15 |
| Promotion | promoted. | - | | | 0 | 0 |
| | Establishment of a Juakali park (Wote) with a Common Manufacturing facility (feasibility, establishment) | 0 | I | I | 0 | 0 |
| | No. of investor profiles developed | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |

| Programme | Key Performance Indicators | Baseline | Target | Target | Target | Target |
|-----------------------------|--|----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | 2023/24 | 2024/25 | 2025/26 | 2026/27 | 2027/28 |
| | No. of Special Economic Zone | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Tourism Development and | No. of operational tourist circuits | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Promotion | | | | | | |
| Art and Creative Industries | No. of cultural centres and traditional medicine men mapped | 10 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| and Culture Development and | and documented | | | | | |
| Promotion | No. of heritage cultural & centres developed and | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | operationalized | | | | | |
| | No. of cultural heritage and arts promotion events held | | 12 | 15 | 15 | 15 |
| | (cultural events, Research on Kamba traditional dress, music | : | | | | |
| | festivals) | | | | | |
| | No. of artists promoted and supported in the cultural and | 145 | 165 | 200 | 240 | 280 |
| | creative industries | | | | | |
| | No. of trainings on intellectual property rights | 4 | 6 | 9 | 12 | 15 |

G. Lands and Urban Development Sector

| Programme Name | Key Performance Indicator | Baseline 2023/24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|----------------------|--|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Land survey, Mapping | No. of land parcels surveyed | 110 | 5000 | 5000 | 5000 | 5000 |
| and Tilting | No. of Title Deeds issued | 25,000 | 9000 | 3,000 | 2,000 | 1,000 |
| | No. of letters of administration processed | - | 1,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 | 2,000 |
| | Proportion of Special Interest Groups issued with Land | 5% | 7% | 10% | 12% | 15% |
| | ownership Documents | | | | | |
| | Proportion of public utilities with title Deeds | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
| | No. of parcels of land acquired for public strategic | - | 5 | 2 | 1 | 2 |
| | development projects (land Banking) | | | | | |
| | No. of cases addressed through AJS | 200 | 300 | 400 | 200 | 100 |
| | No. of land clinics and conferences held | - | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | Proportion of land disputes solved through the Land Clinics, | 5% | 7% | 10% | 12% | 20% |
| | AJS, and land conferences | | | | | |
| | No. of users accessing land services via digital platforms | - | 1500 | 2000 | 2500 | 3000 |
| | Proportion of land based revenue streams automated | 70% | 80% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | Proportion of ratable properties in Valuation Roll being rated | | 20 | 40% | 50% | 80% |
| | Proportion of revenue generated from land based services & | 21% | 30% | 35% | 40% | 50% |
| | processes against the set target | | | | | |

| Programme Name | Key Performance Indicator | Baseline 2023/24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|----------------------|---|---------------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | Percentage increase on land based revenue | -4% | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | No of Settlements adjudicated | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | No of Beneficiaries in adjudication sections and settlements | | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 | 3,000 |
| | schemes | | | | - | |
| Urban Planning | No. of LP&LUDP Prepared and approved | 6 | 10 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| | No. of LP & LUDP implemented | 0 | 5 | 5 | 2 | 1 |
| | No. of inter-county Spatial development plans prepared for | 0 | 1 | 1 | - | - |
| | SEKEB | | | | | |
| | No. of development control cases addressed, prosecuted by | | 15 | 15 | 15 | 10 |
| | the Liaison committee. | | | | | |
| | No. of building developments processed and approved | 31 | 400 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| Land Administration | No. of GI technologies being adopted in the GIS lab | 0 | 2 | 5 | 2 | - |
| and Management | No. of county projects supported by GIS | 0 | 15 | 20 | 15 | 10 |
| | Proportion of land services and processes being | 50% | 70% | 80% | 90% | 100% |
| | digitalized/digitized | | | | | |
| | No of users accessing land services via digital platforms | | 1500 | 2000 | 90% 1 | 3000 |
| | No. of policies, regulations and bills developed, enacted and | 0 | 1 | 2 | | - |
| | operationalized. | | | | | |
| | (Zoning Regulations, Development control regulations, | | | | | |
| | Land use and development policy, GIS Policy) | | | | | |
| Urban Development | No. of established municipalities, towns and markets | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Proportion of municipal, Town and Market functions | 82% | 82% | 100% | 100% | 100% |
| | transferred and operationalized | | | | | |
| | Proportion KMs of roads under tarmac in urban areas, | 1 | - | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| | Square KMs of Cabro paved spaces | 1 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 | 1.5 |
| | Length of Non Motorable Transport (NMT) road networks | 11.5 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | in urban areas | | | | | |
| | KM Storm water management system designed and | 30M | - | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | implemented | | | | | |
| Urban Infrastructure | No. of security masts installed across urban areas | 28 | 1 | 7 | 9 | 11 |
| | No. of roads and streets named | 0 | 1 | 10 | 5 | 5 |
| | No. of new green public spaces established | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | No. of new sewerage systems developed | 0 | - | 1 | - | - |
| | No. of Cemeteries in urban areas established | 0 | - | 1 | - | - |

H. Devolution sector

| Programme | Key Performance Indicators | Basel ine 2023/ 24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|---|--|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Public Service Performance Management and Delivery | Satisfaction in service delivery/ customer satisfaction | | 70% | 80% | 80% | 85% |
| Services | Average turnaround time for key processes and requests (Minutes) | 40 | 35 | 30 | 15 | 5 |
| | No. of ISO audit reports done | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | % of county public servants meeting 70% of performance appraisal targets | 85 | 90 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | Percentage of performance evaluations completed on time | 90 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | county performance management framework established | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Budget absorption rate | 85 | 90 | 90% | 95% | 95% |
| | No. of office blocks constructed | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| County Leadership, Governance | Number of Cabinet memos generated and implemented | 144 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 52 |
| and Coordination | Proportion of county services decentralized | | 70 | 80 | 90 | 95 |
| | No. of decentralized offices constructed | 4 | 7 | 10 | 15 | 20 |
| | % compliance with national values and principles of public service | 60 | 65 | 70 | 75 | 80 |
| | Proportion of staff trained on national values and principles | 60 | 70 | 75 | 80 | 100 |
| | Proportion of staff trained on transformative value based leadership skills | 5 | 10 | 20 | 30 | 50 |
| | No of policy, legal and institutional frameworks drafted and approved | 20 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |
| | Number of legal compliance audits conducted | 1 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 |
| | No. of non-state actors engaged in county development | 5 | 10 | 15 | 20 | 30 |
| Resource Mobilization | % of OSR funding budget | 11 | 13 | 15 | 17 | 20 |
| | % increase in Own source revenue collected | 18 | 21 | 23 | 25 | 26 |
| | No. of OSR streams mapped and assessed | 33 | 35 | 37 | 39 | 41 |
| Public Finance Management | No. of statutory documents prepared and published | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| | No. of enterprise risks assessed | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | % of development budget in the total county budget | 30 | 35 | 35 | 35 | 35 |
| | % of procurement undertaken through e-procurement | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| | No. of public expenditure review (PER) reports prepared and published | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

| Programme | Key Performance Indicators | Basel ine 2023/ 24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|--|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--|-------------------|
| Results Based Monitoring and | No. of CSAs published | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Evaluation | No. of Indicator Handbooks prepared | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| | No. of periodic progress reports prepared and disseminated | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| | No. of Programme review reports done | 1 | 1 | 1 | $ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 0 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 30 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 40 \\ 1 \\ 70 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 500 \\ 2 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 90 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ \end{array} $ | 1 |
| | Makueni Vision 2025 End of Term report | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| | No. of ward profiles prepared and disseminated | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |
| | CIDP mid-term review report | 0 | 0 | 1 | 0 | 1 |
| Human Resource Management | No. of employee satisfaction surveys done | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| and Development | % of schemes of service prepared and validated | 20 | 30 | 35 | 40 | 45 |
| - | No. of HR Audit conducted | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | % of automation HR functions | 40 | 50 | 60 | 70 | 80 |
| | No. of HR plans prepared | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Roll out of new Payroll System –UHR | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Positions filled internally | 407 | 500 | 500 | 500 | 500 |
| Disaster Risk Mitigation and Preparedness | No. of Disaster Risk Units established and equipped | 1 | 3 | 3 | 2 | 2 |
| | No. of Disaster Risk Management frameworks developed | 2 | 2 | 1 | 1 | 0 |
| | No. of drought contingency plans prepared | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Proportion of county developments with Risk Identification and Management Plans. | 60 | 80 | 85 | 90 | 95 |
| | No. of early warning information reports disseminated | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| | % of county expenditure allocated to disaster mitigation and prevention | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Legislation and Oversight | No. of approved implementable Bills, Policies and Regulations | 20 | 8 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| | No. of budgets and plans processed and approved | 4 | 6 | 6 | 10 | 12 |
| | No. of public participation and civic education activities undertaken | 6 | 7 | 8 | 10 | 12 |
| | No. of Open Days held | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | No. of Bunge Mashinani activities held | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| | No. of parcels of land acquired to construct Ward offices | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| | No. of Ward offices constructed | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 |

| Programme | Key Performance Indicators | Basel ine 2023/ 24 | Target 2024/25 | Target 2025//26 | Target 2026/27 | Target 2027/28 |
|--|---|-----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| | No. of County Assembly offices constructed and equipped | | 2 | 1 | 1 | |
| Participatory Development and Civic Education | % of population involved in participatory and representative decision making | 38 | 25 | 30 | 40 | 50 |
| | No. of development committees established and operationalized | - | 4381 | 4381 | 4381 | 4381 |
| | Value of community contribution in development projects | - | 200M | 200M | 200M | 200M |
| | No. of community action plans developed and implemented | 246 | 246 | 246 | 246 | 246 |
| | Social safeguard reports done and implemented | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Innovation and sustainability report | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | No. of civic education and feedback forums held | - | 246 | 246 | 246 | 246 |
| | No. of resource materials developed and shared with the citizens | 7 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 |
| | No. of civic education curricula developed and disseminated | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| | Community Led Development School developed and operationalized | 1 | 1 | | | |
| | Research, documentation and knowledge management unit operationalized | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |